PAE AO 241 (Res. 07/0)

United States District Court

Page 4

PETITION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2254 FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS BY A PERSON IN STATE CUSTODY

District: Eastern District of Pennsylvania

Nam	ne (under which you were convicted): Docket or Case No.: 20 1280
	Monter Bethea 20 1389
Plac	e of Confinement: SCI Houtdale Prisoner No.: EB2665
	Respondent (Name of Warden Superintendent, Jailor, or authorized person having custody of petitioner): Better
	v. The District Attorney of the County of: Phil.
	and
	The Attorney General of the State of:
1	PETITION (a) Name and location of court that entered the judgment of conviction you are challenging. CCP Phil
	(b) Criminal docket or case number (if you know) $\frac{CP-51-CR-0009460-2011}{CP-51-CR-0009461-2011}$
2.	(a) Date of judgment of conviction (if you know): 9/11/13
	(b) Date of sentencing:
3.	Length of sentence 2 Consecutive life terms
4	In this case, were you convicted on more than one count or of more than one crime? Yes No
5	Identify all crimes of which you were convicted and sentenced in this case. 2 C+ 1st degree murder, Consp., robbery, VUFA, PICC, PWID

PAE AO 7						Page 5
			-			
						The state of the s
		-		-		
6	(a)	What v	yaa your plea? (Che	eck one)		
		□ (1)	Not Guilty	[](3)	Nolo contendere (no contest)	
		□ (2)	Guilty	[] (4)	Insanity plea	
	(b)	lf you e	entered a guilty plea	to one count or	charge and a not guilty plea to and	other count or charge
		what di	id you plead guilty to	o and what did y	ou plead not guilty to?	
				·		
			-			
		_				
	(c)	If you	went to trial, what ki	ind of trial did ve	ou have? (Check one)	
	(*/		Jury		Judge only	
			,		vaage em,	
7	Did you	u testify a	at a pretrial hearing,	trial, or a post-ti	rial hearing?	
			Yes		No	
8.	Did yo	u appeal	from the judgment of	of conviction?		
		9	Yes		No	
9.	If you	did appea	al, answer the follow	ving.	Λi	
	(a)	Name	of court:	upenur	<u>C</u> +	
	(b)	Docke	t or case number (if	you know).	2967 EDA Z	2013
	(c)	Result	Lower	ct at	Firmed	
	(d)	Date o	f result (if you know	o_12/2	23/14	
	(e)	Citatio	n to the case (if you	know):		
	(f)	Groun	ds raised:		-	+
		V	veight.	1 20+	ficiency of e	evid
						
		_				

PAE AO:		Page 6
	(g)	Did you seek further review by a higher state court? Yes No
		If yes, answer the following.
		(1) Name of court. PA Supreme
		(2) Docket or case number (if you know)
		(3) Result. Attimed
		(4) Date of result (1f you know) 6/25/15
		(5) Citation to the case (if you know).
		(6) Grounds raised: Weight + Sufficiency of evid
		
	(h)	Did you file a petition for certiorari in the United States Supreme Court? Yes No
		If yes, answer the following:
		(1) Docket or case number (if you know).
		(2) Result:
		(3) Date of result (if you know)
		(4) Citation to the case (if you know):
10.		han the direct appeals listed above, have you previously filed any other petitions, applications, or
	motion	s concerning this judgment of conviction in any state court?
11.	If your	answer to Question 10 was "Yes," give the following information.
	(a)	(1) Name of court: C C P
		(2) Docket or case number (if you know) Same as above CP#
		(3) Date of filing (1f you know).
		(4) Nature of the proceeding: PCRH
		(5) Grounds raised
		_ see attached

PAE AO 241 (Rev. 07-10)

	ence was given on your petition, application, or m
(7) Result. (8) Date of result (1f you know)	□ No
(7) Result.	175 t ~ · · · · ·
(8) Date of result (if you know)	0/19/18
If you filed any second petition, applicate	on, or motion, give the same information
(1) Name of court:	
(2) Docket or case number (1f you know)	
(3) Date of filing (if you know)	NA
(4) Nature of the proceeding:	
(5) Grounds raised	
·	
(6) Did you receive a hearing where evid	ence was given on your petition, application, or n
☐ Yes	[] No
(7) Result:	N/A
(8) Date of result (if you know).	[V] ²
If you filed any third petition, application	, or motion, give the same information
(1) Name of court:	
(2) Docket or case number (1f you know)	·
(3) Date of filing (if you know):	N/X
(4) Nature of the proceeding:	1
(5) Grounds raised:	
(5) Grounds raised:	

				- W			
			-		· · · · · ·		
	(6) Di	d you receive a hearing	where evide	ence was given	on your pe	tition, application, o	or motion?
		☐ Yes		[] No			
	(7) Re	esult					
	(8) Da	ate of result (if you know)				
(d)	Did y	ou appeal to the highest	state court l	naving jurisdict	tion over th	e action taken on yo	ur petition
	applic	cation, or motion:					
	(1)	First petition.		Yes		No A	
	(2)	Second petition		Yes		No VIF	
	(3)	Third petition.		Yes		No	
(e)	lf you	did not appeal to the high	ghest state of	court having ju	risdiction, e	explain why you did	not:
		n, state every ground on					
Const	itution, la		ited States				
Const groun	titution, la ids. State	aws, or treaties of the Un the facts supporting eac	ited States h ground.	Attach addition	onal pages	f you have more tha	in four
Const groun	titution, lands. State	aws, or treaties of the Un the facts supporting each	ited States h ground. court, you	Attach addition	onal pages first exhau	of you have more that test (use up) your ava	in four
Const groun CAU court	titution, lands. State TION: Tremedies	aws, or treaties of the Un the facts supporting eac	ited States h ground. court, you h you requ	Attach addition of the state of	onal pages first exhause federal co	if you have more that ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa	in four ilable state il to set
CAU court forth	titution, lands. State TION: Tremedies all the grant	aws, or treaties of the Une the facts supporting each opposed in the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, you	ited States h ground. court, you h you requ	Attach addition of the state of	onal pages first exhause federal co	if you have more that ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa	in four ilable state il to set
CAU court forth	titution, lands. State TION: Tremedies	aws, or treaties of the Une the facts supporting each opposed in the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, you	ited States h ground. court, you h you requ	Attach addition of the state of	onal pages first exhause federal co	if you have more that ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa	in four ilable state il to set
CAU court forth	TION: T remedies all the gra	aws, or treaties of the Une the facts supporting each opposed in the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, your line in the federal of the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, you will be a federal or the federal of the fede	ited States h ground. court, you i h you reque u may be b	Attach addition	first exhau first exhau te federal of senting add	ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa itional grounds at a	illable state il to set later date
CAU court forth	TION: T remedies all the gra	aws, or treaties of the Une the facts supporting each opposed in the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, your facts (Do not argue or compared to the facts of the facts	court, you in h you required the bar way be bar with the law Justine in the law Justine i	Attach addition and action by the arred from present state the spec	first exhau first exhau the federal of senting add	ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa itional grounds at a	illable state il to set later date
CAU court forth	TION: T remedies all the gra	aws, or treaties of the Une the facts supporting each opposed in the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, your facts (Do not argue or compared to the facts of the facts	court, you in h you required the bar way be bar with the law Justine in the law Justine i	Attach addition and action by the arred from present state the spec	first exhau first exhau the federal of senting add	ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa itional grounds at a	illable state il to set later date
CAU court forth	TION: T remedies all the gra	aws, or treaties of the Une the facts supporting each opposed in the federal on each ground on which ounds in this petition, your last the federal of the federal on each grounds in this petition, you will be a federal or the federal of the federa	court, you in h you required the bar way be bar with the law Justine in the law Justine i	Attach addition and action by the arred from present state the spec	first exhau first exhau the federal of senting add	ist (use up) your ava ourt. Also, if you fa itional grounds at a	ilable state il to set later date

PAE AO 241 Page 9 Rev 07 101 (b) If you did not exhaust your state remedies on Ground One, explain why (c) Direct Appeal of Ground One: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? TAC claim (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus in a state trial court? Yes (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state. Type of motion or petition: Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: Docket or case number (if you know): . Date of the court's decision. Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available): (3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition? No (4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion or petition? No (5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal? 🖆 Yes (6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state: Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed Supenor Ct Docket or case number (if you know): , 3,375 EDA 2018

Date of the court's decision:

PAE AC) 241 (Rev. 07 10) Page 10

	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available).
	(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did not raise this issue:
(e)	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground One
GROU	After discovered end
(a) Sup	porting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):
_	
(b) lf y	you did not exhaust your state remedies on Ground Two, explain why.
(c) Diı	rect Appeal of Ground Two: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction and you raise this issue?

PAE AO 241 (Rev. 07/10)

Page 11

(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why?	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	-
(d) Post-Conviction Proceedings:	
(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus in	a
state trial court?	
[₹ Yes □ No	
(2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state:	
Type of motion or petition PCRA	
Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed	
Docket or case number (if you know)	
Date of the court's decision: 10/19/18_	
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):	
	_
(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition?	No
(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion or petition?	No
(5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?	
✓ Yes □ No	
(6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state:	
Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed _Superior CF _	
Docket or case number (if you know) 3375 EDA 2018	
Date of the court's decision.	
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available)	
(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did not re	use
this issue	

PAE A() 241 (Rev. 07 10)

(e)	other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as nabeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Two
GROU	und three: See attached TAC
(a) Sur	oporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim)
	Counse) failed to secure 4 use
-	
(b) If y	you did not exhaust your state remedies on Ground Three, explain why:
(c) Dis	rect Appeal of Ground Three:
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue?
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? <u>TAC clair</u>
(d) Po	st-Conviction Proceedings:
	(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus in a
	state trial court?
	Yes 🗆 No
	(2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state
	Type of motion or petition CCR

PAE AO 241 (Rev. 07-10)

Page 13

	Docket or case number (if you know) Same daket #
	Date of the court's decision.
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available)
	(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition?
	(4) Did you appeal from the demal of your motion or petition? Yes \(\sigma\) No
	(5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes." did you raise this issue in the appeal?
	Yes 🗆 No
	(6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state.
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed > QPOUT CF
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed Superior Ct
	Docket or case number (if you know)
	Date of the court's decision'
	(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did not raise this issue:
	this issue:
	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies,
	this issue:
	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies,
	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies,
U	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies,
	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Three
n	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Three

(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why?	0)	
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision		
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision		
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision	•	
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision		
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision	•	
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: Docket or case number (if you know).		
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: Docket or case number (if you know).		
(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Docket or case number (if you know).	(b) If you did not exhaust your state remedies on Gro	and Four explain why
(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? TAC (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Photo Docket or case number (if you know). Same Docket or case number (if you know).	(o, i, jou are not entain jour same remains on the	and road, explain may,
(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why?		
(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? TAC (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Photo Docket or case number (if you know). Same Docket or case number (if you know).		
(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why?		
(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why? TAC (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? Yes No (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Photo Docket or case number (if you know). Same Docket or case number (if you know).		
(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why?	(c) Direct Appeal of Ground Four:	
(d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of co	nviction, did you raise this issue?
(d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? [1] Yes	☐ Yes	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? [1] Yes	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your dire	ect appeal, explain why?
(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? [1] Yes	· <u> </u>	
(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? [1] Yes	. – . – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	
(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus state trial court? [1] Yes	(d) Post Consistion Duncardings	
State trial court? [1] Yes		onwetton motion or netition for habeas cornus in
Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision		sirvetton motion or petition for naceas corpus in
(2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Photo Docket or case number (if you know). Same dockot #		□ No
Type of motion or petition PCRA Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Photo Docket or case number (if you know). Some docket Plant Date of the court's decision		
Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: CCP Photo Docket or case number (if you know). Date of the court's decision	O~ a N	
Docket or case number (if you know). Some docket #		otion or netition was filed:
Date of the court's decision	CCP Ph	otion of petition was fred.
Date of the court's decision	Docket or case number (if you know)	same docket #
		241 I die 217 - 1 1 1 1
	A	or order, if available):
	_	
	(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your i	motion or petition?

Page 15

PAE AO 241

(Rev. 07 10) (5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal? Yes (6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state. Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed: Supenor G Docket or case number (if you know): 3375 EDA 2016 Date of the court's decision. Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available) (7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did not raise Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Four: Please answer these additional questions about the petition you are filing. Have all grounds for relief that you have raised in this petition been presented to the highest state (a) court having jurisdiction? Yes No If your answer is "No," state which grounds have not been so presented and give your reason(s) for not presenting them.

PAE AO 241 (Rev. 07/10)

(b)	Is there any ground in this petition that has not been presented in some state or federal court?
	so, which ground or grounds have not been presented, and state your reasons for not presenting
	them:
Have	you previously filed any type of petition, application, or motion in a federal pourt regarding the
convi	ction that you challenge in this petition?
If "Ye	es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, the
issues	raised, the date of the court's decision, and the result for each petition, application, or motion file
Attacl	n a copy of any court opinion or order, if available
-	
_	ou have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or
_	
federa	ou have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging?
federa	ou have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state of all, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a
federa	ou have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging?
federa	ou have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state of all, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a
federa	bu have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a sues raised.
federa	bu have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a sues raised.
federa	bu have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a sues raised.
If "Ye the iss	bu have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state of al, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a sues raised.
If "Ye the iss	bu have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, a sues raised.
If "Ye the iss	bu have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or al, for the judgment you are challenging? Yes No es," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, as sues raised. the name and address, if you know, of each attorney who represented you in the following stages of degment you are challenging:
If "Ye the iss	the name and address, if you know, of each attorney who represented you in the following stages of degment you are challenging:

(c)	Attrial. David Scott Rudenstein
(d)	Atsentencing Downd Scott Rudenstein
(e)	On appeal
(f)	In any post-conviction proceeding Ten B. Himebay
(g)	On appeal from any ruling against you in a post-conviction proceeding:
•	u have any future sentence to serve after you complete the sentence for the addgment that you are nging? Yes No .
(a)	If so, give the name and location of the court that imposed the other sentence you will serve in the future:
(b)	Give the date the other sentence was imposed
(c)	Give the length of the other sentence:
(d)	Have you filed, or do you plan to file, any petition that challenges the judgment or sentence to be served in the future? \[\sum \text{Yes} \sum \sum \text{No} \]
	ELINESS OF PETITION: If your judgment of conviction became final over one year ago, you must in why the one-year statute of limitations as contained in 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d) does not bar your on the day of the d
	(d) (e) (f) (g) Do yo challe (a) (b) (c) (d) TIME explain

AE AO 241 Rev 07 10)			Page 18		
* The 2244(d) provide		orism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 ("AEDPA") as contained in 28 Ut that:	SC §		
(1)	A one-year period of limitation shall apply to an application for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State Court. The limitation period shall run from the latest of -				
	(A)	the date on which the judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review,	ew or the		
	(B)	the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State ac violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the a prevented from filing by such state action;			
	(C)	the date on which the constitutional right asserted was initially recognized by Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and mad retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or			
	(D)	the date on which the factual predicate of the claim or claims presented could discovered through the exercise of due diligence.	i have been		
(2)	reviev	ime during which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral w with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending shall not be counted toward any d of limitation under this subsection.			
There	_	thoner asks that the Court grant the following relief. \UGCa \tag{7}	g of		
			_		
or any other rel	lief to wh	nich petitioner may be entitled.			
		M B Home by Signature of Attorney (If any)			

PAE AO 241 (Rev. 07.10)	Page 19
I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was placed in the	of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this he prison mailing system on (month, date, year)
Executed (signed) on	Leu B. Hembod Signature of Petitioner For Mandez Bothon
If the person signing is not the petitioner, state the this petition.	relationship to petitioner and explain why petitioner is not signing

- I. Petitioner was defied his rights under the Sixth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution and Article 1, sec. 9 of the Pennsylvania Constitution when trial counsel ineffectively advised Petitioner not to testify on his own behalf.
- II. After discovered evidence that the Commonwealth's key witness, Darryl Rigney, lied when he inculpated the Petitioner in the crime.
- III Petitioner was defined his Sixth Amendment and Article 1, sec. 9 rights when trial counsel ineffectively failed to secure and use these phone records at trial.
- IV. Petitioner was denied his rights under the Sixth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution and Article 1, sec.9 of the Pennsylvania Constitution when counsel ineffectively failed to obtain and use available impeachment evidence.
- V. Petitioner was denied his rights under the Sixth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution and Article 1, sec.9 of the Pennsylvania Constitution when counsel ineffectively failed to object to the trial court using hearsay evidence obtained as part of the Motion to Suppress for the truth of the matter asserted at trial; to the extent that this Court finds that the claim was preserved at trial for appeal, Petitioner's appellate counsel was ineffective for failing to present and argue it in the direct appeal.
- VI. Petitioner was denied his rights under the Fourth and Sixth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution and Article 1, sec.9 of the Pennsylvania Constitution when counsel ineffectively failed to preserve, raise and argue a claim on direct appeal that the trial court erred in denying the Motion to Suppress.
- VII. Petitioner's constitutional right to due process
 And a fair trial were violated in that there was
 insufficient evidence to convict the Petitioner of all
 charges.

Teri B. Himebaugh, Esq. 1400 Spring Garden #911 Philadelphia, PA 19130 FA ID 53603 14841 686 3279 tr mebaughesg@earthlink.ne

IN THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

Montez Bethea)	
)	
V)	NO.
)	: CM
Barry Smith, Superintendent	SCI)	
Houtzdale et. al)	

HABEAS CORPUS PETITION

The Petitioner, Montez Bethea, by and through counsel, Teri B. Himebaugh, Esq., hereby files the instant Habeas Corpus Petition and alleges the following:

PROCEDURAL POSTURE

Petitioner was tried with his co-defendant, Rashann James, in a waiver trial before the Honorable Glenn Bronson of the Court of Common Pleas for Philadelphia County. Petitioner was represented by David Scott Rudenstein, Esquire.

On September 11, 2013 Petitioner was found guilty of two counts of Murder in the First Degree, criminal conspiracy,

first-degree robbery and one count of carrying a fireman without a license, carrying a firearm on public streets, possession with intent to deliver a controlled substance and possessing an instrument of crime. He was sentenced to two consecutive terms of life-imprisonment.

The Superior Court affirmed the trial court on December 23, 2014. Commonwealth v. Bethea 2967 EDA 2013 (Pa. Super.Ct. 2014). A timely Petition for Allowance of Appeal was filed and then denied on June 25, 2015.

On April 16, 2016 Petitioner filed a timely pro se PCRA petition. Teri B. Himebaugh, Esquire entered her appearance and filed a Motion for Leave to Amend which was granted by the Court.

On April 27, 2018 and July 20, 2018 the PCRA Court held a hearing on Claims I, II and III. On October 19, 2018 the PCRA Court dismissed the petition.

Petitioner filed a timely Notice of Appeal to the Superior Court from that decision. (3148 EDA 2018). On December 20, 2019 the Superior Court affirmed the PCRA Court.

The instant habeas petition is Petitioner's first and is timely filed within 365 days of the day that his judgement of sentence became final, minus periods of tolling while exhausting the claims in state court.

FACTUAL SUMMARY

The Commonwealth alleged that on December 8, 2010, at approximately 11 am., Petitioner called Darryl Rigney and asked him to accompany him to buy marijuana. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 115-116). Petitioner drove to Rigney's house in a Crown Victoria. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 116).

According to Rigney's <u>trial</u> testimony, Petitioner asked him to drive them to Rashann James' house, because James knew people who sold marijuana. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 116, 120). When they arrived at James' house, Rigney stayed in the car while the Petitioner and James got out and went to the front door. When James answered, Petitioner went inside. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 116-117).

Petitioner and James exited and got inside the Crown Victoria where Rigney was waiting. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 117).

James called his drug supplier, Jemark Daniel, who did not answer. (N.T. 9/10/13 pgs. 117-120). James then called 'a friend' and told him to meet James at 17th Street and Fairmount.

Avenue. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 117-119).

In both the Trial and PCRA Opinions, the Court identified this 'friend' as Robert Williams despite the fact that no witness had identified this person as being Robert Williams during the trial. (1/28/19 Opinion, pg. 4; 12/6/13 Opinion pg. 2-3; N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 117-119). At the PCRA hearing the Commonwealth introduced Williams statement to police to refute Rigney's testimony. However, it must be noted that this was not admitted at the trial and therefore was not 'of record' for purposes of

Daniel called James back and told him that they could come by Daniel's apartment to buy marijuana. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 119).

Rigney then drove the three men to 17th Street and Fairmount Avenue, where James' friend was waiting near a white Cadillac. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 120). Petitioner, James and Rigney got into the white Cadillac, while his friend took the Crown Victoria. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 120).

Rigney drove the white Cadillac to 3001 Redner Street, where Daniel lived. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 120). Petitioner and James got out of the car and went into Daniel's apartment. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 121-122). Upon entering the apartment, James and Petitioner shot and killed Daniel and his girlfriend, Patranella London, and stole his marijuana and passports from the apartment.

Petitioner and James left the apartment and ran back to the Cadillac with a large black garbage bag. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 122, 126). As Rigney drove the car away from the apartment building, James asked Petitioner if the woman was "finished" and the Petitioner allegedly responded "guaranteed" (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 126). James said "I took his shit." (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 160).

the 12/6/13 Trial Court opinion or the PCRA Court findings of fact. Cullen v. Pinholster, 563 U.S. 170, 180-81 (2011). The Trial/PCRA Court cannot rely substantively on the statement. To do so violates Petitioner's Sixth Amendment rights under the Confrontation Clause. Melendez-Diaz v. Massachusetts, 129 S.Ct.

Daniel's neighbor, Lester Johnson, heard the gunshots and looked out his window. Johnson saw the white Cadillac speed away from Daniel's apartment.(N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 10). Johnson wrote down what he could see of the license plate number, which was "HP 7-27." A friend who was with Johnson called 911. (N.T. 9/10/13 pgs. 11-14).

At the same time that police were arriving at the crime scene, Officer Charles Kapusniak and his partner, Officer Kenneth Long, were conducting an unrelated surveillance on the 1800 block of North Judson Street. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 94; 9/10/13 pg. 12, 40, 89). At approximately 2:40 pm., Officer Kapusniak observed a white Cadillac travel southbound on Judson Street before pulling over near 1820 North Judson Street. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 95).

Officer Kapusniak saw Rigney exit the vehicle's driver door. James emerged from the front passenger seat and Petitioner got out of the rear passenger seat. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 95-96).

All three men then walked to the rear of the Cadillac, and James removed a large trash bag from the Cadillac trunk. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 96-97, 108,122; 151-152).

The three men then ran into 1820 North Judson Street where Shonte Smith was babysitting. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 33, 96).

^{2527 (2009);} Commonwealth v. Ford, 44 A.3d 1190, 1194 (Pa. Super. 2012).

Thirty seconds after the three men ran into the house on North Judson Street, Officer Kapusniak received a call over police radio from Lieutenant Smith. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 96, 123). Lieutenant Smith informed Officer Kapusniak of the shooting at Redner Street and that a white Cadillac containing two or three black males had been seen fleeing the scene. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 96, 123-125; 9/10/13 pg. 16-17).

Approximately one minute later Officer Kapusniak observed two men he later identified as Reginald Andrews and Maurice Morris walk past his vehicle. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 97-98). Andrews and Morris approached 1820 North Judson Street, knocked on the door and entered the house. James then stuck his head out of the door and looked around. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 98).

A short time later a silver Kia sped down the block and parked in the middle of the street in front of the house. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 98-99). James ran out of the house, carrying a black duffel bag and got into the car. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 99). The driver of the Kia, Mohammed Bey, drove down the street out of sight. (N.T. 9/9/13 pgs. 99-100,120-121).

Officer McCabe and Officer Miles, who were backing up Officer Kapusniak, then pulled over the Kia.(N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 99-100, 163-165). James and Bey were detained along with the black duffel bag.

A few minutes later Andrews came out of Judson Street carrying a white shopping bag. When officers approached, he ran, throwing the bag over a fence. Inside the bag was a black backpack which contained passports and a photo album belonging to one of the victims of the Redner Street shooting along with marijuana and a green trash bag. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 192).

The decision was made by police to enter the Judson Street house. Smith testified that the police did not knock and they aid not ask permission to come into the house. She didn't sign any consent form. They didn't show a search warrant. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 64-65,139).

Officer Kapusniak testified that, after police entered the Judson Street house, Petitioner and Rigney were sitting in the living room. Petitioner had a baby in his arms. There was an unzipped duffel bag containing clear Ziploc bags full of marijuana nearby. The marijuana recovered from the duffel bag matched the specific type of marijuana found at the scene of the murders. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 56).(N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 103-104, 136-137, 148).

Shonte Smith testified that while the police awaited the search warrant, she, Petitioner and Rigney were all placed in handcuffs in the living room. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 104). The police thereupon immediately conducted a complete sweep search of the whole house. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 104-105).

Officer Kapusniak testified that police had recovered the key to the white Cadillac from Rigney. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg.152).

Shonte Smith testified that she saw Petitioner kick a pink bag underneath the couch. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 41-44). Counsel stipulated that Officer Ken Weitman would have testified if called that this pink bag also contained weapons which matched to the ballistics found at the crime scene and recovered from the body of one of the victims. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 66-71).

STANDARD OF REVIEW

To obtain habeas corpus relief, the Petitioner may allege that his confinement is the result of a violation of the United States Constitution. The Constitutional error must have had a substantial and injurious influence on the determination of guilt made by the jury. Brecht v. Abraham, 113. S.Ct. 1710 (1993); Kotteakos v. U.S., 328 U.S. 750, 756 (1946).

Petitioner may also allege claims based on violations of State law if they resulted in fundamental unfairness, which consequently violated Petitioner's Fourteenth Amendment right to Due Process.

Under the AEDPA, habeas relief will not be granted for any claim adjudicated on the merits in State court unless the decision was contrary to, or involved an unreasonable application of "federal law clearly established by the Supreme Court", or "based upon an unreasonable determination of the facts." 28 U.S.C. §2254(d)(2).

A federal habeas court may issue the writ under the 'contrary to' clause if the state court applies a rule different from the governing law set forth in the U.S. Supreme Court cases, or if it decides a case differently than the Court has on a set of materially indistinguishable facts.

Relief may be granted under the "unreasonable application" clause "if the state court correctly identifies the governing legal principle from the Supreme Court's decisions but unreasonably applies it to the facts of the particular case."

Bell v. Cone, 535 U.S. 685, 694 (2002).

Generally, state courts' factual findings are presumed correct unless the Petitioner can show by clear and convincing evidence that the findings were erroneous. The general presumption of correctness related to the State courts' factual findings do not however apply to questions of law or mixed questions of law and fact. Cunningham v. Diesslin, 92 F.3d 1054 (1996); Wellman v. Maine 962 F.2d 70 (1992); Levasseur v. Pepe 70 F.3d 187, 193.

CLAIMS

I. Petitioner was denied his rights under the Sixth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution and Article 1, sec. 9 of the Pennsylvania Constitution when trial counsel ineffectively advised Petitioner not to testify on his own behalf.

A defendant's decision to waive his constitutional right to testify is a fundamental decisions that must be made by the defendant and not counsel. Commonwealth v. Uderra, 550 Pa. 389, 706 A.2d 334 (1998); Commonwealth v. Bazabe, 404 Pa.Super. 408, 590 A.2d 1298, alloc. denied, 528 Pa. 635, 598 A.2d 992 (1991); Commonwealth v. Fowler, 362 Pa.Super. 81, 523 A.2d 784, alloc. denied, 517 Pa. 598, 535 A.2d 1056 (1987). However, in order to make that decision intelligent, the defendant must first receive meaningful assistance of counsel. (Gov't of Virgin Islands v. Weatherwax, 77 F.3d 1425, 1435 (3rd Cir. 1996).

A defendant's decision whether or not to waive his constitutional right to testify on his own behalf requires knowledge, not just of the fact of the case, but also an understanding of the rules of evidence, criminal procedure and criminal law. This is the type of knowledge that only counsel has by virtue of his education, training and experience.

The determination of whether a defendant's warver was intelligent is based on the adequacy of counsel's advice to his client. Moldonado v Winans, 728 F.2d 438, 439 (10th Cir. 1984); Scott v. Wainwright, 698 F.2d 427, 429 (11th Cir. 1983). Counsel must have a reasonable, rational evidentiary basis for his advice that the Petitioner not to testify. Roe v Flores-Ortega, 528 U.S. 470, 120 S.Ct. 1029 (2000); Commonwealth v. James Jones, 651 A.2d 1101, 1109 (PA 1994).

Counsel's advice that the defendant not testify must be based on "objectively reasonable professional judgment" and within the "prevailing norms of practice for attorneys in criminal cases." Strickland v. Washington, 466 U.S. 668 (1984); Commonwealth v Basemore, 744 A.2d "1" (Fa. 2000); Commonwealth v. Pierce, 515 Pa. 153, 527 A.2d 973 (1987); McMann v. Richardson, 397 U.S. 759 (1970); Tollett v. Henderson, 411 U.S. 258 (1973); Wiggins v. Smith 539 U.S. 510, 123 S.Ct. 2527 (2003). It must also be based on accurate and complete information. Commonwealth v. Nieves, 746 A.2d 1102 (Pa. 2000); U.S. v Narducci, 18 F.Supp. 20 481.

Petitioner averred that counsel's advice was not objectively reasonable based upon the facts and evidence. Strickland, supra. The State Court ruling finding counsel effective was an unreasonable application of the law to the facts of Petitioner's case. While the state court identified the correct governing legal principle from the Supreme Court's decisions, it unreasonably applied that principle to the facts of the Petitioner's case. Williams v. Taylor, 529 U.S. 362, 412 (2000).

Had Petitioner not been advised by counsel to waive his right to testify, he would have testified that he had been living at his mother's house and was there the morning of the crime. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 120).

Between 10:00 am and 11:00 am., Rigney called him and they discussed Petitioner's buying some marijuana. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 115-116; N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 121, 125-126, 173-175).

Because Petitioner had been told just the day before by his parole officer not to leave the house until after 2:00 pm.

Petitioner stayed there until it was just after that time. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 123).

His plan was to go see his cousin's baby while he waited to hook up with Rigney. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 123). Both his mother and a neighbor, Mrs. Pine saw him leave. Mrs. Pine was his mother's co-worker. She asked him to put her trash on the street for her, which Petitioner did. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 128).

Petitioner was on the phone during the half mile walk from his mother's house to Ridge and Master Streets. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 124). When he spoke with Rigney, Rigney told him that he was busy but that he could meet Petitioner at 23rd and Montgomery. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 176-177). Petitioner then called Rafiq Jones to see if he could pick him up at Ridge and Master Streets. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg.128).

Petitioner was \underline{still} 'walking along the wall' going toward Ridge and Master at 2:30 pm when the crime was occurring elsewhere. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 129).

At 2:36 Petitioner received a call from his ex-girlfriend Joyce Lavender. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 130).

When he approached Ridge and Master Streets a white Cadillac stopped and beeped its horn. He couldn't see who was driving because the windows were so dark, so he kept walking. He then heard someone yell out "Tez" which is his nickname. Petitioner saw that it was Rigney and walked over to the dar. He and Rigney talked about the marijuana. Petitioner had no idea where Rigney had gotten the drugs. (N.T. 4/2//18 pg. 131).

Rigney asked Petitioner where he was going and when Petitioner told him his aunt's house to visit his cousin's baby, Rigney told him to get in the car, that he would take him. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg.130-131) Petitioner got inside the backseat passenger side of the car. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 131).

When they got to $24^{\rm th}$ and Ridge they pulled over and two males who Petitioner had never met before (later identified as Caray and Block) got out of the car and went inside the Chinese Food store. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 131).

Rigney and Petitioner then drove down Ridge, made a right onto 25th, a right onto Berks where they encountered James who got inside the car. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 134). Petitioner had never met James before this. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg.134, 165). Rigney asked Petitioner if they could use his aunt's house to weigh the weed so he could give Petitioner and James their cuts at the same time. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 134).

When they got to and parked at Petitioner's aunt's house, Rigney told James to take the trash bag out of the trunk. Rigney reached under the seat and grabbed the scales and put them in his hoodie and they walked inside the house on Judson St. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 134).

While the others went upstairs to the middle bedroom, the Petitioner went down the hall to the bathroom. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 135). While he was in the bathroom Petitioner heard what turned out to be "Caray" and "Block" knocking on the front door and asking to enter. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 135-136). Petitioner heard them come up the steps and then footsteps going down the stairs. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 136). Petitioner yelled through the bathroom door to Rigney "Who the Fuck is that?" No one responded. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg.136). Petitioner asked Rigney who had just left and Rigney said it was Duke (James) and the 'young bull that was with him" (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 136).

Petitioner came out of the bathroom just as Rigney came out of middle bedroom holding a black bag and a pink baby bag. Rigney and Petitioner walked down the stairs. Rigney put the black bag on the floor behind the couch. Rigney put the pink bag on the floor next to the couch. (N.T. 4/21/18 pg. 137-138).

Petitioner sat down on the couch next to his cousin. She then got up and asked him to watch the baby while she went to the store. Rigney said that the 'young bulls' would be right

back- they had just gone round the corner to sell some pot. (N.T. 4/21/18 pg. 138-139).

Without first knocking or announcing their presence, police kicked in the closed, locked and screenless front door. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 135, 138-139). Petitioner had the baby in his arms at the time. The police told Smith to take the baby from Petitioner. She was told to sit on the couch by the pink bag. Petitioner and Rigney were told to lay on the floor where they were handcuffed. They were allowed to sit up next to each other on the floor.

Contrary to the Commonwealth witness' testimony, the duffel bag was neither on top of the dog cage or unzipped and open with drugs in plain view. It was, where Rigney had left it, behind the couch on the floor.

While the police were otherwise occupied looking for, unzipping and searching the duffel bag they had taken from behind the couch, Petitioner saw Rigney mouth to Smith to kick the pink bag under the couch, which she did.

It was after the police found, opened and searched the duffel bag that a complete sweep of the house was then conducted. The pink baby bag and three handguns were also found.

A. Ineffective advice not to testify in support of the Motion to Suppress.

The trial court combined the suppression hearing with the trial. Petitioner could have testified for purposes of the suppression motion without fear of his testimony being admitted against him at trial.

When a defendant testifies in support of a motion to suppress evidence on Fourth Amendment grounds, his testimony may not thereafter be admitted against him at trial on the issue of guilt. Simmons v. United States, 390 U.S. 377, 394 (1968).

Because of the Simmons rule, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court has stated that "(i)t is difficult to see how a motion to suppress incriminating evidence can ever be prejudicial to an accused, regardless of its chances for success." Commonwealth v. Wheeler, 541 A.2d 730, 735 (Pa. 1988).

Petitioner needed to testify on his own behalf for purposes of a motion to suppress in order to refute the Commonwealth witnesses and evidence.

Officer Ratka testified that he walked up the steps of the Judson Street house and "opened the screen door" (N.T. 9/9/13, pg. 225, 229-230). Officer Mertz similarly testified that "the front door was open and we just opened the screen door" and walked inside the house.(N.T. 9/9/13, pg. 203-204). Officer Kapusniak testified that he didn't know how his officer opened

the door (he could have kicked it in) but the front door was 'open'. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 139-140).

Officer Fox testified on cross-examination that he could not see a screen door from that angle on the *single* photo of the front door the Commonwealth presented.(N.T. 9/9/13, pg. 246-247).

Petitioner's testimony that there was no screen on the closed and locked front door and that the police kicked it in was absolutely necessary to refute the police assertion that there were exigent circumstances and that they did not need to use any force to enter the Judson Street house. They just walked right in. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 127).

Petitioner could have additionally testified that the duffel bag was on the floor behind the couch and never on the dog cage in plain view. Given that Rigney and Smith were Commonwealth witnesses, Petitioner was the <u>only</u> person who could have provided the factual basis for the Court to find that the drugs inside the duffel bag were not found by police in plain view.

Without the drugs being found in plain view, the police had no basis to conduct the sweep of the house which uncovered the pink baby bag with the guns.

Had Petitioner so testified, his counsel would have had the evidentiary basis to then argue that the police only had

authority to hold the scene as an investigative detention pending the obtaining of a search warrant. The sweep of the house was unlawful and should be suppressed. Moreover, counsel could have argued that the averments which formed the evidentiary basis for the search warrant were inaccurate and/or fabricated. (P11).

B. Ineffective advice not to testify for substantive trial purposes.

Had Petitioner testified for purposes of trial, he would have told the Court that he was not involved in the murder.

While Petitioner met up with Rigney after the crime, it was only to buy some marijuana. Petitioner had no idea that the shooting had been just previously committed and/or that the marijuana had been stolen from the victims' residence. Nor did he have any idea that Rigney had taken guns from the crime inside his Aunt's house. He never had physical possession of the duffel bag, the trash bag or the pink baby bag.

Petitioner avers that the evidence that he could give was so critical to his defense to warrant any limited potential risk or prejudice there might be from putting Petitioner on the stand. Prior to trial, Petitioner specifically told his trial counsel that he wanted to testify about the above.

Petitioner testified that Mr. Rudenstein told him not to testify because of his aggravated assault conviction and because

it would have been inconsistent with Officer Merz' testimony that he had seen James get out of the Kia and then get back in and drive away. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 147).

At the PCRA hearing Mr. Rudenstein admitted that he could not recall having even discussed with the Petitioner why he should not testify. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 30-34,38-39; 7/20/18 pg. 4). Mr. Server, who had been delegated responsibility for the investigation of the alibi defense didn't speak with Petitioner about his testifying. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 19, 45, 149).

Petitioner's mother had been interviewed by a private investigator. The investigator reported that Petitioner's mother told her that her son's parole agent had been at her house the day of the crime. Neither Mr. Rudenstein nor Mr. Server spoke directly to Petitioner's mother. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 45). They relied exclusively on the single, very brief investigative interview done by an investigator. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 29).

When counsel then received Petitioner's parole records, which showed the parole agent made a field visit to Petitioner's house the day <u>before</u> the murder and not the day <u>of</u> the murder, counsel immediately abandoned any attempt to present

It is uncontested that Petitioner had <u>no</u> prior crimen falsi convictions he could be impeached with if he took the stand. Nor had he made any prior inconsistent statements with which he could be impeached if he took the stand.

Petitioner's testimony and his alibi defense. Instead, Mr. Rudenstein emailed his co-counsel:

WHAT A PUTZ; WASTED YOUR TIME GETTING THE RECORDS AND MINE WITH THE ALIBI NOTICE AND TALKING ABOUT IT. Tell him to plead. I willo (sp) dictate a letter telling him he has no real defense in going over the ev w (sp) him, I think he realized that. Need to cover ourselves. This guy has a real chance of going down.

(emphasis in original) (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 15, 48; R.R.1-2). At the recent hearing, Mr. Rudenstein described it as "a grotesque waste of time." (emphasis added) (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 35-36).

Petitioner was literally fighting for his life and yet, counsel's reaction to his assertion of an alibi was that Petitioner was a 'putz', which this court can take judicial notice is defined as "a stupid or worthless person" who had wasted counsel's time.

Yeah, you're asking me straight out, was I upset with my client? Sure I was, because I felt that he kind of wasted our time either deliberately or because he just wasn't thinking straight.

(N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 46).

Before abandoning both Petitioner and his alibi defense,
Mr. Rudenstein didn't send Petitioner a copy of the alibi notice
or his mother's statement. Nor did counsel bother ask Petitioner
about the inconsistency between his mother's recollection and
the parole records. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 36-37, 144). Counsel
admitted at the PCRA hearing that he believed that Petitioner
was not accurately reporting what occurred. "Whether he was

lying or whether he was grossly mistaken, that *I can't really* say." (emphasis added) (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 36).

Had counsel simply asked his client, Petitioner could have cleared the misunderstanding up very quickly. Petitioner had told his attorney that he had been at his mother's house the morning of the crime and had not left until shortly after 2:00 p.m. He did not leave the house the day of the crime earlier than 2:00 pm because just the day before his parole officer, who was on his first visit to his mother's house, had told him that he was not allowed to leave the house until after 2:00 p.m.

(N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 120-121, 144, 179).

Counsel clearly misunderstood what his client had said.

Counsel critically misinterpreted Petitioner as having said that his parole agent visited him the day of the crime. That misinformation was then put in the Alibi Notice and was the basis for the private investigator's questions to Petitioner's mother.

When his mother was asked almost three years after the crime by the private investigator if the parole agent had been there the day of the crime, Petitioner's mother recalled that

While Mr. Server testified that he spoke to Petitioner about the parole field records, his notes do not indicate what Petitioner's response was. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 16, 20). Regardless, Mr. Server did not discuss whether Petitioner should testify to the alibi. He left that entirely up to Mr. Rudenstein to do. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 19).

first visit and assumed they were referring to that day. Any reasonably experienced attorney would know that it is not at all unusual for a witness to not be able to immediately recall what they were doing on a specific date, especially a date almost three years earlier.4

Having summarily abandoned the alibi defense and thinking that his client was a 'putz' who was just wasting his time, counsel simply advised Petitioner not to testify. Counsel didn't sit down with the Petitioner to discuss the pros and cons of Petitioner testifying, even if his mother could not. Instead he sent Petitioner a letter telling him that his alibi was 'not strong' and that they would "discuss it further". (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 30-34).

Mr. Rudenstein knew that the client's decision of whether to testify or not is a legally nuanced and very complex question. It requires more than simply a 'yes' or 'no' from counsel. Among other things, it requires a discussion of what the client could and could not say if he took the stand and what responses would 'open the door' to prejudicial information coming in. (N.T. 7/20/18 pg. 8-10). Mr. Rudenstein's attempt at the PCRA hearing to explain how Petitioner's aggravated assault

The crime occurred on December 8, 2010. Counsel did not interview Petitioner's mother until the end of August, 2013 - a month prior to the trial.

conviction may have been discussed in the context of his testifying was difficult to follow. Even if counsel had this discussion with the Petitioner, which there is no evidence he did, if explained the same way counsel did at the PCRA hearing, it had to have been very confusing to Petitioner.

Moreover, Mr. Rudenstein assertion that he would have been 'all for it' if Petitioner had wanted to testify is not credible given the tone of counsel's email and letter to the Petitioner advising him that he had no defense and that he should just take a plea. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 39-40).

Counsels' decision not to at least advocate that Petitioner testify to the alibi defense had no objectively reasonable basis to advance the interests of the Petitioner.

Had Petitioner received objectively reasonable and effective advice from his attorney he avers that he would have testified, thus satisfying the prejudice requirement.

Commonwealth v. Walker, 110 A.3d 1000 (Pa. Super 2015);

Strickland, supra; Commonwealth v. Mallory, 941 A.2d 686 (Pa. 2008); Commonwealth v. Miller, 987 A.2d 638 (Pa. 2009).

Petitioner was not an attorney. He had every right to rely on what his attorney told him was in his best interests to do. Counsel told him that the Judge was going to ask him in multiple different ways if he wanted to testify but that he should say 'no' each time. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 152).

The fact that Petitioner was colliquied is not dispositive of whether counsel gave objectively unreasonable advice when he told Petitioner not to testify. That fact goes to the 'voluntariness' of the waiver and not whether the waiver was 'intelligent'. If the fact that the defendant was colliquied was by itself sufficient to prove an 'intelligent' waiver then the Superior Court could have never found as it did in Nieves and Walker that counsel's erroneous advice made the waiver unintelligent. Notably, the defendants in both Nieves and Walker were colliquied on the record as Petitioner was.

There is a reasonable probability that, but for counsel's errors (particularly when considering the cumulative effect that Rigney's testimony and the phone records would have had), the result of the proceeding would have been different. The Commonwealth would not have been able to establish beyond a reasonable that Petitioner committed the robbery or the murder.

II. After discovered evidence that the Commonwealth's key witness, Darryl Rigney, lied when he inculpated the Petitioner in the crime.

Rigney testified against Petitioner and his co-defendant as a cooperating co-conspirator. He pled guilty to third-degree murder. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 126) He received a sentence of nineteen (19) to thirty-eight (38) years. (N.T. 9/10/13 pg. 112,129-131,169,173-174). Petitioner was found guilty based exclusively

on Rigney's testimony. There was no physical or other eyewitness testimony that Petitioner was in any way involved in the robbery/murder. The Commonwealth could only place him as being with Rigney and the drugs after the fact. However, even then, they had no evidence that Petitioner even knew that the drugs were the product of the crime. (N.T. 9/9/13 pg. 22-23; 9/10/13 pg. 136, 216-218).

While Petitioner knew that he was innocent and that Rigney was lying when he implicated the Petitioner in the double murder, the only evidence Petitioner had at the time of trial that Rigney had lied was hearsay and circumstantial: Petitioner presented the testimony of Kuzell Bivins and Tyrik Lark.

Bivins testified that Rigney had been his cell mate:

Well, we was one night he was crying. I mean he cried. He was crying a lot of nights, but one particular night he was saying how the two guys that he said supposed to had something to do with the homicide or was locked up wasn't the people that was supposed to been with him, something like that... we talked about his case a lot. We talked about that situation a lot. So maybe about five or ten times, you know... (H)e told me that the two people that was supposed to been arrested for it wasn't the people.

(N.T. 9/11/13 pg. 99-102).

Lark testified that he too had been incarcerated with Rigney and that he observed Rigney break down in front of him

Contrary to the Trial/PCRA Court's finding, it was the Petitioner who presented these witnesses and not Mr. James. (1/28/19 Opinion, pg. 3).

three times tearfully telling him that "Man like they got the wrong people really" "Man the cops said they must give me the drug charges if I just say that was them". "Man, like I don't know what I'm a go". (N.T. 9/11/13 pg. 131-112).

Despite the above witness testimony, the trial court found Rigney credible.

After his conviction, on or around December 20, 2013

Petitioner received one of what would become four letters from Rigney admitting for the very first time that Rigney had lied when he implicated the Petitioner at the trial.

In order to be entitled to relief based upon after-discovered evidence, the Petitioner must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the evidence (1) could not have been obtained prior to the conclusion of the trial by the exercise of reasonable diligence; (2) is not merely corroborative or cumulative; (3) will not be used solely to impeach the credibility of a witness; and (4) would likely result in a different verdict if a new trial were granted. 42 Pa.C.S. § 9543(a)(2)(vi); People ex rel. Oelricks v. Superior Court of City of New York, 10 Wend. 285 (1833); Commonwealth v. Walker, 36 A.3d 1, 14 (Pa. 2011); Commonwealth v. Washington, 927 A.2d 586, 595-596 (Pa. 2007); Commonwealth v. Foreman, 55 A.3d 532, 537 (Pa.Super. 2012); Commonwealth v. Abu-Jamal, 553 Pa. 485, 720 A.2d 79, 94 (Pa. 1998).

In the first letter Rigney wrote:

Im sending you this letter and I don't really know what to say or how to say it, but im truly sorry for putting you in all this mess. I just want to try and explain what I was going through at the time I lied on you by putting your name in that situation. Those people found those guns and started throwing double life at me Dawg. I got kids out there that I was tryna get back to, Plus that shit shook me up like crazy. I never had to face anything like that in my life. I was telling the police the truth at first but they kept throwing your name out there telling me to help myself. I was looking for a way out and wasn't thinking about putting a friend into something he had nothing to do with. I got myself somewhat a deal out the situation but it don't make me feel any better knowing you are locked up forever for nothing Im hurt by what I did to you Dawg. I wish I had the heart to tell the truth at court, but again I was thinking about myself and my family. I know that if I told the truth, I would not have gotten the deal I got. I was scared dawg, as crazy as it sound I really was. If you are not too upset with me, write me and tell me who should I talk to and get the truth out there to help you. Once again Tez Im sorry Dawg. If you can find it in your heart to forgive, please do, if not I understand.

(R.R. 7-8). In a second letter Rigney wrote:

Yo Tez Dawg Im sorry for what I did Dawg. Im also sorry for lying on you. Those people found those guns & started throwing double life at me Dawg and I got those kids out there that I was tryna get back to. That shit shook me up homie. All the shit I done did all the shit me and my Boyz parked out there I never thought in a million that I would become this. Im hurt just as well as you. What I did to you hurt me Dawg. Im going do whatever it is that I gotta do to make it right with you. Whatever Bro, yo dawg I lied to police & in court because I was scared dawg, as crazy as it sound, I really was. However you need me in the court Im gonna help you dawg.

^{*} According to the Petitioner, "parked" is street slang for "killed or murdered".

(R.R. 13). In a third letter Rigney wrote:

Yo Tez Ima help you get back home Dawg. I know I was wrong but yall was wrong also for letting go down for yall shit knowing all the shit and responsibilities I left behind two 7 year olds Dawg. I know my apology is not excepted but for what its worth Dawg Ima do what I gotta do to get you back in court. My word Dawg. Let me know the precedures that we must take and Ima help you out.

(R.R. 14). In a fourth letter, Rigney wrote:

Tez what's up bro! I know it took me a little longer than expicted to get back wit you but to keep it short and brief Im ready! Affidavit or what ever it takes to help you and duke. Just let me know where to start. My people is up here and he knows how to do that law work. He knows my situation and he's willing to help me help yall. Write to him and give him step by step on how you would like to approach this situation. Send me duke info also Im tryna get this shit wrapped up for yall. I cant leave yall like that. Write to me or/and my people we up Albion. (Brian Young DL3506 Darryl Rigney LF1056) P.S. I can't take back what happened but I can do what it takes to help yall get back out.

(R.R.15).

Rigney testified at the PCRA hearing that it was really "Block" and "Caray" who had committed it.(N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 54, 59-60). 7 Rigney had picked the Petitioner up in the white Cadillac <u>after</u> the crime had already been committed. Rigney let "Block" and "Caray" out so that they could get something from a

Recantation testimony such as this can form the basis of after discovered evidence, even though the defendant knew (because he was innocent) that the witness had been lying at trial. Commonwealth v. Loner, 2003 PA Super. 393, 836 A.2d 125(Pa. Super. 2003) (en banc), appeal denied, 578 Pa.699, 852 A.2d 311 (2004).

store. (N.T. 4/2//18 pg. 106-108, 115-116). Rigney then drove Petitioner to his aunt's house. They got out and went upstairs. Rigney went into a bedroom and when "Block" and "Caray" arrived at they went upstairs to the bedroom where Rigney and the drugs were. "Caray" asked "Block" did he 'finish her' to which "Block" replied, "guarantee". Petitioner was not even in the room at the time.

Prior to the trial, Rigney had told the DA and his attorney that it was "Block" and "Caray" who committed the crime. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 81-82). His attorney however advised him to just take the deal otherwise he would get two life sentences.

Rigney's self-interest ultimately won out. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 60-61).

After the trial was over Rigney's conscious however began to bother him. At considerable risk to his own penal interests, he came forward to admit that he had lied when he implicated the Petitioner in the crime. Petitioner had no reason to believe before that time that Rigney would admit his lies, particularly since he had so much to lose by doing so. Not only would he lose the benefit of his cooperation agreement, he could also possibly be charged with perjury. Moreover, he was very conscious of the fact that if other inmates learned that he had lied on the Petitioner he would be considered by them to be a 'rat' and his life could be in danger. (N.T. 4/27/18 pg. 77).



Fw: Montez Bethea

DAVID RUDENSTEIN readenstein@msn.com rmrudenstein@msn.com, Print this out-for me, only, for Friday

From: DAVID RUDENSTEIN < lasallescreamer@msn.com>

Sent: Saturday, August 24, 2013 10:09 AM

To: philacrimelawyer@aol.com Subject: RE: Montez Bethea

WHAT A PUTZ; WASTED YOUR TIME GETTING THE RECORDS ANDF MINE WITH THE ALIBI NOTICE AND TALKING ABOUT IT. Tell him to plead. I willo dictate a letter telling him he has no real defense-in going over the ev. w him, I think he realized that. Need to cover ourselves. This guy has a real chance of going down.

> Subject: Montez Bethea

> From: philacrimelawyer@aol.com

> Date: Sat, 24 Aug 2013 08:25:30 -0400

> CC: nmassmsw@aol.com; kh33@drexel.edu; dahmir122@verizon.net

> To: lasallescreamer@msn.com

`

> Well the rest of the state parole records came today. They contain the field notes. And they disprove alibi. The murder was December 8. Montez was visited the day before on December 7. On December 7 he was given a warning not to leave his house under any circumstances. Of course on the 8th he was arrested at another location.

>

> I guess I'll try to see him tomorrow to give him the news and to try to talk him into a bifurcated waiver or a plea. But since the co-defendant demanded a jury and Montez wants to go along with his buddy we should count on this being a jury trial and going to penalty stage.

>

> Nadine, I need your supplemental request now. It can't wait any longer.

>

> GS

>

> Sent from my iPad

R.RI P



From: DAVID RUDENSTE:N <lasallescreamer@msn.com>

Sent: Saturday, August 24, 2013 10:09 AM

To: philacrimelawyer@aol.com Subject: RE: Montez Bethea

WHAT A PUTZ; WASTED YOUR TIME GETTING THE RECORDS ANDF MINE WITH THE ALIBI NOTICE AND TALKING ABOUT IT. Tell him to plead. I willo dictate a letter telling him he has no real defense-in going over the ev. w him, I think he realized that. Need to cover ourselves. This guy has a real chance of going down.

> Subject: Montez Bethea

> From: philacrimelawyer@aol.com

> Date: Sat, 24 Aug 2013 08:25:30 -0400

> CC: nmassmsw@aol.com; kh33@drexel.edu; dahmir122@verizon.net

> To: lasallescreamer@msn.com

>

> Well the rest of the state parole records came today. They contain the field notes. And they disprove alibi. The murder was December 8. Montez was visited the day before on December 7. On December 7 he was given a warning not to leave his house under any circumstances. Of course on the 8th he was arrested at another location.

>

> I guess I'll try to see him tomorrow to give him the news and to try to talk him into a bifurcated waiver or a plea. But since the co-defendant demanded a jury and Montez wants to go along with his buddy we should count on this being a jury trial and going to penalty stage.

>

> Nadine, I need your supplemental request now. It can't wait any longer.

>

>GS

>

MY CORV

RECEIVED
07/03/2013 02:19:40 AN
ACTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T

DAVID RUDENSTEIN, ESQUIRE Attorney at Law Attorney I.D. No. 33023 9411 Evans Street Philadelphia, PA 19115

Email: mrudenstein@msn.com

Tel: (215) 464-7890 Fax: (215) 464-7891

Appt: June 2011

Attorney for Defendant

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Plaintiff

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS PHILADELPHIA COUNTY CRIMINAL TRIAL DIVISION

•

CP-51-CR-0009460-2011 PP# 761764

MONTEZ BETHEA,

٧.

Defendant

NOTICE OF ALIBI

The Defendant, Montez Bethea, by and through his court appointed attorney, David Rudenstein, hereby notifies the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that, at time of trial, the defense may present evidence of alibi and, if so, the following witnesses may be called:

1. Denise Page; work address of Glrard College, 21st and Corinthian Avenues, Philadelphia, PA. In sum, the witness Page is the mother of the Defendant Bethea and has stated that on the day of the incident, December 8, 2010, she was at home, located at 21st and Corinthian Avenue, where she works at Girard College as a residential advisor. She said that the Defendant was with her. They waited for Probation Officer Jose Rodriquez, who showed up at 12:30 PM and did not leave until 2:00 PM, or even a little later. A copy of the witness' statement, taken by private investigator, Sharon Williams, is being forwarded under separate cover, to the District Attorney's office.

RR3 P2

2. **Ms. Macedonin Pine**; who also gave the address of Girard College, 21st and Corinthian Avenue, Philadelphia, PA. She identified herself as a co-worker of the Defendant's mother. While she could not remember the exact date, she did recall seeing the Defendant with his mother at the college and remembers it because he offered to help take out her trash.

Respectfully submitted by:

s/ David Rudenstein

DAVID RUDENSTEIN, Esquire

Attorney for Defendant Bethea

DAVID RUDENSTEIN, ESQUIRE

Attorney at Law

Attorney I.D. No. 33023

9411 Evans Street

Philadelphia, PA 19115

Email: mrudenstein@msn.com

Tel: (215) 464-7890 Fax: (215) 464-7891

Attorney for Defendant

Appt.: June 2011

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Plaintiff

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

CRIMINAL TRIAL DIVISION

CP-51-CR-0009460-2011

PP# 761764

MONTEZ BETHEA,

٧.

Defendant

PROOF OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am, this 3rd day of JULY, 2013, serving the foregoing document(s) upon the person(s) and in the manner indicated below:

Service by Electronic Service and/or First Class Mail addressed as follows:

District Attorney of Philadelphia

Homicide Unit

Three South Penn Square

Comer of Juniper & South Penn Square

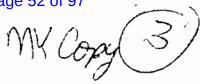
Philadelphia, PA 19107

Attention: ADA Richard Sax, Esquire

s/ David Rudenstein

(215) 686-8042

DAVID RUDENSTEIN, Esquire



DAVID S. RUDENSTEIN

Attorney at Law

Phone: 215-464-7890 -- Fax: 215-464-7891 Member PA & NJ Bar

INMATE/CERTIFIED MAIL TO:

Blue Grass Plaza 2417 Welsh Road, Box # 501 Philadelphia, PA 19114 SALL OTHER MAIL TO: 9411 Evans Street Philadelphia, PA 19115

July 3, 2013

Mr Montez Bethea PPN 761764 PICC 8301 State Road Philadelphia, PA 19136

Dear Mr. Bethea:

In the past week. I have spoken to Mr. Server, spoken to Ms. Williams and have again reviewed Sharon's witness statements on the alibi. I do not believe that the alibi is strong; however, I have filed a Notice of Alibi on your behalf. We will have to make a further decision at time of trial as to whether you wish to use the alibi. It is my professional opinion that the use of an alibi that the jury might not believe can be extremely dangerous for a defendant as the jury could figure that you are attempting to lie to them or putting up someone who is lying. Moreover, an alibi that resist entirely upon the testimony of one is mother, is not strong, for obvious reasons. However, this is something that we can further discuss. Gary, in an effort to help me, will get a Court Order from Judge Bronson for the probation officer's records.

I am taking a few days off until after July 8 but I am going to mark my calendar and plan to visit with you at some point between July 12 and July 20. I will set aside an extensive period of time where we will review the case from A to Z and begin to make final preparations for the trial that will begin in September. If you have any questions or concerns, please put them down on paper and, when I call you out at the prison visit, please bring it with you. Again, I will attempt to answer everything on my next prison visit. Thank you.

Very truly yours,

David Rudenstein DSR/mer

cc: Gary S. Server, Esquire

RR6 P3

TEZ WHOT'S OF DAWY!

IM SENDING YOU THIS LETTER AND I DON'T REALLY KNOW WHAT TO SAY OR HOW to SAY IT, but " TRULY SORRY FOR PUTTING YOU IN ALL THIS MESS... JUST WANT TO TRY AND EXPLAIN WHAT I WAS going through at the time I LIED ON YOU BY putting your NAME IN HAAA SITELATION. . THESE PEOPLE FOUND THOSE GINS AND STANTED + HROWIN DOUBLE LIFE AT ME DAWY, I got KIOS OUT THERE THAT I WAS TRYNA GET BACK to, Plus -HANT SHIT SHOOK ME UP LIKE CKARY. I NEVER HAD TO FACE ANYTHING LIKE HAT IN MY LIFE. I was telling the police the truth At First DOT THEY KEPT THROWING YOUR NAME OUT THERE telling me to Help mysect. I was cooking to A WAY OUT AND WASN'T HINKING About puts A FRIEND IN to SOMETHING HE HAD NOTHIN to Do with, I got myself some-wHAT A DEAL OUT HEE SITUATION DUT IT DON'T MAKE ME FEEL AND DETTER KNOWING YOU ARE LOCKED UP FOREVER FOR NOTHIN IM HEART to tell THE TRUTH AT COURT, DUT AGAIN 3 WAS HONKING About MYSELF AND MY FAMILY .. I KNOW that IF I TOLD THE TRUTH, I would Not HAVE CRAZY AS IT SOUND I REALLY WAS SCARED GAUGE UPSET WITH ME _ REALLY WAS IF YOU ARE NOT UPSET WITH ME

B88 .

INSTRUCTIONS Complete items number 1-8, if you follow preparing your request, it can be respond promptly and intelligently. To: (Name and Title of Officer) By. (Print Inmate Name and Number) Inmate Signature Work Assignment T. Housing Assignment Department of Correction INSTRUCTIONS Complete items number 1-8, if you follow preparing your request, it can be respond promptly and intelligently. 2. Date: 5. Unit Manager's Name Thousing Assignment Subject: State your request completely but briefly. Give details.	/ instructions :
Complete items number 1-8. If you follow preparing your request, it can be respond promptly and intelligently. To: (Name and Title of Officer) 2. Date: 4. Counselor's Name Inmate Signature To: (Name and Number) 7. Housing Assignment	r instructions ded to more
. To: (Name and Title of Officer) 2. Date: 4. Counselor's Name 5. Unit Manager's Name Inmate Signature 7. Housing Assignment	r instructions ded to more
. To: (Name and Title of Officer) 2. Date: 4. Counselor's Name 5. Unit Manager's Name Inmate Signature 7. Housing Assignment	
By. (Print Inmate Name and Number) Unit Manager's Name Inmate Signature Work Assignment 7. Housing Assignment	
5. Unit Manager's Name Inmate Signature 7. Housing Assignment	
Inmate Signature 7. Housing Assignment	
Work Assignment 7. Housing Assignment	
. Subject: State your request completely but briefly. Give details.	
	No constitution of the second
	bitaning district and a second
	HOMES 45-profit broad-profit agrees members and
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	P-18-118-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11

	And the second s
The second secon	
Lefter -	
250/-27	
for the state of t	
7625.0 11	b Anthony de ta
DRJUE PLEASE DO LE NOT à UNIDERSTAN,	7 21
To DC-14 CAR and DC-15 IRS / □	
beed DAWS, I'P JOU CAN FIND of MY YOUR H	3, W.T.
537 WIAPA BOND LOU GLO HELD HOW ENCE AGAIN TEE	1 3/11
	WRITE
	fraction .

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT

5) FILED

JUL 1 8 2017

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
COUNTY OF ERIE

PCRA Unit CP Criminal Listings

Of Olimers
Before me the subscriber personally appeared Darry Rigney
to me known, or satisfactorily proven to be, who being duly swom according to law, doth depose
and say I Am writing You today to Confirm the.
information that I supplied in the four (4) tetter's
that I sent to your client's family. I Minfact" the Author
of those Letter's. I'm Trepared to cooperate and Troujde you with All the
Notes sary and detailed information to assist your client first i would like to wake
while that i was not forced, threaten, wor was i choose in any way i am coming force
at my our free will, because i want the truth to get put out their about your client.
Please see below the fact's that I am will may to confirm and it would be testily to under
(in that i are the author of the letter's you have. (1) that i was actually on the Phone
with your dient at the time the murder's occurred (3) I DiD in Fact" called your
client the marring of the crime (4) Your Client came to the Judson street house
After the fact (5) Your client was not in the whote Cadular, when I drove
to the victim's house. The undersigned Does hereby state that the Facts in the
Attached Statement are true and correct (or are true and correct to the bost of
my knowledge, Information and Belief) and I expect to be Able to prove the sum
At a hearing held in this matter. I understand that the statement's horein are made sub-
1. The parely so 18 PA 5.584904 [Releting to influent Application and further deponent sayeth not.
Darrel Cigner 4.6.17
(Signature of affiant) (Date)

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me, a Notary Public of this Commonwealth

This 6 day of July 2017, by Company Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

HOTAMAL SEAL
Robin L. Hyberg, Heinry Public
Connecut Trip., Eile County
My Commission Expires Aug. 11, 2010

IRR9 PS

	FILED
FORM OF AFFIDAVIT	JUL 1 8 2017
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA) COUNTY OF ERIE)	PCRA Unit CP Criminal Listings
Before me the subscriber personally appeared DATTY RIGIDLY	
to me known, or satisfactorily proven to be, who being duly swom according to lav	w, doth depose
and say I Am writing You today to Confirm	
information that I supplied in the four (4) tetter's
that I sent to your client's family . IAM in f	act" the Author
of those Letter's. I'm Depared to cooperate and Provide.	for with All the
Necessary and detailed information to assist your dient. First i	
note that i was not forced, threaten, wor was i charse in any un	
of my own free will pocause i want the forth to get put out they	
Please see below the fact's that I am willing to confirm and if well	
it that i are the author of the letter's you have . (2) that i was act	
with your dient at the fine the murder's occurred (3) I DiD i	
client the marning of the crime (4) Your Client came to the Ju	1 (
After the fact (5) Your client was not in the whole Cadil	ac, whon I drove
to the victim's house, the undersigned Does hereby state that	the Facts in the
Attached Statement are true and correct (or are true and con	
my knowledge, Turamation and Relief) and I expect to be Alb	le to Drave the Sem
1 1 1/11/9 11 - 1/11/11/11/11	horen are made sub-
the paralles of 18 PA 5.5,84904 (Relating to influent filestration and further de	
le Authorities)	0.17
(Signature of affiant) (Date)	
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me, a Notary Public of this Commonwea	lth
This 6 day of July 201) by John S. July	
COMMENTAL SEAL Robbs L. Nyberg, Notery Public	EXHIBIT
Comment Twp., Ede County My Commission Expires Aug. 11, 2010	77

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA) COUNTY OF ERIE)
Before me the subscriber personally appeared DAMY RIGINAL
to me known, or satisfactorily proven to be, who being duly swom according to law, doth depose
and say I Am writing You today to Confirm the.
information that I supplied in the four (4) Letter's
that I sent to your client's failily. I'm in fact" the Author
of those letter's. I'm Trapured to cooperate and Provide You with All the
Notessary and detailed information to assist your client first i would like to wake
Note that I was not forced, threaten, Normas i Overse in any way am coming forward
at my own free will, because i want the truth to get put out their about your client.
Thouse see below the fact's that I am willing to confirm and it would be testify to under outh
(1) that i are the author of the letter's you have. (2) that I was actually on the Phone
with your dient at the first the murder's occurred (3) I DiD in Fact" called your
client the marring of the crime (4) your Client came to the Judson street house
After the fact (5) Your client was not in the white Cadilac when I drove
to the victim's house. The undersigned Does hereby state that the Facts in the
Attached statement are true and correct (or are true and correct to the bost of
my knowledge Information and Relief) and I expect to be Able to prove the same
At a hearing held in this matter. I understand that the statements havein are made sub-lect
the ponellies of 18 PA. 1.5.54904 (Relating to warm Fredham) and further deponent sayeth not.
to AVAIDIALES) Parual Pigney 4.6.17
(Signature of affiant) (Date)
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me, a Notary Public of this Commonwealth
This 6 day of 114 , 2017, by Commonwealth OF PENNSYLVANIA
HOTARIAL SEAL. Robin L. Nyberg, Hotary Public
Connecut Tup., Erie County My Cemmission Expires Aug. 11, 2018

inmate Maii PA Dept of Corrections



TERI B Himebaugh Lauyee 2201 Penna, AVR #513 Phila, Penna 19130

	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Form DC-135A	Department of Corrections
INMATE'S REQUEST TO STAFF MEMBER	
	INSTRUCTIONS
	Complete items number 1-8. If you follow instructions in preparing your request, it can be responded to more
	promptly and intelligently
1 To (Name and Title of Officer)	2. Date
3 By (Print Inmate Name and Number)	4. Counselor's Name
	5. Unit Manager's Name
Inmate Signature	
6. Work Assignment	7 Housing Assignment
8. Subject. State your request completely but briefly	Give details
40 TEX IMA	HELP YOU GET BACK HOME DAWS
T KNOW I WAS WKOND DY	T YALL WAS WRONG HOR
E SELLITIES AND RESPONSED TILITIES	HI SHIT KNOWING ALL THE SHET
	OW MY ADOLARY IS NOT
JEKCEPTED DUY TOK WHI	At Its WIRTH DAWG IMA
DO WHAT I AKTIA D	A TO GET LAND DARW IN
COURT MIL WORD D	Acua S
I ET ME KNOW THE PA	RESOURSE THAT WE MUST
JAKO AND IMA HEL	YOU OUT
	ното применя при
entanting adaption to the Augustian and Augu	
The state was a marriage was also recommend to the state of the state	
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	departments (manufactures) (Manufact
	The state of the s
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY	The second secon
AND I X II ZAN - WITH SERVICE AND AN INCOME SERVICE SE	
enementes e los em e estas que propriedada de la	
American Ame	Middlefor (1900) Mission were not the second control of the second
To DC-14 CAR only	To DC-14 CAR and DC-15 IRS
Staff Member Name/	Sign Date
ГІПД	EXHIBIT
Revised July 2000	1
	RR12 1 - 17

Case 2:20-cv-01389-MSG Document 1 Filed 03/11/20 Page 60 of 97

Form DC-135A	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
INMATE'S REQUEST TO STAFF MEMBER	Department of Corrections
MANUE OFFICE TO STATE THE MENTER	INSTRUCTIONS
	Complete items number 1-8. If you follow instructions in
•	preparing your request, it can be responded to more
	promptly and intelligently.
To. (Name and Title of Officer)	2 Date
3. By. (Print Inmate Name and Number)	4. Counselor's Name
Western Assessment and the control of the control o	5. Unit Manager's Name
Inmate Signature	
6 Work Assignment	7. Housing Assignment
8. Subject: State your request completely but briefly. G	ive details.
	M SORRY FOR WHAT I DID DAWS
IM ALSO SOREY FOR CHING	ON YOU THOSE PEOPLE FOUND
THOSE QUNS & STARTED THE	WTHROWING DOUBLE LIFE AT ME
DAWG AXID I GOT THOSE KI	OS OUT THERE THAT I WAS TRYNA
AGY DACK TO THAT SHIT S'	TOOK ME UP HOW 12 ALL THE
SHIT TONE TO ALL THE S	HIT MY AND MY BOYZ PARKED!
WALL D PROME THE IN	The state of the s
MONCH BECOME THIS INCH	THE SUST AS WELL AC YOU
WHAT I DID TO YOU HURT	ME DANS, IM DON DO SUHAT
QUEE IT IS THAT IT CONTA	Do to MAKE IT RIGHT WITH
you WHATEVER BRO, TO GALL	I LIED to DOUCE & IN COURT
PECAUSE I WAS SCARED daws	B CRAEY AS IT SOUND, IT REALLY WAS
HOW EVER YOU NEED MY IN THE	COURTS'IM GONNA HELP YOU CLAND!
Andread State of the second se	
STATES THE THE RESIDENCE OF THE PRODUCTION AS THE STATES OF THE STATES AS A STATE OF THE STATES AS A STATES AS A STATE OF THE STATES AS A STATE	The second secon
	The second secon
Annual property of the Control of th	
AND THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY	
The contraction of the contracti	1 * **********************************
- Managaran Mana	
por et appropriate e como que que partido de la como que partido de la como d	
To DC-14 CAR only	To DC-14 CAR and DC-15 IRS
Staff Member Name//	Date
Print	Sign
Revised July 2000	EATHDII
1767ISBU JULY 2000	ODIZ II Ph
	KND

(Bock Side)

6119 to tEZ

RRIH

Tez
what's up bool I know it took me Alittle
longer that then Expected to get back wit you.
but to keep it short and brief to ready
Affordavit or what ever it takes to help
you and duke Just let me Know whom to
Start My people is up here and he knows
bow to do that law work. He knows my
struction and he's willing to help me help
yall, write to him and Give him step by
stop on how you would like to Approach
this situation, Send me duke tota Also
In tryra get this shit wrapped up for
yall. I cert heave yoll like that
Write to me or and my people
we up Albien Brian Young DX-3506
DATTYL BIGGOT 1F-1056
PS I can't take
buch what happened
but I can do what
EXHIBIT
get bek out. RR15 PS

Records for Target Number 2155261798

metro

P's records

Yes

Yes

Yes

	Search Numb	or: 2155261798 3	earch Dates: 1	2/7/2010 - 12/6/	2010					
12/7/2010 07:10:07 0:26	Curativa Cal	0678503844	2678503846	Not Answered		·	Philadelphia		492	1 49
12/7/2010 07 21 37 11:49	Outgoing Call Incoming Call		2155201798	Answered	<u> </u>	2676502648	Philadelphia		492	3 48
12/7/2010 09:15:08 1 14	Incoming Call		2155261798	Answered	 	2158881134			486	3 48
12/7/2010 10:12:44 0.02	Incoming Call			Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2673079391	Philadelphia		486	3 48
12/7/2010 10 57 47 0.58			THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE		CON LAST - 40 Labit	2013018381	Philadelphia		486	3 48
	Outgoing Call		2679713604	Answered		 	Philadelphia		492	1 49
12/7/2010 11:00:00 0:13	Outgoing Call			Answered			Philadelphia		492	1 49
12/7/2010 11.27:54 0 17	Outgoing Call		2158881134	Answered					492	1 49
12/7/2010 11 28:44 0:32	Outgoing Call		2152609444	Answered	Car Clara Na Dank	0467004064	Philadelphia		492	1 49
12/7/2010 11:30:50 0:05	Incoming Call			Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COL			1 492
12/7/2010 11 44-62 18:21	Outgoing Call			Anewored			Philadelphia		492	
12/7/2010 12 11 25 0 52	Incoming Call		2155261798	Answered			Philadelphia		486	6 48
12/7/2010 12:42:57 0.26	Incoming Call		2155261788	Answered			Philadelphia		492	1 49
12/7/2010 12:47:02 5:40	Incoming Cat		2155261798	Answerted	None		Philadelphia		486	3 484
12/7/2010 12:47:32 0:50	Incoming Call		2155261798	Answered	Call Waiting		Philadelphia		486	3 48
12/7/2010 13 08 30 0:50	Incoming Call		2155261798	Answered			Philadelphia		486	3 486
12/7/2010 13:09:43 1 28	Incoming Call		2155261798	Answered			Phil adel phia		482	1 49
12/7/2010 13 12 42 0 05	Incoming Call	7612155261798	2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2879713604	Philadelphia		492	1 497
12/7/2010 13 26 30 0:43	Outgoing Call			Answered			Philadelphia		492	1 49
12/7/2010 13.66 33 0 06	Incoming Call	7612155261798	2155261796	Answered		2154001381			492	1 49
12/7/2010 13.57 15 0:05	Incoming Call	7812155281798	2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001361	Philedelphia		492	1 493
12/7/2010 14.10:32 0 11	Outgoing Ca'l	2679713604	2679713604	Not Answered			Philadelphia		492	1 49:
12/7/2010 14 11 00 0 05	Outgoing Call	2679713604	2679713604	Not Answered			Philadelphia		492	1 493
12/7/2010 14 11 38 0 28	Outgoing Call	2679713604	2679713604	Answered			Philadelphia	1	492	1 492
12/7/2010 14 38 35 0 04	Incoming Call	7612155261798	2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia	3	486	3 484
12/7/2010 14.47 58 0.21	Incoming Call		2155261798	Answered		2155310894	Philadelphia	1	492	1 49
12/7/2010 14.48.46 0.29	Outgoing Cell	2156881813	2156881813	Answered			Philadelphia	4	486	4 480
12/7/2010 15 02 36 1:13	Incoming Cali		2155261798	Answered		2674811735	Philadelphia	6	486	6 486
12/7/2010 15:05:45 0 19	Outgoing Call	2673079391	2673079391	Not Answered			Philadelphia	3	491	5 49
12/7/2010 15:08:08 0 0:10	Outgoing Call	2673079391		Not Answered			Philadelphia	6	486	6 480
12/7/2010 15:17:00 0:10	Outpoing Call	2673079391		Not Answered			Philadelphia!	5	491	5 49
12/7/2010 15.38 33 8.56	Incoming Call		2155261798	Anewered		2673079391	Philadelphia	3	491	5 486
12/7/2010 15 52 50 0.09	Outgoing Call	2875884100	2675884100	Not Answered		***************************************	Philedelonia	2	493	2 493
12/7/2010 15.53 49 0:22	Outgoing Cali	2673079391		Answered			Philedelphie		493	2 493
12/7/2010 18:04 58 0:02	Incoming Call		2155261798	Not Answered	**************************************	2675884100		6	488	6 460
12/7/2010 16.05 01 0.17	Cutooing Call	2675884100		Answered			Philedelphia		486	6 486
12/7/2010 18:05:20 0:08	Incoming Call			Answered	Cadl FWD - Busy	2156881134				
12/7/2010 16 05:39 0:05	Incoming Call			Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2168881134		8	486	6 486
12/7/2010 18 06:02 0:21	Outgoing Call	2673333317		Answered	None		Philadelphia		486	6 480
12/7/2010 16:06:26 0:24	Outgoing Call	26733333317		Answered	None		Philadelphia		486	6 486
12/7/2010 16:11:48 0:27	Incoming Call		2155261796	Anewered		2673079391	Philadelphia		486	6 486
12/7/2010 18 22 55 0 07	Outpoing Call	And the second second second second		Anewored		120,00,000	Philadelphia		478	1 478
12/12/10 110.22 05 10 07	Compound Case	2132041429	4 1 0 4 0 7 1 7 6 V	1-vieword		<u> </u>	- INSCREAMENTS	<u> </u>	7701	11475





Records for Target Number: 2155261798

metroPCS.

	Search Humb	arrole Dutos:	2/7/2010 - 12/0/	2010						
	Incoming Call	2155261798	Answered	None	2673332828	Philippin in India	1	470	11	470
12/7/2010 16:58:33 0:26		2678946730 2676946730	Anewered	LLC: NO	2013332020	Philadelphia	6	457		470
12/7/2010 17:04:58 2:30	Outgoing Call	2154328990 2154328990			ļ	Phiadelphia	- 1	470		470
12/7/2010 17:07:43 0:29	Outpoing Call		Anewered	11	20700000		1	470		470
12/7/2010 17:29:07 0:49	Incoming Call	2155261796 2152841429 2152841429	Anewered	None	2673333317	Philadelphia	6	467	- 18	457
12/7/2010 17:39:40 1:24	Outgoing Call		Answered	Complete Na Donk	2154103312		1	460		469
12/7/2010 17:59:15 0:08	Incoming Call		Answered	Call FWD - No Reply			6	486	8	486
12/7/2010 18 43:35 0 58	incoming Call	2155261796	Anewered	0.000	2154326990		8			486
12/7/2010 18:43:48 11:14	incoming Call	2155261798	Answered	Call Walting	2673079391			486		
12/7/2010 19 10:12 0:20	Outgoing Cali	2673332828 2673332828	Answered	None		Philadelphia	3	477	3	477 477
12/7/2010 19:10:44 0:24	Outgoing Call	2158881134 2158881134	Anewered			Philadelphia	5	477	5	477
12/7/2010 19:12:41 0:25	Outgoing Call	2158681134 2155681134	Not Answered			Philedelphie	5	477	5	
12/7/2010 19:13:28 1:16	incoming Cali	2155261796	Answered	<u> </u>	2154326990		3	477	5	477
12/7/2010 19 17:05 0:26	Outgoing Call	2675884100 2675884100	Anewered			Philadelphia	- 5	478	5	478
12/7/2010 19:17:45 7:08	Incoming Call	2155261796	Answered		2875884100		5	478	6	480
12/7/2010 19:26:22 0:21	incoming Call	2185281798	Answersd		2673079391	Philedelphia	_ 9	491	6	486
12/7/2010 19:48 59 2 58	Outgoing Call	2673079391 2673079391	Anewered			Philedelphia	- 6	486	8	486
12/7/2010 20:30.35 0:25	Outgoing Call	2157584584 2157584584	Anawered	None		Philadelphia	- 6	488		480
12/7/2010 21 08:18 1:01	Outgoing Call	2675945824 2676945824	Answered			Philadelphia	- 6	468	6	486
12/7/2010 21 17:35 0.20	Outgoing Call	2159105030 2159105030	Answered			Philadelphia	6	466	6	486
12/7/2010 21 28 23 2:55	incoming Cell	2155261796	Anewered		2673079391		5	491	6	486
12/7/2010 21:31 38 (0:30	Incoming Call	2155261796	Anewered			Philedelphia	5	491		491
12/7/2010 21 42:17 1:28	Incoming Call	2155261796	Anewered		2675684100	Philadelphia	5	491	5	491
12/7/2010 21:43:55 0:46	Outgoing Call	2152841429 2152841429	Anewered			Philadelphia	0	486	6	486
12/7/2010 21 57:14 0:50	Incoming Cell	2155261796	Answered		2154001381	Philadelphia	9	486	6	450
12/7/2010 22:02 11 0:35	Outgoing Call	2152641429 2152641429	Answered			Philadelphia	6	480	8	486
12/7/2010 22 07:51 (0:38	Incoming Call	2155261795	Answered		2152841429	Philiedelphie	6	480	6	486
12/7/2010 22:09:04 0:21	Outgoing Cell	2675584100 2675584100	Anewered			Philadelphia	6	486		486
12/7/2010 22 19:20 0:12	Outgoing Call	2676027268 2676027258	Not Answered			Philadelphia	5	486	5	400
12/7/2010 22:28:32 0:25	Incoming Call	2155261798	Not Answered		2154001381	Philadelphia	6	480	. 8	486
12/7/2010 22:57:47 0:36	Incoming Call	2155261798	Answered		2154001381	Philadelphile	5	486	5	400
12/8/2010 00:34 32 0:39	Dutgoing Call	2673333317 2673333317	Anewered	None		Philedelphia	3	491	3	491
12/8/2010 01:23 23 0:13	Incoming Call	2156261798	Not Answered	None	2677700434	Philledelphia	1	492	1	492
12/6/2010 01:23 43 0:23	Outgoing Cell	2077700434 2677700434	Ariswered	None		Philadelphia	3	486	3	480
12/8/2010 09.02:43 0:09	Incoming Call		Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2673079391	Philledelphia	3	486	3	486
12/8/2010 09:05:11 0:03	Incoming Call	7612165261798 2156261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381		3	486	3	480
12/6/2010 09:29:36 0:33	Outgoing Call	2673079391 2673079391	Answered		1	Philadelphia	3	485	3	480
12/8/2010 09:30:42 0 11	Outpoing Call	2675684100 2675884100	Not Answered		1	Philedelphia	3	486	3	480
10/01/2010 00/24/25 0/47	-Octoob gründt	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			1	Philedelphia	1	*106	1	492
12/8/2010 09:34 28 6 13	Outgoing Call	2673079391/2673079391	Answered		1	Philedelphie	3	486	1	492
12/8/2010 10:08:50 4:51	Incoming Call	2155261798	Anewered		2673079391	Philedelphia	3	492	6	486
123/2010 10:40/10 0:24	Outpolon Call	2460041120 2152841420			1-31-31-30	Philadelphia	6	486	6	486

metroPCS



[80	earch Numbe	r: 2156281798 S	earch Dates: 12	1712010-12/91	1010						
1													40
	2/8/2010 10:65 18				@1828-1428				Philadelphia	3	491	3	49
	12/8/2010 11:20:22		Surgoing Call			Animored			Philedelphia	5	486	6	486
	12/8/2010 11 38,27			7812155281798	2155261798	Answered	CALL FWD - No Repty	2154001381		8	486	6	
	12/8/2010 11:50:60		utgoing Call			Anewered			Philadelphia	2	492	2	492
	12/8/2010 11:56:02		ungoing Call			Answered			Philedelphia	2	492	2	48
	12/8/2010 11:56:52		nooming Cal			Anewered			Philadelphia	6	485	- 6	481
	12/8/2010 12:02:09		rooming Call			Answered		2676504815	Philledelphia	3	486	3	
	12/8/2010 12 45:30		ungoing Call		And the last termination of th	Anewered			Philedelphia	5	486	5	480
	2/8/2010 12 52.12		utgoing Cell			Anewored			Philedelphia	8	486	5	
	12/8/2010 12 58:33		rutgoing Call			Answered			Philadelphia	6	486	6	488
	12/8/2010 13:03:04		utgoing Call			Anewered			Philedelphia	6	486	6	481
	12/8/2010 13 12 03		utgoing Call			Answered			Philedelphia	5	486	5	486
	12/8/2010 13.39:45		coming Call			Anewered			Philadelphia	5	486	5	480
	12/8/2010 13 44 33		utgoing Call			Answered			Philedelphia	5	486	5	484
	12/8/2010 13 50 11		coming Call			Not Answered		2154001381	Philedelphia	5	486	5	48
₹	12/8/2010 13:57 32	2·00 O	utgoing Cell			Answered			Philedelphia	5	486	_ 3	46
	2/8/2010 14:03 51		utgoing Cali		The second second second	Anawered			Philedelphie	5	486	5	48
٣į	2/8/2040 14:04:04	14·11 · ·· D	Ligoing Gal			Anament Street			Philadelphia	5	485	6	48
•	2/8/2010 14:22:39	0;20	utgoing Call	2159105030	2159105030	Anawered			Philadelphia	6	488	6	45
Ī	2/8/2010 14:24.33	3:21 0	utgoing Call	215910503	2159105030	Anewered			Philadelphia	8	488	6	48
Ι	2/8/2010 14:38:13	0:39 In	coming Call			Answered		2873079391	Philedelphia	6	486	6	48
Ī	2/8/2010 14:45.58	0:43	utgoing Call	1672152350496	2152350498	Answered			Philedelphia	- 6	486	6	40
ſ	2/8/2010 14:50 59	0:42	utgoing Call	2678195859	2678195659	Anewered	None		Philadelphia	8	486	6	48
4	2/8/2010 15:17.15	0.05 lo	coming Call	7612155261796	2155261798		Call FWD - No Reply		Phliedelphie	6	486	6	48
Ī	2/8/2010 15:26 58	0.05 in	coming Call	7812165241796	155261798	Answered	Cell FWD - No Reply	2158471803	Philadelphia	ð	486	6	48
Ī	2/8/2010 15:29:08	0.07 In	coming Call	7812165261798	2155261796	Ansevered	Call FWD - No Reply	2155547042	Philedelphia	6	486	6	40
T	2/8/2010 15:34.44	0:05 ln	coming Call	7612155261796	2165261798	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply	2675846160	Philedelphia	6	486	6	40
Ī	2/8/2010 16:39:33	0:06 In	coming Call	7812155281798	2155261798	Answered	Cell FWD - No Reply	2675845160	Philadelphia				
I	2/8/2010 15:39:43	0:04 ln	coming Call	7612155261798	2165261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2675845160	Philadelphia				
	2/8/2010 15:39:52	0:04 ln	coming Call	7812155281798	2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2675845160	Philadelphia				
Ī	2/8/2010 15 51:32	0:04 kr	coming Call	7612155261798	2155261798	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philedelphia				
ı	2/8/2010 15:51:51	0:04 In	coming Call	7812155261796	2156261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Raply	2154001381	Philedelphia				
ľ	2/8/2010 15:52:01	0:06 In	coming Call	7612155261798	2155261798	Anewered	Cell FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philedelphia				
Ī	2/8/2010 15:52:11):04 In	coming Call	7612155261796	2155261796	Anewered	Call FWO - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia				
ı	2/8/2010 15:58:50 1	0:05 In	coming Call	7612155261796	2156261798	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply	2675845160	Philipdelphia				
ı	2/8/2010 16:01:56			7612165261798		Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philedelphia				
٠.	2/8/2010 16:02 10			7612155261788		Answered	Call FWD - No Reply		Philadelphia				
	2/8/2010 16:02:30			7612155261798		Answered			Philadelphia				
	2/8/2010 16 17.16			7612155261796		Answered			Philadelphia				
	2/8/2010 16:23:08			7612155261798		Anewored	Call FWD - No Reply						
	2/8/2010 16 23:21			7612155261796		Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2476712604	District	-			

Records for Target Number: 2155261798

metroPCS



	Search Number: 2155261798 Search Dates: 1	2/1/2010 - 12/W	2010				
12/8/2010 16 23:40 0 33			Call FWD - No Raply				
12/8/2010 16 32:15 0:07	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply	2675845160	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 17,27 11 0:03	Incoming Call 7512155261798 2155261798	Answered	Cell FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/6/2010 18:18:58 0 10	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2156261798	Anewered	Cell FWD - No Reply	2155310894	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 16 19:53 0:09	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154325595	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 18:20 23 0 05	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154325595	Philedelphia		
12/8/2010 20 29:23 0:12	Incoming Cell 7612155261798 2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 20:29:57 0:07	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261796	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philedelphia		
12/8/2010 20.38:04 0.07	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 20 37.14 0:05	Incoming Call 7612165261798 2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Rapty	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 20:39 12 0:09	Incoming Call 7612155281798 2155281798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2673079391	Philadelphia	1	
12/8/2010 20:39:32 0:04	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered		2673079391			
12/8/2010 20 40 22 0:04	Incoming Cell 7612155261796 2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/8/2010 20 49 12 0 04	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Raply				
12/5/2010 20 55.11 0.04	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered		2673079391			
12/8/2010 21 01 48 0 05	Incoming Cell 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered		2154001381			
12/8/2010 21 28 27 0 07	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered		2675078652			
12/8/2010 22:04:49 0:07	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/8/2010 22:28 54 0:04	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/8/2010 22 34 04 0 08	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2153915839	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 22.44.17 0.06	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261795	Anewered			Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 23:30 49 0:06	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2672958014	Philadelphia		!
12/8/2010 23 31:01 0:07	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	1	2672988014	Philadelphia		
12/6/2010 23:41 11 0:06	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 23:44.12 0:02	Incoming Call 7612155261796 2155261798	Not Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2158471803	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 23.54:03 0 06	Incoming Call 7612155261796 2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001351	Philadelphia		
12/8/2010 23:54 23 0 08	Incoming Call 7612155261796[2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Repty	2154001381	Philadelphia	 	
12/9/2010 00:05:11 0:05	Incoming Cell 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Raply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/9/2010 00 12.26 0:05	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/9/2010 00:18:16 0:03	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 00:34 26 0:06	Incoming Call 7612155261796 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 01:20:31 0:08	Incoming Call 7812155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 01.42.34 [0.04	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		
12/9/2010 01:48:28 0:03	Incoming Call 7812155261798 2155261796	Anewered	Celt FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philedelphie	,	
12/9/2010 02:08.15 0:06	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2155261796	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 07:21.43 0:03	Incoming Call 7612155261798 2156261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 07:53 47 0:05	Incoming Cell 7612155251798 2155261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 06:20:11 0:04	Incoming Call 7612155261796 2155261798	Anawered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philedelphia		
12/9/2010 08.40:15 0:39	Incoming Call 7612155261796 2155261796	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2155310894	Philedelphia		
12/9/2010 09:15:32 0:03	Incoming Cal. 7612155281798 2155261798	Anewered	Call FWD - No Reply				
12/9/2010 09:27:13 0:04	Incoming Call 7612155261796 2156261798	Answered	Call FWD - No Reply	2154001381	Philadelphia		

First Judicial District of Pennsylvania

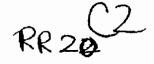
51CR00094622011 Darryl Rigney

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013



First Judicial District of Pennsylvania 100 South Broad Street, Second Floor Philadelphia, PA 19110 (215) 683-8000 FAX:(215) 683-8005

> Original File 52013 Sarmina, p.t. 75 Pages CRS Catalog ID 13090184



51CR00094622011 Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013 Darryl Rigney Page 2 Page 1 IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS [1] APPEARANCES: [1] RICHARD SAX, ESQUIRE FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA [2] Assistant Distnet Attorney CRIMINAL TRIAL DIVISION [3] for the Commonwealth [4" (5) COMMONWEALTH . CP-51-CR-0009462-2011 [4] JOSEPH SANTAGUIDA, ESQUIRE Attorney for Defendant [5] vs [ô] [6] [7] DARRYL RIGNEY 17 [8] [8] (91 [9] May 20, 2013 [10] [10] [11] [11] [12] [12] Room 507 Criminal Justice Center [13] 113] [14] Philadelphia, Pennsylvania [14] [15] Guilty Plea [15] [16] [16] [17] [17] [18] BEFORE: THE HONORABLE M. TERESA SARMINA, J [18] [19] [:9] [20] [20] [23] [21] [22] (22) [23] [23] [24] [24] 7 [25] [26] Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 4 [3] THE COURT: So what is the offer? · [1] INDEX We're switching gears now to Mr. Rigney. : [2] DR CREDR RCR 13] COMMONWEALTH'S EVIDENCE [3] MR. SAX: Two counts of third-degree [4] (None presented.) murder. We would waive the automatic life [4] [5] DEFENDANT'S EVIDENCE . [5] sentence. Two counts of robbery and one count [6] of conspiracy. (None presented.) THE COURT: And he has to testify 173 [7] (8) [8] against the co-defendants? EXHIBITS MR. SAX. And he has to testify against [B] DESCRIPTION IDENT, EVID 10] NO. Montez Bethca [10] [11] THE COURT When were you going to tell (None marked at this time) ;12] [12] me that? 13] MR. SAX. Well, I'm not even telling [13] [4] [*5] [14] you that, Your Honor, until he tells us that. [15] I mean, that's always been a possibility. [17] 18,1 [16] THE COURT Well, I kind of feel like [19] [17] why is this being done on the day we're picking 201 [18] the jury? [21] [22] [19] MR. SAX. It's not my client. Okay [23]

RR23

Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029

[24]

[20]

[21]

[22] [23]

[24]

[25]

went up there.

MR. SANTAGUIDA Judge, he never

THE COURT And what happened then?

MR. SANTAGUIDA The first thing when I

suggested that he was going to cooperate,

never, until Saturday or Friday, whenever I

Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

		Page 5			Page 6
[1]	went to see him, he said, they make an offer?	_	[1]	safe house and the cops just happened to see	-
121	They make an offer? I said yeah. I don't	([2]	them and arrested them there	
(3)	think you're going to be too happy with it I	į.	[3]	MR. SAX. It wasn't so safe.	
[4]	said 20-to-40. He said, you know, I'll	1	[4]	MR. SANTAGUIDA Right	
[5]	cooperate. I said you never said that Oh,		[5]	MR SAX Your Honor, can I hand the	
[6]	yeah. Oh, yeah. Okay. So that was the first	1	[6]	Court his statement?	
[7]	I knew about it	1	{7}	THE COURT: You can let whoever the	
(8)	THE COURT: All right Well, we're	1	[8]	officers are that are out there just trying to	
19;	going to do a full colloquy, because if he ends	1	[9]	come in know that they're free to come in now	
[10]	up deciding not to testify, he's still going to	1	10]	MR. SAX Thank you. And I don't	
[11]	get the two thirds and whatever else. I don't	í	11]	really disagree with Mr Santaguida's	
[12]	know what. And maybe he's going to have to	1	12]	recitation. The interpretation of what he says	
[13]	allocute here about what it is that he's going	1	13]	to the detectives is quite different from our	
114]	to be testifying to.	1	[14]	perspective, should we have gone to trial	
[15]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Sure He gave a	ĺ.	[15]	But, yes	
[16]	statement. The statement he gave he said they	([16]	THE COURT So what is it that he's	
[17]	went to buy marijuana, three guys. He was the	ţ	17]	going to be testifying to against the other	
[18]	driver They went inside. He said he didn't	ş	[18]	two?	
[19]	hear any shots, but when they came out they	۱۰	[19]	MR. SAX To everything that he said in	
[20]	came out with a big duffle bag so he knew they	. [[20]	his statement plus, if this is to go down, then	
{21}	didn't go buy two ounces because they came out	1	[21]	he would have to admit that he knew it was	
[22]	with a big duffle bag. They jumped in the car	1	[22]	going to be a robbery shead of time. I'm not	
[23]	and they said go, go, go, go, go. So he went	, i	[23]	having him plead guilty or agreeing that he	
[24]	to, like, a safe house.	į	[24]	should plead guilty to a robbery and a	
[25]	They all got out. They went inside the	i	[25]	conspiracy and the resultant murders that	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	'ee , }		Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	1 (Special Control of	S7		165° 9 42 1	D 0
		Page 7		0.0	Page 8
[1]	occurred unless be concedes and admits that he	- ,	111	a standard proffer letter and also a Memorandum	Page 8
[1] [2]	occurred unless be concedes and admits that he knew it was going to be a robbery.	· · · · ·	[2]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that	Page 8
	•	· · · · ·		of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that	Page 8
[2]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to		[2]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer	Page 8
[2] [3]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He	· .	[3] [2]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now	Page 8
[2] [3] [4]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut.	· ·	[2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He	· ·	[2] [3] [4] [5]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is.	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: 1 don't think he's going to say that.	· .	[2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead.		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever.	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have	rage s
[2] (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery?		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty	rage s
[2] (3) [4] (5) [6] [7] [8] [9]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible.		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him — if true — adopt the statement and then	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut, MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him — if true — adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	hew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut, MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him — if true — adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	knew it was going to be a robbery. THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut, MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin.		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him — if true — adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are,	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds		[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [15] [17] [18]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [18]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment.	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all MR. SANTAGUIDA. I offered to waive		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [19] [19]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him — if true — adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment. I think that it might not be necessary	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all MR. SANTAGUIDA. I offered to waive They said no		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [10] [10] [11] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [18] [19] [19] [10] [1	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him — if true — adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment. I think that it might not be necessary in terms of economics of time. If we do	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all MR. SANTAGUIDA. I offered to waive They said no MR. SAX. May I address the Court?		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [19] [20] [21] [22]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment. I think that it might not be necessary in terms of economics of time—If we do exactly what the Court had suggested, which	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all MR. SANTAGUIDA. I offered to waive They said no MR. SAX. May I address the Court? THE COURT: You may.		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [1	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment. I think that it might not be necessary in terms of economics of time—If we do exactly what the Court had suggested, which perhaps in a very complete and full colloquy	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23] [24]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all MR. SANTAGUIDA. I offered to waive They said no MR. SAX. May I address the Court? THE COURT: You may. MR. SAX: On just the issues we wore		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [19] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23] [24]	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment. I think that it might not be necessary in terms of economics of time—If we do exactly what the Court had suggested, which perhaps in a very complete and full colloquy include under oath that aspect of the amendment.	rage s
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	THE COURT That what? MR. SAX: That he knew it was going to be a robbery. He waited around afterwards. He drove them afterwards. He waited for his cut. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he's going to say that. MR. SAX: Well, then he can't plead guilty. Why would he plead guilty if he's not admitting that he was involved in the robbery? But the thing is that he would have to say that, or else I don't find him to be credible and I would have a hard time presenting him as a witness in the two shooters' cases if he's not credible. So let me hand this up to the Court, to Mr. Brechemin. THE COURT All right. So it sounds like we might be picking a jury after all MR. SANTAGUIDA. I offered to waive They said no MR. SAX. May I address the Court? THE COURT: You may.		[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [1	of Agreement detailing some of the things that we mentioned. And so one of the things that sometimes happens is pursuant to the proffer letter there would be a statement taken. Now this statement again is 98 percent of what we believe the truth is. THE COURT: Which may or may not be the actual truth, but whatever. MR. SAX. Most likely what I would have sought at this time, if he enters into a guilty plea, or if that's his intention, is to have him—if true—adopt the statement and then be asked a question or two in addition. Is there anything you want to change and/or correct? And if it's true that he knew it was going to be a robbery, as all indications are, then that would be the addition or the amendment. I think that it might not be necessary in terms of economics of time—If we do exactly what the Court had suggested, which perhaps in a very complete and full colloquy	rage s

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

		Page 9			Page 10
[1]	Santaguida, the Court, Your Honor, or myself,	-0	[1]	Monday in September, I believe	
[2]	probably best after having Mr. Santaguida		[2]	THE COURT. So Mr. Rigney - did you	
[3]	discuss this with him at some point. So that		[3]	want to talk to him in the booth, Mr	
[4]	would eliminate the necessity, perhaps, of any		[4]	Santaguida?	
[5]	delay this morning taking him over somewhere or		[5]	MR. SANTAGUIDA. I can talk to him	
[6]	having him do a second statement, if he's going		16)	here	
[7]	to under oath adopt that		[7]	MR. SAX: Second Monday, September 9th.	
[8]	THE COURT. If you're having hun		[8]	MR. SANTAGUIDA Judge, he's never	
[9]	testify against the other two guys, why does he		[9]	going to say that he knew they were going to	
[101]	have to admit that, if they're the ones that		[10]	rob the person, so let's pick a jury	
[11]	went in and did whatever they did? I assume		[11]	THE COURT Okay	
{ :2]	they took this stuff and killed two people		[12]	MR. SANTAGUIDA. He would be lying to	
[13]	there, is that what it was?		[13]	say that.	
[14]	MR. SAX; Yes. Brutally Why would I		[14]	THE COURT. Well, I still want to do a	
15)	want anyone to plead guilty if they weren't		[15]	colloquy	
[16]	guilty of a robbery and a conspiracy?		[16]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Certainly	
[17]	THE COURT. Okay. Let's have him out		[17]	THE COURT: - so that later there's no	
[18]	(The defendant enters the courtroom at		[18]	questions about that.	
[19]	this time.)		[19]	And what was offered, as I understand	
[20]	THE COURT And the offer was for		[20]	it could he be sworn in, please?	
[21]	20-to-40 to two counts of third, waiving		[21]	THE COURT CRIER. Yes, Your Honor	
[22]	mandatory life, and two counts of robbery.	٩	[22]	Sir, state your full name, spell your	
[23]	MR. SAX. And conspirately The trial,		[23]	last name for the record. THE DEFENDANT. Darryl Rigney,	
[24]	Your Honor, is listed in September before Judge		[24]		
[25]	Bronson. I think that's September the first. Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		[25]	R-I-G-N-E-Y. Marrin Soula PIMP CPP (215) 693 9070	
	Megali Solite, RMR, CRR (215) 003-0029		ا مشي	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
		Page t1			Page 12
[1]		• ,	' m	first-degree murder and second-degree murder	
[2]	DARRYL RIGNEY, after having been duly		[2]	carry a mandatory life sentence, and for	
[3]	sworn, was examined and testified as		[3]	second-degree murder	
[4]	follows.		[4]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: There's no first First was quashed.	
[5]	THE COURT Good morning, Mr. Rigney. We're here to pick the jury for your case, and		[5] [6]	THE COURT: It was?	
(6)	before we start jury selection I guess I'm		[7]	MR. SAX. Only for him, yes	
[?] [B]	going to conduct a colloquy, a discussion with		[8]	THE COURT Only for you	
[9]	you about the offer that was made. And that		[9]	MR. SAX: By concession	
[10]	was an offer of 20-to-40 years incarceration		[10]	THE COURT Thank you for that	
[11]	and the District Attorney's Office would waive		[11]	clarification.	
(12)	the mandatory life sentence		[12]	So you're facing right now, for	
[13]	If you're found guilty of even two		1131	trial, you're facing second-degree murder,	
[14]	counts of third-degree murder, then it is a		[14]	third-degree murder, I guess, and the robbery	
{15}	mandatory life sentence, two counts of robbery		[15]	charges, et cetera. And so the District	
[16]	and one count of criminal conspiracy, and that		[16]	Attorney's Office is willing to offer you the	
[17]	you would have to testify against the other two		[, 1]	20-to-40 for two counts of third-degree murder	
[18]	individuals, Montez and Rashon. Am I correct		[18]	under the circumstances I've already described,	
[19]	on those names?		[19]	but I guess their point is that - or their	
[20]	MR. SAX. You are. Montez Bethea,		[20]	perspective is that you knew it was going to be	
[21]			147143	a robbery And so they're not willing to have	
-	Rashon James And we would also not be		'{21]	, ,	
[22]	proceeding on second-degree murder, which this		[22]	you go and testify against the other two guys	
[22] [23]	proceeding on second-degree murder, which this case very much is from our perspective.		[22] [23]	you go and testify against the other two guys if you didn't know it was going to be a	
[22] [23] [24]	proceeding on second-degree murder, which this case very much is from our perspective. THE COURT: And the second-degree		[22] [23] [24]	you go and testify against the other two guys if you didn't know it was going to be a robbery. And so do you understand what the	
[22] [23]	proceeding on second-degree murder, which this case very much is from our perspective.		[22] [23]	you go and testify against the other two guys if you didn't know it was going to be a	

Megan Soule, O.C.R

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

		Page 13			Page 14
[1]	THE DEFENDANT Yes, I do		[1]	MR. SAX So what we'll be arguing to	
[2]	THE COURT And so you're saying		[2]	the jury in terms of the circumstances of what	
[3]	you've said to your attorney and you're saying		[3]	happened beforehand, they switched cars, they	
[4]	to the Court that you did not know that it was		[4]	he had a they pulled up in a purple Mercury,	
[5]	going to be a robbery?		[5]	I think, and they switched into a white	
[6]	THE DEFENDANT Yes, I said that.		[6]	Cadillac and he stayed around for all the	
[7]	THE COURT: And so what you're saying		[7]	proceeds being divvied up. And so all these	
[8]	is that and I haven't gotten through the		[8]	things would be our argument relative to why he	
[9]	entire statement, which Mr Sax handed up a		191	knew that it was more than a couple of ounces	
[10]	couple of minutes ago - you thought you were		[10]	of weed being purchased in a friendly kind of	
[11]	doing what?		[11]	situation	
[12]	THE DEFENDANT Just taking my friends		[12]	I understand if Mr Rigney doesn't want	
[13]	to go buy some marijuana, two ounces of		[13]	to concede that. That's why we have jury	
[14]	marijuana.		[14]	trials. And I'm sure he's thought about all	
[15]	THE COURT Yes, go ahead.		[15]	that But since the Court was having a little	
[16]	MR. SAX: Certainly I don't mind		[16]	bit of a colloquy with the defendant, I offered	
[17]	playing my hand, so to speak, to Mr.		[17]	that perspective. And, of course, the	
[18]	Santaguida, but if the Court wanted to		[81]	switching of the cars was before they went to	
[19]	THE COURT Mr. Santaguida, are you		[19]	the scene.	
[20]	listening? I know you can't listen to both		[50]	THE COURT I did get that far	
[21]	persons. Maybe you're better than me. I can't		[21]	Anything else, Mr. Santaguida?	
(22)	listen to two people at one time. I'm sure		[22]	MR. SANTAGUIDA No The significance	
[23]	you're better than me.		[23]	of switching cars, I mean, what's the	
[24]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: No, I'm not. Go		[24]	difference? If you're using a blue car or a	
[25]	ahead.		[25]	red car, what's the difference? It's not like	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		•	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	•	Page 15		.*	Page 16
[1]	they switched cars after the incident and		, [1]	Santaguida probably shared this with the	
[2]	somebody made an identification of blue so		· [2]	defendant. We just this Saturday received	
[3]	let's switch to a red car This is before the		. [3]	thother statement. Actually, it has an address	
[4]	incident even happened, so what's the		[4]	on there so just for purposes of	
[5]	difference if they say the person that did this		[5]	THE COURT. This is a statement from	
[6]	or that is driving a red car, or if they were		[6]	whom?	
[7]	driving a blue car? What difference does it		[7]	MR. SAX. From someone who shared	
[8]	make? They're all hung up on the switching of		[8]	accommodations with Mr. Rigney in the last two	
[8]	the cars I see no significance of that at		[9]	years where he admits to being the lookout.	
[10]	all. But all right		[10]	I'm just going to hand him the entire statement	
[11]	MR. SAX. There is a big significance.		[11]	except for the top, and I'll give him the	
[12]	I will save that for my closing argument. MR. SANTAGUIDA. Okay		[12]	original, but just for now	
[13]	•		[13]	THE COURT. Okay Did you want to	
[14]	MR. SAX. Especially as it relates to Mr. Rigney.		[14]	review that with your client in the booth? MR. SANTAGUIDA I can do it here.	
[15]	THE COURT Do you have cell phone		[15] [16]	THE COURT Okay Whatever you want	
[16] [17]	information that you're going to be using in		[17]	Why do we have ten police witnesses	
[18]	the trial, Mr. Sax?		[18]	here on a day that we're merely picking the	
[19]	MR. SAX: Yes.		[19]	jury'	
120]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't know why. W	e	[20]	MR. SAX. Well, Your Honor, a whole	
[21]	agree to everything. We agree that he was		[21]	bunch of reasons, one of which is when we're	
[22]	there We agree he drove here. We agree he		[22]	actually presenting the case to the jury, I	
[23]	drove to the, quote, safe house. So let them		[23]	don't have the time or opportunity to prepare	
[24]	use it.		[24]	them for their testimony And although it's	
[25]	MR. SAX: We also and I know Mr.		.[25]	straight forward in its facts, the presentation	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	

RR 24

4 (page 13 - 16)

Guilty Plex Volume 1 May 20, 2013

	/I Rigney				
		Page 17			Page 18
[1]	can be difficult. And especially when the safe		[1]	it, you're going to be stuck with that. You	
[2]	house that the defendant drove his two		[2]	can't come back later and say, well, he told me	
[3]	co-conspirators to was anything but a safe		[3]	to answer that way, because nobody is going to	
[4]	house with all you-know-what breaking loose.		[4]	buy it I'm the judge. This is an open	
[5]	It's important for me to make sure that		[5]	courtroom and this is the one time that if	
[6]	everyone is ready to testify clearly and		[6]	you're going to tell the truth, it better be	
[7]	accurately to all the facts. So I needed that		[7]	it, because if there's any understanding, if	
[8]	opportunity to discuss that with them, give		[8]	there's any promises, if there's any threats,	
[9]	them the notes of testimony from the prelim		[9]	this is the only time you get to let someone	
[10]	All that kind of stuff		[10]	know Do you understand that?	
[11]	THE COURT Let me address another		[11]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
[12]	matter briefly.		[12]	THE COURT If I say something you	
[13]	(The court heard another matter at		[13]	don't understand, just ask and I can explain it	
[14]	this time.)		[14]	a different way. I'm happy to do that	
(15)	THE COURT: Mr Rigney, whatever you		[15]	THE DEFENDANT: All right	
[16]	say here in open court when you are under oath,		[16]	THE COURT: And so you were arrested on	
[17]	you are bound by the answers that you give me,		[17]	December the 9th of 2010?	
	which means that you are stuck with those		[18]	THE DEFENDANT: December 8th	
[18]	answers for the rest of your life. Do you			THE COURT December 8th. And so there	
[19]	understand that?		[6t] [19]	is a statement taken from you the next day, the	
[20]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes		_	next afternoon?	
[21]	THE COURT. And so I don't want you		[21)	THE DEFENDANT. Yes	
[22]			[22]		
[23]	answering something in a particular way because		[23]	THE COURT Okay. And what you told	
[24]	Mr. Santaguida told you to say it or anybody	*	[24]	the detectives, was that the truth?	
[25]	else told you to say it, because if you do say	4	[25]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	_	: ±	Mcgatt Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
		Page 19		TO TOTAL TO THE PARTY OF T	Page 20
[1]	THE COURT: So if you're not saying	:	[1]	the evidence is there The prosecutor is going	
[2]	that it was going to be a robbery, but you're		[2]	to argue that this was a murder/robbery, a	
[3]	saying that this is what you said to the		[3]	felony murder, second-degree murder.	
[4]	detectives, are you willing to testify to that		[4]	Second-degree murder carnes a mandatory life	
[5]	in front of a jury - which I think would take		[5]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to	
[5] [6]	in front of a jury — which I think would take place in September — where Rashon and Montez				
			[5]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to	
[6]	place in September - where Rashon and Montez		(5) · (6)	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going	
[6] [7]	place in September where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now		(5) · (6) (7)	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that	
[6] [7] [8] [9]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you		(5) · (6) (7) [8]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your	
(6) (7) (8) (9)	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		[5] - [6] [7] [8] [9]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it	
(6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then		[5] - [6] [7] [8] [9]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have		[5] - [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an		[5] (6) (7) [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've		[5] (6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that		[5] (6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make 1		[5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make 1 don't care which way you decide. If you want a		[5] - [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [*7]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make 1 don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room		[5] - [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [*7] [18]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence,	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] *16] [17] [18] [19]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make I don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room waiting to be brought over. We have their		[5] - [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [*7] [18]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence, because that's what the legislature has set	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make I don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room waiting to be brought over. We have their paperwork here. We're ready to hand it out to		[5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence, because that's what the legislature has set forth. And if you want to go to trial, that's	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make I don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room waiting to be brought over. We have their paperwork here. We're ready to hand it out to the attorneys so that you guys can begin		[5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence, because that's what the legislature has set forth. And if you want to go to trial, that's your absolute right to do and we will proceed	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make I don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room waiting to be brought over. We have their paperwork here. We're ready to hand it out to the attorneys so that you guys can begin picking the jury that will decide the case.		[5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence, because that's what the legislature has set forth. And if you want to go to trial, that's your absolute right to do and we will proceed with the trial. It's your decision	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make I don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room waiting to be brought over. We have their paperwork here. We're ready to hand it out to the attorneys so that you guys can begin picking the jury that will decide the case. You know what you're facing. What		[5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [20] [21] [22] [23]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence, because that's what the legislature has set forth. And if you want to go to trial, that's your absolute right to do and we will proceed with the trial. It's your decision. There are three, sometimes four	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	place in September — where Rashon and Montez would be sitting where you're sitting right now and you would be testifying up here? Are you prepared to do that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right. And so then you're willing to plead guilty? You don't have to, Mr Rigney. I want you to know it's not an easy decision. I do understand that. I've never been in your seat, but I understand that it's a very difficult decision to make I don't care which way you decide. If you want a jury trial, we have 60 people in another room waiting to be brought over. We have their paperwork here. We're ready to hand it out to the attorneys so that you guys can begin picking the jury that will decide the case.		[5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	sentence. I don't know if the jury is going to find you guilty. I don't know if they're going to find you not guilty. You don't know that either. You've seen the discovery with your attorney, all the materials that were turned over by the police, and you've discussed it with your attorney; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And so you have to try to make the decision that you think you can live with. So if you want to go to trial, we'll go to trial. And if the jury finds you guilty of second-degree murder, I will have no choice but to sentence you to a mandatory life sentence, because that's what the legislature has set forth. And if you want to go to trial, that's your absolute right to do and we will proceed with the trial. It's your decision	

5 (page 17 - 20)

Darry	/i Rigney			1	111y 20, 2013
•		Page 21			Page 22
[1]	decisions. The first one is the one we're		[1]	only you do	
[2]	talking about right now, whether you wish to		[2]	The second decision that is for you	
[3]	plead guilty or go to trial. When I say wish,		[3]	alone to make is whether you wish to have a	
[4]	it's not like I think that's what you're		[4]	judge only trial or a trial with a jury If	
[5]	wishing for, but whether you're making the		[5]	it's a judge only trial, the judge decides the	
[6]	choice to plead guilty or go to trial. And		[6]	facts and the law and that's the end of it If	
[7]	that's your absolute right. You don't have an		[7]	it's a jury trial, the judge still decides the	
[8]	absolute right to plead guilty, okay, unless		[8]	law, but the jury decides the facts. They	
[9]	you're pleading to the most serious charges		[9]	decide who do they believe, how important the	
[10]	that there are Obviously, you're not doing		[10]	testimony is, who they don't believe, what are	
{11}	that		[11]	the facts of what happened in the case. And	
[12]	So there's been an offer made, and if		[12]	the jury would have to be unanimous before	
[13]	you decide to accept it, then you have if I		[13]	there could be a verdict of guilty or a verdict	
[14]	did not wish to accept it, then we would go		[14]	of not guilty Before there could be any kind	
[15]	ahead and go to trial. All right?		[15]	of a verdict, the jury, all 12, would have to	
[16]	THE DEFENDANT, Yes.		[16]	agree.	
[17]	THE COURT You do have an absolute		[17]	MR. SANTAGUIDA. Judge, before you go	
[18]	right to have a trial in this case, and at that		[18]	any further, I just wanted you to know his	
[19]	trial you would be presumed innocent of the		[19]	statement is in front of him so he can review	
[20]	charges that were filed against you and it		[20]	it and make a decision	
[21]	would be the prosecutor's job, Mr Sax in this		121]	THE COURT: Thank you	
[22]	case, to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable		[22]	The last decision that is for you alone	
[23]	doubt. And so that's the first decision that		[23]	to make, regardless of what kind of trial you	
[24]	is for you alone to make. Like I said, your		[24]	have, is whether you wish to testify or you	
[25]	attorney does not get to make that decision;	بر شخص	1[25]	wish not to testify in the case. And then the	
•	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	20 100		Megazi Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	, Land Control of the	Page 23	o'		D 24
[1]	last decision is if you're found guilty,	rage 23	: In	questions for me right now?	Page 24
{2}	whether you wish to take an appeal or not.	, *	11. *{2]	THE DEFENDANT. No.	
[3]	So those are the three or sometimes	* *	[3]	THE GOURT: So do you want to read back	
[4]	four decisions that are for you alone to make,		[4]	through your statement of what you said to the	
(5)	and that's partly because you have to hve with		[5]	detective? Do you want me to read it to you?	
[6]	the consequences of them. Nobody wants to		[6]	THE DEFENDANT: I basically know what	1
[7]	say have your attorney say, no, don't		[7]	said.	•
[8]	testify, I'm not letting you testify And then		[8]	THE COURT: Okay. So I'm not saying	
(9)	you say, oh, I should have testified, I should		[9]	that it's easy to testify against people that	
[10]	have testified, if the jury finds you guilty.		[10]	you know. I'm not suggesting that	
[11]	Okay		[11]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think he has a	
[12]	Of course, if the jury finds you not		[12]	problem with that	
[13]	guilty, then whatever decision you make, you're		[13]	THE COURT: Well, then what's he having	
[14]	thinking you're all happy with it.		[14]	a problem with?	
[15]	But those four decisions are for you		[15]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: He would like to talk	
[16]	alone to make, obviously with the advice of		[16]	it over with his family.	•
[17]	your attorney, who is extremely experienced and		[17]	THE COURT: You can do that I think	
(18)	knowledgeable and whose advice you should take		[18]	we'll probably need a short from Miss Corbett	
[19]	into account. But ultimately you have to make		[19]	next door so that the sheriff can allow them to	
[20]	the decision. Do you understand all of that?		[20]	speak to him in the booth. If you would put	
[21]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes		[21]	him in the booth. As soon as we sign	
[22]	THE COURT. Is there anything I've said		[55]	something, Mr. Rigney, for the sheriff to be	
	that you don't understand?		[23]	allowed to let your family in. Usually the	
[23]					
[23] [24]	THE DEFENDANT; No.		[24]	attorney is permitted to meet with you, but for	
	•		[24] [25]	attorney is permitted to meet with you, but for the family to be allowed to discuss it with	



Darry Rigu		Poge 26			Page 26
[1] you, I	have to sign something giving the	Page 25	[1]	Rigney?	1 ago E
	f authorization to do that Okay?		[2]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
	THE DEFENDANT. Thank you		[3]	THE COURT You're still under oath	
•	A short recess occurred.)		[4]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
	THE COURT: Have you reviewed that		[5]	THE COURT Which means that you're	
•	orandum of Understanding with him? You'll		[6]	sworn to tell the truth. Do you understand	
-	bly need to at some point during this		[7]	that?	
•	•		[8]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
-	MR, SANTAGUIDA, 1 think it's		[9]	THE COURT Did you have time to meet	
•	rent. That memorandum says he knew about		[:0]	with your family members?	
	obbery		[1]	THE DEFENDANT Yes, I did.	
•	MR. SAX Does it? No.		[12]	THE COURT. Was that helpful?	
•				THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
•	THE COURT. Make sure it doesn't. Or		[13]		
•	loes, then cross it out and initial it		[14]	THE COURT What is it that you wish to	
	MR. SAX. In the interest of getting		[15]	do, sir?	
•	lone, we've knocked off one year, so it's		[16]	THE DEFENDANT. To take the deal	
	o-38 as opposed to 20-to-40. I'll change		[17]	THE COURT Okay	
•	and initial it.		[18]	Miss Selber didn't sign this, at least	
	THE COURT. Okay. Do I have a copy of		į[19]	my copy	
-	Aemorandum of Understanding?		[20]	MR. SAX: The Memorandum of Agreement?	
	MR. SAX. If you don't, you will now,		[21]	THE COURT Yes. There's a place for	
	Honor. Your Honor, I'll pass you a copy.		[22]	her to have signed.	
_	soing to change it, reflecting the one to		[23]	MR. SAX: So I will conform it with her	
4] two			[24]	signature. I'm authorized to do that. I'll	
	THE COURT. Are you all right, Mr.		[25]	put a little S with two lines on it and her	
Me	gan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		*	Megan Scule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page 27		**************************************	Page 2
ij signa	ture.		[1]	Would you rather just go to trial, Mr.	
?]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Judge, do you fieve		[2]	Rigney?	
3] more	colloquy to do?		[3]	THE DEFENDANT: No.	
ŧ]	THE COURT: Am I going to do		[*] [4]	THE COURT Okay. So I've been	
i }	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Do you want to do mo	r e	[5]	advised, Mr. Rigney, that you wish to accept	
of a c	colloquy?		[6]	the offer that the Commonwealth has made, and	
7)	THE COURT: Yes.		[7]	in this case that is to two counts of	
3)	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Okay.		[8]	third-degree murder, two counts of robbery, and	
9)	THE COURT. I thought you had said it		[9]	one count of criminal conspiracy. And although	
0] was	two counts of third-degree murder, two		.[10]	it doesn't explicitly say so in Paragraph 7, I	
1] coun	its of robbery and to criminal conspiracy.		[11]	think it should be added that the Commonwealth	
2]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Not the robbery		[12]	is waiving the mandatory life sentence	
	use he didn't know there was going to be a		[13]	MR. SANTAGUIDA, I have that there	
4' robb			[14]	THE COURT Oh, it is on there?	
[5]	MR, SAX. If Mr Santaguida was		[15]	MR SANTAGUIDA, Yeah.	
	ning, he didn't know there was going to be		[16]	THE COURT. Where is it?	
			1171	MRY, JOHN MUDICIAL VID. DETE. 1 ID SOFTY	
	order either, but he's pleading guilty to		-[17] [18]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: Oh, here. I'm sorry MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants	
8) that.	arder either, but he's pleading guilty to And I had been saying all along it's two		[18]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants	
8] that. 9] coun	rder either, but he's pleading guilty to And I had been saying all along it's two its of third-degree murder, two counts of		[18] [19]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants it also on the Memorandum of Agreement, and I	
8] that. 9} coun 0] robb	rder either, but he's pleading guilty to And I had been saying all along it's two its of third-degree murder, two counts of ery and one count of conspiracy		[18] [19] [20]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants it also on the Memorandum of Agreement, and I understand that, so I'll add that	
8] that. 19] coun 20] robb	And I had been saying all along it's two ts of third-degree murder, two counts of ery and one count of conspiracy THE COURT But on this form you still		(18) [19] [20] [21]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants it also on the Memorandum of Agreement, and I understand that, so I'll add that THE COURT. Okay If you could hand	
8) that. 9) coun (0) robb (1) have	rder either, but he's pleading guilty to And I had been saying all along it's two its of third-degree murder, two counts of ery and one count of conspiracy THE COURT But on this form you still VUIFA and PIC, so cross those out Can you		[18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants it also on the Memorandum of Agreement, and I understand that, so I'll add that THE COURT. Okay If you could hand that up to me, Mr. Brechemin Thank you	
18] that. 19] coun 20] robb 21] have 23] hand	rder either, but he's pleading guilty to And I had been saying all along it's two its of third-degree murder, two counts of ery and one count of conspiracy THE COURT But on this form you still VUFA and PIC, so cross those out Can you this down, Mr Brechemin' Mr Mena, if		[18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants it also on the Memorandum of Agreement, and I understand that, so I'll add that THE COURT. Okay If you could hand that up to me, Mr. Brechemin Thank you MR. SAX What I'll state, Your Honor,	
18] that. 19} coun 20] robb 21} 22] have 23] hand 24] you	rder either, but he's pleading guilty to And I had been saying all along it's two its of third-degree murder, two counts of ery and one count of conspiracy THE COURT But on this form you still VUIFA and PIC, so cross those out Can you		[18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	MR. SAX On there. If the Court wants it also on the Memorandum of Agreement, and I understand that, so I'll add that THE COURT. Okay If you could hand that up to me, Mr. Brechemin Thank you	

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

THE COURT CRIER ludge, there's no conspiracy on the sheet Counspiracy on the sheet The COURT Coxy. Mr. Sax, it sounds like maybe either there was an error in the returning of the Bills of information that were perpared by the District Attorney's Office, or maybe it was not held for court by the judge, I don't know, but on our computer sheets there is no charge of animal coverprincy MR. SAX. The sure Mr. Sannaguda will wave that THE COURT. It can be e. The use of the Court of the shadow of the state of the shadow of the courts of the shadow of the record) MR. SAX. Sure M		1 Mgs-1	Page 29		Page 30
conspiracy on the sheet. THE COURT Okay. Mr Sax, it sounds like maybe either there was an error in the returning of the Bills of Information that were prepared by the District Antoney's Office, or maybe it was not held for court by the judge, I don't know, but on our computer sheets there is a charge of emmal conspiracy on the held for court by the judge, I don't know, but on our computer sheets there is a not charge of emmal conspiracy on the held for court by the judge, I don't know, but on our computer sheets there is an advantage of emmal conspiracy on the held for court by the judge, I don't know, but on our computer sheets there is an advantage of emmal conspiracy on the last the last is the seem of the charge of emmal conspiracy on the last the last is the seem of the charge of emmal conspiracy on the last the last is the seem of the charge of emmal conspiracy on the last the last is the seem of the charge of the last the last is the last is the seem of the last the last is the l		THE COURT CRIED Index there's no		number four is amended with the consent of	rage oo
THE COURT Okay. Mr Sax, it sounds like maybe either there was an error in the returning of the Bills of information that were prepared by the District Atomey's Office, or maybe it was not held for court by the judge, I don't know, but on our computer sheets there is no charge of rimmal coverable of many between the property of the court of the property of the court of the District Atomey's Office has agreed to wave in this case a mandatory life sentence, which the District Atomey's Office has agreed to wave in this case a mandatory life sentence, which the District of					
ike maybe either there was an error in the terturing of the Bills of Information that were prepared by the District Attorney's Office, or prepared by the District Attorney's Office, or maybe it was not held for court by the judge, 1 office in the proper of counting the proper of th					
returning of the Bills of Information that were prepared by the District Attorney's Office, or maybe it was not held for courn by the judge, I on't know, but on our computer sheets there is a charge of remmal corespiracy and that, but I had it Let me see Pin sure Mr. Santaguida will waive that the Lourney of MR. SAX. I'm sure Mr. Santaguida will waive that the COURT Fill ace counsel for a second to second the property of the record		•			
prepared by the District Attorney's Office, or maybe it was not held for court by the judge, I good tknow, but on our computer sheets there is no charge of emmal conspiracy on charge of command conspiracy on charge of emmal conspiracy on the charge of emmal conspiracy on charge of thurd-degree murder there is a mandatory life sentence, which the District of the charge of thurd-degree murder there is a mandatory life sentence, which the District of the charge of thurd-degree murder there is a mandatory life sentence, which the District of the charge of thurd-degree murder there is a mandatory life sentence, which the District of the charge of vour guitty plea to those five charges, two counts of thurd-degree murder and vou counts of orbory – and why are there exe of thurd-degree murder and vou counts of thurd-degree murder in the course of thurd-degree murder in the degree of the course of thurd-degree murder in the course of thurd-degree murder in the course of the de		•			
maybe it was not held for court by the judge. I on charge of crimmal compirary on charge of crimmal compirary on charge of crimmal compirary MR, SAX. In sure Mr. Santaguida will wave that, but I had it. Let me see I'm sure Mr. Santaguida will waive that sure Mr. Santaguida will waive that sure Mr. Santaguida will waive that second MR, SAX. Sure MR, SAX. The two victims in this case are Petrella London and Jennata, J.E.MA.R.K., Glem Miller Damel MR, SAX. I would have that replace. """ THE COURT: Is that going replace an existing bill, or is that going to—what are we doing? """ MR, SAX. I would have that replace. """ THE COURT: So that going to—what are we doing? """ THE COURT: So Miss Corbegg Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 """ THE COURT: And if at any—you're 53 THE COURT: And you wenter is five the part of the probability of the DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT And if a any—you're 53 THE COURT And if you were going to THE COURT And of you were going to THE COURT And for you were going to THE COURT And for you were going to THE COURT And of you were going to THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansson THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansson THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansson THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansson THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansson THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansson THE COURT And if you were going to third-degree mander, the District Attorney's THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry		•			
a mandatory life sentence, which the District don't know, but on our computer sheets there is no charge of crummal conspiracy 9					
no charge of crimmal conspiracy MR. SAX. I'm sure Mr. Santaguida will wave that, but I had it. Let me see 'I'm sure Mr. Santaguida will wave that 1121 second 1141 MR. SAX. Sure (A discussion at sidebar was held off the record) MR. SAX. Sure (A discussion at sidebar was held off the record) MR. SAX. I'm sure but					
MR_SAX_ Im sure Mr_Santaguida will wave that wave that, but I had it. Let me see Tm		-	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
wave that, but I had at. Let me see Tm THE COURT I'll see counsel for a THE COURT: Is that going replace an existing bill, or as that feel or would an existing an individual says of the sea of the probability of death or great bodily harm and an extreme midifference to the value of human file. THE COURT And if you were going to strill as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three charges— there's five charges, but there's thre					
sure Mr. Santsguada will wave that THE COURT I'll see counsel for a MR. SAX. Sure MR. SAX. Sure MR. SAX. Sure THE COURT: Is that going replace an existing bill, or is that going to — what are we donng? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. We donng? THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. Pago 31 THE COURT: So Muss Corbest Bull. THE COURT: So Muss Corbest Bull. THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And if you went as far as the THE COURT: And if you were going to THE COURT: And if you were going to THE COURT And if you were going to THE COUR		_			
THE COURT Pil see counsel for a MR. SAX. Sure. (A discussion at sidebar was held off the record) THE COURT: Is that going replace an existing bill, or is that going to — what are doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. (A discussion at sidebar was held off the record) THE COURT: Is that going to — what are doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. (A discussion at sidebar was held off the record) THE COURT: Is that going to — what are doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. (A discussion at sidebar was held off the record) MR. SAX. I would have that replace. (A discussion at sidebar was held off THE COURT (Nay. And the two counts of robbery and one count of criminal countries as well as to your testimony gains the two individuals way to decision as well as to your testimony gains the two individuals who are dead That you were going to mal as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For that did the recombination of the particular mental state that the law regards as particular mental state that the law regards a	:11]	•	[11]	•	
143 MR. SAX. Sure 144 MR. SAX. The two victims in this case are Petrella London and Jemark, J.E.MA.R.K. 155 156 157 158 158 159	[12]	_		The state of the s	
MR. SAX. Sure. (A discussion at sidebar was held off (The the record) THE COURT: Is that going replace an existing bill, or is that going to – what are we doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. we doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes.	,13]	THE COURT I'll see counsel for a	[13]		
Clear Multer Dame! Clear Multer Dame! THE COURT Okay. And the two counts of the record THE COURT okay. And the two counts of rombery and one count of crimmal existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to — what are existing bill, or as that going to those as well as to your testimony against the two individuals way well as the your understanding of the Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 633-8029	[141	second.	[14]		
THE COURT: Is that going replace an existing bill, or as that going to — what are we doing? MR. SAX: I would have that replace MR. SAX: I would have that replace THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes. MR. S	[15]		[15]		
THE COURT: Is that going replace an texting bill, or is that going to — what are texting bill, or is that going to — what are texting bill, or is that going to — what are texting bill, or is that going to — what are texting doung? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. MR. SAX. I would have that replace. THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes. THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes. THE COURT: So Miss Corbest Bull — setting before today? THE COURT So Miss Corbest Bull — setting before today? THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 years old, Mr. Rugney? THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 years old, Mr. Rugney? THE COURT: And you went as far as the texting years of the setting an unjustified disregard for the probability of the DEFENDANT: Yes the DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion life. THE COURT what school? THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion life. THE COURT And if you were going to trial as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For third-degree murder, the District Attorney's that was dead. And here there are two separate individuals who are dead That you participated in bringing about their deaths and/or that they were killed by a co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, and of the town and an externe that you were an accomplice to someone who ada another. Okay It can be — it doesn't mean there is an aiding of another to commit a crime. And so that you were an accomplice to someone for any crime, pretry much a participated in bringing about their deaths and/or that they were killed by a co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, and of that they were killed by a co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, and of that they were killed by a co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, and of that they were killed by a co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, and the proposal to the preson that in the course of committing a theft, you, o	[16]	(A discussion at sidebar was held off	[16]		
existing bill, or is that going to — what are we doing? We doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. Count four THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes. THE COURT So Miss Corbest Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 THE COURT: And if at any — you're 35 THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went as far as the THE COURT And you went going to trail as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For third-degree murder, the District Attorney's Other deaths on and you have dead That you as dead. And here there are two separate individuals way to a section years as well as to your testimony against he two District Attorney's Office agrees to a maximum selligate of the post as the correctional anstruction. It includes a bardeness of form sequences, and a mind in particular mental state that the law repards as possible, and a finding of the Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 It includes a bardeness of heart, cruelty, recklessness of consequences, and a mind regarded as 5 footial duty, undesting an understanding of the Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 It includes a bardeness of heart, cruelty, recklessness of consequences, and a mind regarded as 5 footial duty, undesting an understanding of death or great bodily harm and an extreme midifference to the value of human file. It provides the provide that the series of the series of constitutin	1-7]	the record)	[17]		
we doing? MR. SAX. I would have that replace. count four THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes. THE COURT So Miss Corbest Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And if a rany — you're 35 THE COURT: And or a rany—you're 35 THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you were going to trial as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For third-degree murder, the District Attorney's THE COURT: And if you were going to trial as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For othird-degree murder, the District Attorney's THE COURT: And if you were going to trial as to these three charges — there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For Office would have to prove that an individual was dead. And here there are two separate individuals who are dead. That you participated in bringing about their deaths and/or that they were killed by a co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, and that you take a killing murder. So 29 being had enough to make a killing murder. So 29 being had enough to make a killing murder. So 29 as well as to your descistanting to a individuals was placed earlier, the District Attorney's 123 tinchudes a hardness of heat, coreting, and murder for the probability of death or great bodily. 127 128 129 130 140 141 151 152 154 155 154 155 155	[18]	THE COURT: Is that going replace an	[81]	of robbery and one count of crimmal	
mR. SAX. I would have that replace. 23	[19]	existing bill, or is that going to what are	[19]	conspiracy, in exchange for your plea to those	
Count four	[20]	we doing?	[20]	as well as to your testimony against the two	
Count four	[21]	MR. SAX. I would have that replace	[121]	individuals ave've discussed earlier, the	
THE COURT: The PWID? MR. SAX Yes. THE COURT So Miss Corbert Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 THE COURT So Miss Corbert Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 THE COURT And of at any — you're 35 THE COURT And of at any — you're 35 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 16 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes 19 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 16 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes 19 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 16 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes 19 THE COURT: And you were going to 17 THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 17 THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion 19 THE COURT: And fyou were going to 17 THE COURT: And fyou were going to 18 THE COURT: And fyou were going to 18 THE COURT: And of you were going to 19 THE COURT: And fyou were an accomplice, or through an accomplice, or through an accomplice, or through an accomplice of the person, 19 THE COURT: And or through an accomplice of the person, 19 THE COURT: And or through an accomplice of the person, 19 THE COURT: And or through an accomplice of the person, 19 THE COURT: And or through an accomplice of yours, 20 THE COURT: And for through an accomplice of yours, 20 THE COURT: And for through an accomplice to someone who committed a robbery. Someone can be an accomplice to someone who c	[22]	count four	• • • •	District Attorney's Office agrees to a maximum	
THE COURT So Miss Corbets Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 agreement that you're entering here today? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And if at any you're 35 years old, Mr. Rigney? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the 16 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the 18 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 19 THE COURT: And you were going to 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And or or through a necomplice of the person, 19 The DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE OURT: And or obbery is that in the 19 course of committing a theft, you, or through a 19 cor-conspirator, or through an accomplice of the person, 19 that an accomplice is someone who aids 19 another. Oky It can be it doesn't mean 19 that there was an agreement. In means that 19 that there was an agreement. In means that 19 there is an aiding of another to commit a 19 repretty much And so that in the course of committing 19 and that you lad malice at the time And 19 malice as a shorthand way of referring to a 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law rega		THE COURT: The PWID?		sentence for you of not less than 19 years, no	
THE COURT So Miss Corbets Bill Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31 agreement that you're entering here today? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And if at any you're 35 years old, Mr. Rigney? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the 16 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the 18 THE COURT: And you went as far as the 19 THE COURT: And you were going to 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And or or through a necomplice of the person, 19 The DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE COURT: And if you were going to 19 THE OURT: And or obbery is that in the 19 course of committing a theft, you, or through a 19 cor-conspirator, or through an accomplice of the person, 19 that an accomplice is someone who aids 19 another. Oky It can be it doesn't mean 19 that there was an agreement. In means that 19 that there was an agreement. In means that 19 there is an aiding of another to commit a 19 repretty much And so that in the course of committing 19 and that you lad malice at the time And 19 malice as a shorthand way of referring to a 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law regards as 19 particular mental state that the law rega	[24]	MR. SAX Yes.		more than 34 years in a state correctional	
Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Page 31		THE COURT So Miss Corbe Bill		The state of the s	
agreement that you're entering here today? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes years old, Mr. Rigney? THE COURT: And if ar any you're 35 THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you were going to THE COURT What school? THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT: And if you were going to THE COURT: And if you were going to That is to these three charges - there's five charges, but there's three separate ones. For Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's That inchividuals who are dead. That you That was dead. And here there are two separate Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's That inchividuals who are dead. That you That was dead. And here there are two separate Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's That is inchividuals who are dead. That you That was dead. And here there are two separate Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's That is inchividual was a complice of the person, That is inchividual was dead. That you The DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And robbery is that in the THE DEFENDANT. Yes. The DEFENDANT		37 T			
agreement that you're entering here today? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And if at any you're 3S years old, Mr. Rigney? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you were going to THE COURT: And if you were an accomplice of the person, THAT WAS dead. And here there are two separate THE COURT: And if you were an accomplice to someone who ands THE COURT: And if you were an accomplice to someone who ands THE COURT: And if you were an accomplice to someone who commit a that there was an agreement. It means that there is an adding of another to commit a complice to someone who commit a complice to someone who commit a complice to someone who committed a robbery. Someone can be an accomplice to someone of committing THE COURT: And so that in the course of committing THE COURT: And so that in the course of committing THE COURT: And so that in the course of committing THE COURT: And so that in the course of committing THE COURT: And so that in the course of committing THE COURT: And so that		The state of the s	Petro 31		Page 32
THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And if at any—you're 35 THE COURT: And if at any—you're 35 THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT What school? THE DEFENDANT: Strawberry Mansion THE COURT: And if you were going to THE COURT: And if you were going to that the you were an accomplice, or THE COURT: And if you were going to that you were an accomplice of the person, that you were an accomplice to another. Okay It can be it doesn't mean that there was an agreement. It means that there is an aiding of another to commit a crime. And so that you were an accomplice to someone who committed a robbery Someone can co	713	soreement that you're entering here today?	·: .·	it includes a hardness of heart cruelty	1 ago 32
THE COURT: And if ar any you're 35 years old, Mr. Rigney? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT: And you went as far as the THE COURT What school? THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion THE COURT And if you were going to That these three charges - there's five Charges, but there's three separate ones. For Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's Third-degree murder, the District Attorney's That was dead. And here there are two separate That undividuals who are dead That you THE COURT And if you were going to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice, or THE COURT And if you were an accomplice, or THE COURT And if you were an accomplice of the person, That you were an accomplice of the person, That was dead. And here there are two separate THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to someone who ands THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accomplice to THE COURT And if you were an accom					
years old, Mr. Rigney? 41		-			
THE DEFENDANT: Yes		the state of the s		* ** *** *** = =	
THE COURT: And you went as far as the [6] Indifference to the value of human life. [7] I1th grade? [8] THE DEFENDANT: Yes [8] THE COURT What school? [9] With malice. Did you understand all of that? [10] THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion [10] THE COURT And if you were going to [11] THE COURT. And robbery is that in the [12] THE COURT And if you were going to [13] trial as to these three charges – there's five [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] that you were an accomplice of the person, [15] that – an accomplice of the person, [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [18] that there was an agreement. It means that [18] that was dead. And here there are two separate [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated was a complice of yours, [20] and/or that they were killed by a [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you liad malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [26] all, that there was either serious bodily		*		•	
[7] So if anyone has so acted, they are [8] THE DEFENDANT: Yes [8] regarded in the eyes of the law as having acted [9] the COURT What school? [9] with malice. Did you understand all of that? [10] THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion [10] THE DEFENDANT. Yes. [11] High. [11] THE COURT And if you were going to [12] course of committing a theft, you, or through a course of committing a theft, you, or through a trial as to these three charges – there's five [13] co-conspirator, or through an accomplice, or charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] that you were an accomplice of the person, third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [15] that — an accomplice is someone who aids [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [16] another. Okay It can be — it doesn't mean [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [17] that there was an agreement. It means that their was dead. And here there are two separate [17] that there was an agreement. It means that the individuals who are dead. That you [18] there is an aiding of another to commit a [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] crime. And so that you were an accomplice to someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [20] and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, pretry much [22] maltee is a shorthand way of referring to a [23] And so that in the course of committing a their, an individual was placed — first of [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily				The state of the s	
THE DEFENDANT: Yes [8] regarded in the eyes of the law as having acted with malice. Did you understand all of that? THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion [10] THE DEFENDANT. Yes. [11] High. [12] THE COURT And if you were going to [13] trial as to these three charges – there's five [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [15] third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [18] individuals who are dead. That you [18] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [20] and/or that they were killed by a [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you liad malice at the time And [23] malice is a shorthead way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [26] with malice. Did you understand all of that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. [10] with malice. Did you understand all of that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. [11] With malice. Did you understand all of that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And robbery is that m the course of the person, that the there was either serious bodily					
THE COURT What school? THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion THE COURT. And robbery is that in the THE COURT. And robbery is that in the THE COURT. And robbery is that in the course of committing a theft, you, or through a trial as to these three charges – there's five that charges, but there's three separate ones. For third-degree murder, the District Attorney's fig. Office would have to prove that an individual fig. office would have to prove that an individual fig. office would have to prove that an individual fig. office would have there are two separate fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have the fig. of that you fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have the there are two separate fig. office would have to prove that an individual fig. that there was an agreement. It means that there is an aiding of another to commit a crime. And so that you were an accomplice to someone who committed a robbery. Someone can be an accomplice to someone for any crime, pretty much fig. office would have the prove that an individual was placed — first of all, that there was either serious bodily		J			
THE DEFENDANT. Strawberry Mansion [10] THE DEFENDANT. Yes. [11] High. [12] THE COURT And if you were going to [13] trial as to these three charges – there's five [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [15] third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [18] individuals who are dead. That you [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [20] and/or that they were killed by a [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [16] Office would indicate of yours, and in the course of committing at their serious bodily [17] THE DEFENDANT. Yes. [18] THE COURT. And robbery is that in the [18] course of committing a theft, you, or through a co-conspirator, or through an accomplice of the person, [18] that you were an accomplice is someone who aids [19] that — an accomplice is someone who aids [10] that — an accomplice is someone who aids [11] that there was an agreement. It means that there is an aiding of another to commit a crime. And so that you were an accomplice to someone can [18] there is an aiding of another to commit a crime. And so that you were an accomplice to someone for any crime, [20] and that you liad malice at the time. And [21] pretty much [22] and that you liad malice at the time. And [23] And so that in the course of committing [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [26] all, that there was either serious bodily				-	
THE COURT. And robbery is that in the [12] THE COURT. And if you were going to [13] trial as to these three charges – there's five [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] that you were an accomplice of the person, [15] third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [18] individuals who are dead. That you [18] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [20] and/or that they were killed by a [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily					
THE COURT And if you were going to trial as to these three charges – there's five trial as to these three charges – there's five that you were an accomplice of the person, third-degree murder, the District Attorney's third-degree murder, the District Attorney's that — an accomplice is someone who aids Office would have to prove that an individual that — an accomplice is someone who aids office would have to prove that an individual that — an accomplice is someone who aids that — an accomplice is someone who aids another. Okay It can be — it doesn't mean that there was an agreement. It means that there is an aiding of another to commit a there is an aiding of another to commit a rume. And so that you were an accomplice to and/or that they were killed by a and that you had malice at the time And malice is a shorthand way of referring to a particular mental state that the law regards as particular mental state that the law regards as leas a shorthand way of referring to a particular mental state that the law regards as leas a shorthand way of the string murder. So leas a shorthand was either serious bodily					
trial as to these three charges – there's five [14] charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] that you were an accomplice of the person, [15] third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [16] was dead. And here there are two separate [17] that there was an agreement. It means that [18] individuals who are dead. That you [18] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [20] and/or that they were killed by a [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily		=			
charges, but there's three separate ones. For [14] that you were an accomplice of the person, third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [15] that an accomplice is someone who aids [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [16] another. Okay It can be it doesn't mean was dead. And here there are two separate [17] that there was an agreement. It means that individuals who are dead. That you [18] there is an aiding of another to commit a participated in bringing about their deaths [19] crime. And so that you were an accomplice to and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, and that you had malice at the time. And [22] pretty much [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [24] a theft, an individual was placed first of [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily			_		
third-degree murder, the District Attorney's [15] that an accomplice is someone who ands [16] Office would have to prove that an individual [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [18] individuals who are dead. That you [18] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [20] and/or that they were killed by a [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily			_		
Office would have to prove that an individual [16] another. Okay It can be it doesn't mean [17] was dead. And here there are two separate [18] individuals who are dead. That you [18] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] crime. And so that you were an accomplice to [20] and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthend way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily					
was dead. And here there are two separate [17] that there was an agreement. It means that [18] individuals who are dead. That you [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] crime. And so that you were an accomplice to [20] and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was an agreement. It means that there was an agreement. It means that there is an aiding of another to commit a there is an aiding of another to commit a there is an aiding of another to commit a there is an aiding of another to commit a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, [22] pretty much [23] And so that in the course of committing [24] a theft, an individual was placed—first of [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily		•		-	
181 individuals who are dead. That you [18] there is an aiding of another to commit a [19] participated in bringing about their deaths [19] crime. And so that you were an accomplice to [20] and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [23] pretty much [24] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] And so that in the course of committing [25] particular mental state that the law regards as [24] a theft, an individual was placed—first of [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily		-			
participated in bringing about their deaths [19] crime. And so that you were an accomplice to and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery. Someone can co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, and that you had malice at the time. And [22] pretty much [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [24] a theft, an individual was placed—first of [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily				*	
and/or that they were killed by a [20] someone who committed a robbery Someone can [21] co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, [22] and that you had malice at the time. And [22] pretty much [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [24] a theft, an individual was placed—first of [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily	[18]	•			
co-conspirator or by an accomplice of yours, [21] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, [22] and that you had malice at the time And [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [26] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [27] be an accomplice to someone for any crime, [28] pretty much [29] And so that in the course of committing [20] a theft, an individual was placed—first of [25] all, that there was either serious bodily					
and that you had malice at the time And [22] pretty much [23] malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [24] particular mental state that the law regards as [25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [26] pretty much [27] And so that in the course of committing [28] a theft, an individual was placed—first of [29] all, that there was either serious bodily	•	•	[20]		
malice is a shorthand way of referring to a [23] And so that in the course of committing particular mental state that the law regards as [24] a theft, an individual was placed—first of being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily				-	
particular mental state that the law regards as [24] a theft, an individual was placed — first of being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily		_		• •	
[25] being bad enough to make a killing murder. So [25] all, that there was either serious bodily					
		•		·	
Megan Soule, KMK, CKK (213) 063-8029 Megan Soule, KMK, CKK (213) 083-8029	[25]	· -	(125)		
		megan soule, KMK, CKK (215) 083-8029		Megan Soule, KMK, CKK (215) 083-8029	

RR28

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

		Page 33		Page 34
::	injury committed on that individual or that	[1]	legislature. It's the legislature here in	_
2)	that individual was placed in danger of or was	(2)	Pennsylvania that sets the maximum penalties,	
3]	threatened with immediate serious bodily	[3]	and the legislature for first-degree robbery	
ŋ	injury And here the injury was so serious	[4]	and for conspuracy, each of those carry a	
5	that the two individuals are dead. Do you	[5]	maximum possible penalty of 10-to-20 years	
5)	understand that?	[6]	incarceration. The third degree murder carries	
"	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	[7]	a maximum possible penalty of 20-to-40 years	
6]	THE COURT And for conspiracy, it	[8]	incarceration	
3]	means that you agreed with another person or	[9]	So for these five charges, the District	
0]	persons that one or more of you would engage in	110]	Attorney's Office has agreed that the sentence	
1]	the conduct that constituted that crime, and	[11]	would be not less than 19 years, no more than	
2]	then in addition to an agreement, that there	[12]	38 years, with credit for time served. Do you	
3]	was an overt act. In other words, something	[13]	understand that?	
4]	you could point to, such as going and driving	[14]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
-	the car to get to a certain location. Do you	[15]	THE COURT. So you understand what the	
5] e1	understand that?	[16]	district attorney would have to prove to	
6]			convict you of these charges to which you're	
7]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT And so that is what the	(17)	pleading guilty?	
8]		[18]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes	
9}	Distinct Attorney's Office would have to prove	(19)		
0]	at your trial, and that is the charges to which	(20)	THE COURT And you understand the	
1	today you are entering pleas of guilty Do you	[21]	maximum penalties for these?	
2]	understand that?	[[52]	THE DEPENDANT. Yes	
3]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes	[23]	THE COURT: And you understand the	
4}	THE COURT: And the robberies carry a	[24]	offer that has been made here?	
5]	maximum possible penalty as set by the	[25]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	ិ ប្រជាពល បាយប្រជាពល មិន ។ សមាន សំពាល់ សំពី សមាន សំពី សំពី សំពង់ សំពី សំពី សំពង់ សំពី សំពង់ សំពី សំពង់ សំពី សំពង់ សំពី សំពង់ សំពី សំពង់ សំពង់ សំពង់ សំពង់ សំពង់ សំពង់ សំព	Megan Scole, 154R, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	2,	Danie		
		Page 35		Page 36
7]	THE COURT: All right. Do you have say	17a9930	THE DEFENDANT. No.	Page 36
	THE COURT: All right. Do you have any questions for me so far?		THE DEFENDANT. No. THE COURT: Do you understand that you	Page 36
2)		m	•	Page 36
2) 3]	questions for me so far?	ហ 2	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you	Page 36
2] 3] 4]	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No.	(n 22)	THE COURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a tnal?	Page 36
2) 31 4) 5)	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr.	(n 121 	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a inal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes	Page 36
2) 31 4) 5) 6)	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors	Page 36
2) 31 4) 5) 6)	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a tnal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would	Page 36
2) 31 4) 5) 6) 7)	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr.	Page 36
2) 31 4) 5) 6) 7) 3)	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a tnal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes	Page 36
2) 31 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a tnal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have	Page 36
2] 33] 44] 55] 66] 77] 83] 90]	questions for me so far? THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget	Page 36
2] 3] 4] 6] 6] 7] 8] 9]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a tnal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have	Page 36
2] 3] 4] 5] 6] 7] 8] 9] 10] 11]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that?	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that?	Page 36
2] 3] 4] 5] 6] 7] 8] 9] 10] 11] 12] 13]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes	Page 36
2] 3] 4] 5] 6] 7] 8] 9] 10] 11] 12] 13]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a inal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have do you	Page 36
2] 3] 4] 4] 6] 7] 8] 9] (2] (3] (4] (4) (4)	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district automey's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a inal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have do you understand that you have an absolute right to	Page 36
2] 3] 4] 4] 6] 6] 7] 8] 9] 9] 9] 9] 13] 14] 15]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district automey's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you	[1] [2] [3] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a tnal? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT Yes THE COURT And you have do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case?	Page 36
2] 3] 44] 55] 66] 77] 88] 99] 90] 10] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and	[1] [2] [3] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [48]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	Page 36
2] 33] 44] 55] 66] 77] 88] 99] 103 14] 15] 16] 17] 18]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and until the district attorney proved your guilt	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 juriors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have in do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: And do you understand that	Page 36
2] 33] 44] 55] 66] 77] 88] 99] 90] 11] 12] 16] 17] 18] 19]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and until the district attorney proved your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have in do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And do you understand that you have an absolute right to be tried by a	Page 36
2] 31 4] 5] 6] 7] 8] 9] 9] 9] 13 14] 15] 16] 17] 18] 19]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and until the district attorney proved your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that?	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have in do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And do you understand that you have an absolute right to be tried by a jury of your peers?	Page 36
2) 31 4) 51 6) 77 8) 99 90 101 113 123 144 155 166 177 188 199 200 221	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and until the district attorney proved your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And do you understand that you have an absolute right to be tried by a jury of your peers? THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	Page 3t
2] 3] 4] 5] 6] 7] 8] 9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16] 17] 18] 19] 20] 22] 23]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and until the district attorney proved your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE COURT. Are you under the	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT Yes THE COURT And you have do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE COURT And do you understand that you have an absolute right to be tried by a jury of your peers? THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE DEFENDANT Yes. THE DEFENDANT Yes.	Page 36
[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23] [24] [25]	THE DEFENDANT: No. THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Rigney, that under the law you are presumed innocent? Do you understand that concept? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: In other words, you are here. You're presumed innocent, and it's the district attorney's job to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. He has to convince the jury of your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. And that presumption of innocence, if you were having a trial, that presumption of innocence would stay with you throughout the entire trial and unless and until the district attorney proved your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	THE GOURT: Do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial? THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT. And we have 60 jurors waiting for you and Mr. Santaguida and for Mr. Sax to begin questioning them to see who would get picked to decide the facts of the case THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: So if you wanted to have your trial, this is the moment to say forget it. I want to go to trial instead. Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And you have do you understand that you have an absolute right to have a trial in this case? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: And do you understand that you have an absolute right to be tried by a jury of your peers? THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	Page 36

9 (page 33 - 36)

<u></u>	F	age 37			Page 38
[*]	the bottom of Page 3?		[1]	this case. Do you understand all of that?	
[2]	THE DEFENDANT: Yeah He basically		[2]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes	
[3]	explained it		13]	THE COURT So it discusses also your	
[4]	THE COURT: All right. Well, what it		14]	right to trial. It explains that you do not	
[5]	lays out here and if you want to read		[5]	have to plead guilty, that you are presumed	
[6]	through it, I will be happy to pass it down		[6]	innocent and what the district attorney would	
[7]	again if you want to review anything with Mr.		(7)	have to prove, that you have the right to	
[8]	Santaguida. It talks about the fact that		[8]	remain silent; that you're giving up many	
[9]	well, it says here no promises or threats, but		[9]	rights by pleading guilty	
[10]	there has been a promise, and the promise is as		[10]	Then it talks about your right to a	
[11]	I have stated it. And then it says the plea		[11]	jury trial It talks about it also talks	
[12]	bargain is that the D A. will demandatorize the		[12]	about trial by judge, but the District	
[13]	life sentences for second- and third-degree		[13]	Attorney's Office had not agreed Both sides	
[14]	murder and the sentence that you would be		[74]	have an absolute right to have a jury trial in	
[15]	sentenced to is 19 years And I'm going to		[15]	Pennsylvania, so both sides would have to agree	
[16]	put - it doesn't say it here, but I'm going to		[*6]	that it be tried just in front of a judge, but	
[17]	put to 38 years		[7]	you still keep your right to a jury trial So	
[18]	And just so you know, in Pennsylvania		[16]	it talks about that	
[19]	you have to have a minimum sentence and a		[19]	It talks about certain pretrial rights,	
[20]	maximum sentence. The minimum sentence is what		[20]	including if you were trying to seek to	
[21]	let's the prison know that you're eligible for		[21]	suppress a statement. It talks about how	
[22]	parole. The maximum sentence is the most that		[22]	you're giving up all those pretrial rights. It	
[23]	you could end up possibly serving. And so		[23]	talks about your appeal rights.	
[24]	and the minimal sentence cannot be more than		[24]	Are you on probation or parole for	
[25]	half of the maximum. So it's 19-to-38 years in	. 1	[25]	anything right now?	
1201	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 583-8029		:	Megari Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	şaş	2004 30		あるマ ンー *音	Door 40
[1]	THE DEFENDANT. No, I'm not.	P age ,39	្រុំ	pressure you or threaten you in any way so that	Page 40
[2]	THE COURT: If you were not a cruzen,		[2]	you would take this deal?	
[3]	that you could be deported, the fact that		[3]	THE DEFENDANT No.	
	you're satisfied with the representation you		[4]	THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty of	
[4]	received from your attorney and what the facts		(5)	your own free will?	
[5]	of the case are and the elements of the crimes.			THE DEFENDANT Yes	
ן6ן רק	I told you what the district attorney would		[6] [7]	THE COURT. And whose decision is it	
	have to prove. That is what is the elements of		[8]	for you to plead guilty, Mr Rigney?	
[8] [9]	the crimes, and you'll hear the facts of the		[6]	THE DEFENDANT Mine	
	case in just a few moments			THE COURT: All right And you	
[10] [11]	So that's pretty much what is on this		[10] [11]	understand that there's also this memorandum of	
	form that you reviewed with Mr Santaguida; is		[12]		
[12]	that correct?			Her he comed that yet? Can you give	
[13]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		[13]	Has he signed that yet? Can you give	
[14]			[14]	him this? I think there's a couple of copies	
[15]	THE COURT: Now, have any promises or		[15]	to be signed.	
[16]	representations been made to you by anyone		[16]	Have you seen that Memorandum of	
[17]	about anything, other than what you've heard me		[17]	Agreement? And that's what discusses how	
[18]	say here in front of everyone in this courtroom		[18]	you're going to have to testify against the	
[19]	today?		[19]	other two individuals in this case	
[20]	THE COURT Did on body access on an		[20]	MR. SANTAGUIDA. We signed another on	С
[21]	THE COURT: Did anybody pressure you or		[21]	THE COURT I can just make a copy of	
[22]	threaten you in any way in order to get you to		[22]	that last page if it is signed.	
[23]	plead guilty today? THE DEFENDANT: No.		[23]	Do you have a signed copy, Mr. Sax MR. SAX. 1 do not	
[24]	THE COURT. Or at any time, did anyone		[24] 1251	THE COURT: that the defendant	
[25]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		[25]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	MICEMI SOME, MAIN, CRIC (213) 003-0029			Program South, Mixim, CRM (213) 003-0029	

	***************************************	Page 41		Page 42
[1]	executed?	[1]	commit any other crimes in the future, that you	
[2]	MR. SAX: I do not	[2]	will cooperate fully and truthfully with the	
[3]	THE COURT And that Mr Santaguida	[3]	district attorney, the Philadelphia Police	
[4]	executed.	(4)	Department, and any other investigative or	
[5]	What this Memorandum of Agreement	[5]	prosecutorial department.	
[6]	discusses, Mr. Rigney, is it talks about what	[6]	I already do understand from you, Mr.	
171	you were charged with and that you were	[7]	Rigney, that your position and that you're	
181	arrested on or about December 8th, 2010 And	[8]	adamant about that position is that you did	
[9]	if I say something that you think is incorrect	[9]	not know that the robbery and murders were	
[10]	or that you've never heard about and you want	[10]	going to take place, is that correct?	
[11]	to talk with your attorney for any reason,	(11)	THE DEFENDANT Correct	
(12)	please stop me. I'm not m a hurry And so if	[12]	THE COURT And that you thought that	
[13]	you want to clarify anything, if you want to	[13]	you were going there in order to get weed.	
[14]	make sure you understand exactly what you're	[14]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes	
[15]	doing, those are important things for you to	[15]	THE COURT: Okay And it says here	
[16]	do. All right? Are you in agreement with	[16]	that you will provide law enforcement agents	
[17]	that?	[17]	and attorneys of the District Attorney's Office	
[18]	THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	[18]	with all information in your possession or that	
[19]	THE COURT: Okay And it talks about	[19]	might come into your possession about your	
[20]	the fact that you have personal knowledge of	[20]	activities or the activities of the other	
[21]	the involvement of others in this case Andrit	[21]	persons that are relevant to violations of the	
[22]	talks about the fact that you have decided that	. ,[22]	criminal laws in the Commonwealth of	
[23]	it is in your best interest to enter into this	[23]	Pennsylvania, including, but not limited to the	
[24]	agreement and to follow the terms of it. And	:[24]	erime charged in this case; that you will not	
	it indicates that you agree that you will not	[25]	protector sitempt to protect any person by	
[25]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 613-8029	. [Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	a is a market appropriate to the second of t	Page 43	grafig (1977), a contratada como matematica e a casa de la como de	Page 44
[1]	providing any false information or by	n	"in his eastody" or control pertment to any	Ū
[2]	withholding information, and that you will mot	, [2]	criminal investigation when you're requested to	
[3]	falsely accuse anybody else All right?	[3]	do so by the district attorney.	
[4]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	* - [4]	And obviously you're not necessarily	
[5]	THE COURT: If I say anything that you	[5]	going to be making yourself that available.	
[6]	don't understand, please ask me to explain it.	[6]	The district attorney, if they need you, will	
171	That you will testify truthfully and	[7]	bring you in for an interview or for testimony.	
[8]	completely before any grand jury or at any	[8]	It then sets forth here that you're	
[9]	bearing or trial in any case in which the	[9]	pleading guilty to two counts of third-degree	
[10]	district attorney asks you to testify.	[10]	murder, two counts of robbery, and it says two	
[11]	And that's only as to this case, is	(1°)	counts of criminal conspiracy.	
[12]	that correct, Mr. Sax?	[12]	MR. SAX One count.	
[13]	MR. SAX: That's correct	[13]	THE COURT. I'm going to cross out two	
[14]	THE COURT. Okay And that you	[14]	and put one.	
[14]	understand that you can and will be prosecuted	[15]	The other charges have already been	
[16]	for perjury if you knowingly make any false	[16]	withdrawn, which was the gun charge and two	
[17]	material statements while you're under oath.	[17]	two weapons related charges Those were	
[18]	Do you understand that?	-[18]	already crossed out.	
4 . 91	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	[19]	It talks about the fact that you	
			understand that the guilty plea that you enter	
[19]		t201		
[19] [20]	THE COURT: It says here that you'll	[20]	* ** ·	
[19] [20] [21]	THE COURT: It says here that you'll make yourself reasonably available for all	[51]	is negotiated and that the sentence of 19-to-38	
[19] [20] [21] [22]	THE COURT: It says here that you'll make yourself reasonably available for all interviews, grand jury testimony, related	[21] [22]	is negotiated and that the sentence of 19-to-38 years will be recommended by the Commonwealth	
[19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	THE COURT: It says here that you'll make yourself reasonably available for all interviews, grand jury testimony, related hearings and trial appearances and that you	[21] [22] [23]	is negotiated and that the sentence of 19-to-38 years will be recommended by the Commonwealth and that the mandatory life sentence for	
[19] [20] [21] [22]	THE COURT: It says here that you'll make yourself reasonably available for all interviews, grand jury testimony, related	[21] [22]	is negotiated and that the sentence of 19-to-38 years will be recommended by the Commonwealth	

		Dana 15			D 40
[1]	M. A.N.D. life sent for second and two thirds.	Page 45	{*}	quality and nature of your cooperation, which,	Page 46
[2]	It doesn't say what you're doing with that		[2]	obviously, I already know what you're supposed	
[3]	MR. SAX In one of the other copies I		[3]	to be doing, and then I'll be advised if you	
[4]	wrote "waived." I think it's clear But I		[4]	did, in fact, follow that	
[5]	appreciate that, Your Honor		[5]	And it says here that you agree that if	
[6]	THE COURT: Well, since this is		[6]	you participate in any criminal activity after	
[7]	probably the one that's going to get copied		[7]	the date of this agreement, which is today's	
	since it's already signed, Mr. Mena, could you		[8]	date, or if you lie to the district attorney or	
(8)	hand that to Mr. Sax so he can put "waived?"			the Philadelphia police or any other law	
[9]	-		(9)	• •	
[10]	MR. SAX Absolutely, Your Honor It's		[10]	enforcement agency, or if you lie in your	
[11]	in the same pen as the rest of it		[11]	testimony about any material matter, or if you	
[12]	THE COURT Okay The record will		[12]	stop cooperating, or if you violate any of the	
[13]	reflect what you did.		[13]	other terms that are described in this	
[14]	That you're waiving any right to a		[14]	agreement, then the agreement will be null and	
[15]	prompt sentencing hearing As I told you		[15]	void and you will be prosecuted to the fullest	
[16]	before, the trial of these other two		[16]	extent and any and all statements and testimony	
[17]	individuals is not scheduled until September,		[17]	made under this agreement and any evidence	
[18]	so you'll be testifying at that time. And so		[18]	that's derived from this, either directly or	
[19]	usually we try to make sure that people are		[1 9]	indirectly, can be used against you	
[20]	sentenced within 90 days, but that's obviously	-	[20]	It says here that you agree that you	
[21]	not going to take place until after you've		[21]	will not be permitted to withdraw your guilty	
[22]	testified in this case.		; [22]	plea, even if the district attorney determines	
[23]	It says if you comply here with the		[23]	that you have not complied with all of the	
[24]	terms of the agreement, the district attorney		[24]	terms of this agreement.	
[25]	will advise the Court of the full extent,		[25]	Ordinarily, after someone pleads	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
		Page 47		••	Page 48
[1]	guilty, especially if it's in advance of trial,		111	agreement, I don't know that there's been the	•
[2]	I will allow them the opportunity to withdraw		[2]	opportunity for there to be compliance for	
[3]	their guilty plea if they can state any fair		[3]	that. And I'm just stating that for the record	
[4]	and just reason. But you're not going to be		[4]	at this time.	
{5 }	permitted to do that unless the District		[5]	And that this agreement is complete and	
[6]	Attorney's Office asks that that happens and		[6]	represents the entire understanding between you	
[7]	they can say that they're not prejudiced in		[7]	and the district attorney and that it cannot be	
[8]	bringing the trial against you. Because if you		[6]	changed unless signed by both you and your	
[9]	wanted your trial, today is the date to have		[9]	attorney and by the assistant district	
[10]	your trial. The jury is waiting and we're able		[10]	attorney.	
[11]	to move forward with that. Do you understand		[11]	Is there anything that I've stated from	
[12]	that?		[12]	there that is a surprise to you or that you	
[13]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		[13]	cannot follow?	
[14]	THE COURT Okay. The district		[14]	THE DEFENDANT No	
[15]	attorney is relying on what you're saying that		[15]	THE COURT Okay. Do you understand	
[16]	you want to do here today			that by pleading guilty today you give up your	
	I don't know if there's been time for		{16}	nghts to have a trial and almost all of your	
[17]			[17]	"	
[18]	Mr Rigney to end up having complied with		[18]	rights to appeal?	
[19]	Paragraph 15, for example, Mr. Sax, that		[19]	THE COURT: And the masses that you	
[20]	indicates he agrees he has disclosed all of his		[20]	THE COURT: And the reason that you	
[21]	criminal activity as required in Paragraph 3		[21]	have very himted rights of appeal, people are	
[22]	supra, et cetera. So that at this time I'm not		[22]	usually appealing mistakes that are made during	
[23]	necessarily going to find that that's since		[23]	the course of the trial. If the judge makes	
[24]	you haven't had the opportunity to speak to him		[24]	mistakes, if the prosecutor makes mistakes, those things would then go up for the Superior	
[25]	other than today in terms of his signing this Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		[25]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	



Date	yi Kigney				113 20, 2013
		Page 49			Page 50
[1]	Court to say do we think that Mr. Rigney - or		(1)	discussion, because I want you to understand	
[2]	whoever the person is do we think that this		[2]	exactly what you're doing here and that this is	
[3]	person should have a new trial because the		[3]	your own free choice and decision. Is that the	
[4]	mistake was so big?		141	case? Is this your own free choice and	
[5]	And so those are usually the kinds of		[5]	decision?	
[6]	things that get appealed, but there's not going		[6]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
[7]	to be a trial here so the only things that you		[7]	THE COURT recognize that you'd	
[8]	can appeal is whether I had the jurisdiction to		[6]	rather not be making this choice, but that's	
197	accept your guilty plea, which I have been a		[9]	not what we're talking about. What we're	
[10]	duly elected judge for the Court of Common		[10]	talking about is whether you've made a knowing	
[11]	Pleas. This crime happened in Philadelphia,		[11]	choice, knowing that you're between a rock and	
[12]	and so I do have jurisdiction or power to make		[12]	a hard place. Is that the case?	
[13]	a ruling in this case.		[13]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
[14]	The next thing that you could appeal is		[14]	THE COURT Do you have any questions	
1.5	if you got an illegal sentence, but I've		[15]	for me?	
[16]	already told you what the maximum penalties are		[16]	THE DEFENDANT No	
[17]	for these And if you got sentenced to more		[17]	THE COURT Anything else anybody need	S
[18]	than is legal, as the legislature has set		(*8)	to add or supplement to the colloquy?	
[19]	forth, then you could always appeal that.		[19]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think so.	
[20]	Then the last thing that you could		[20]	MR. SAX: No, Your Honor Just the	
[21]	appeal, Mr. Rigney, is if you wanted to argue	•	[[21]	recitation of the facts.	
[22]	that your sentence was - not your sentence.		[22]	THE COURT. Okay. Then if you would	
[23]	but your guilty plea was not entered into		[23]	please go ahead and read in a brief summary of	
[24]	knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily. But		[24]	the facts.	
[25]	that's the reason we've been having this		[25]	MR.SAX: I'm going to try to be as	
•	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 **			Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
		Page 51		t s	Page 52
[1]	brief as possible, and it will be brief.	i ago o.	. [1]	of evidence, including the fact that	i age oz
[2]	If the Commonwealth proceeded to trial		[2]	immediately after this happened, the vehicle	
[3]	today, we would prove the following: On		[3]	that was used to take those two individuals to	
[4]	December the 8th of the year 2010, at the		[4]	the location and wait for them to do this job	
[5]	location 3001 Redner Street, R-E-D-N-E-R, in a		[5]	and leave from that location, a white Cadillac	
[6]	robbery/murder, two individuals, I think both		(6)	that was traded for just before this happened	
[7]	of Jamaican descent, Petrella I actually		[7]	for purposes of going to this location, was	
[8]	spelled it wrong the first time -		[8]	seen leaving the scene, seen by its make, model	
[9]	P-E-T-R-E-L-L-A, Petrella London and Jemark		[9]	and its license plate.	
[10]	Glen Miller Daniel, both in their 20s, were		[10]	Within moments, literally in the time	
[11]	shot and killed in a robbery of approximately		(11)	it takes to go from 3001 Redner Street to 1820	
[12]	Il pounds of marijuana and other stems of		[12]	North Judson Street, a couple blocks away,	
[13]	value, including their passports.		[13]	within moments - and this is broad daylight	
[14]	They each were shot a dozen times		[14]	This is, I think, 2 30, 2 35 in the afternoon	
(15)	Actually, one victim was shot 13, the other 12		[15]	The defendant, who is the driver, and the two	
[16]	They were essentially executed in their bed, as		[16]	individuals, Rashon James and Montez Bethea,	
[17]	they lay there. Jemark Daniel had brought the		[17]	pull into the 1800 block of North Judson	
[18]	marijuana from New York City. And his		[18]	Street, a block under surveillance in an	
[19]	girlfriend, Petrella London, had come to visit		[19]	unrelated surveillance based on complaints of	
[20]	and she was executed by virtue of the fact that		[20]	citizens of high drug activity onto this block.	
[21]	she was a witness to what had happened to		[21]	After they had heard the radio call of	
[22]	Jemark Daniel.		[22]	a report of shots fired at 3001 Redner Street	
[23]	The two shooters in this case are		[23]	and the occupants fleeing in a white Cadillac,	
[24]	Rashon James and Montez Bethea, and we would		[24]	they see this very same white Cadillac with	
[25]	prove that. We would prove that by all kinds		[25]	this license plate being driven by the	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2913

	, 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	Page 49			Page 50
[:]	Court to say do we think that Mr Rigney - or	raye 43	[1,	discussion, because I want you to understand	rage 30
12]	whoever the person is do we think that this		[2]	exactly what you're doing here and that this is	
[3]	person should have a new trial because the		[3]	your own free choice and decision. Is that the	
[4]	mistake was so big?		[4]	case? Is this your own free choice and	
(5)	And so those are usually the kinds of		[5]	decision"	
[6]	things that get appealed, but there's not going		[6]	THE DEFENDANT Yes.	
	to be a trial here so the only things that you		[7]	THE COURT I recognize that you'd	
(7) (8)	can appeal is whether I had the jurisdiction to		[B]	rather not be making this choice, but that's	
	accept your guilty plea, which I have been a		[9 ₃	not what we're talking about. What we're	
[9]	duly elected judge for the Court of Common		[10]	talking about is whether you've made a knowing	
[10] [11]	Pleas. This crime happened in Philadelphia,		[11]	choice, knowing that you're between a rock and	
[12]	and so I do have jurisdiction or power to make		[12]	a hard place Is that the case?	
[73]	a ruling in this case		[13]	THE DEFENDANT Yes.	
[14]	The next thing that you could appeal is		[14]	THE COURT. Do you have any questions	
[15]	if you got an illegal sentence, but I've		[15]	for me?	
[16]	already told you what the maximum penalties are		[16]	THE DEFENDANT No.	
[17]	for these And if you got sentenced to more		[17]	THE COURT Anything else anybody needs	
[18]	than is legal, as the legislature has set		[18]	to add or supplement to the colloquy?	
[19]	forth, then you could always appeal that		[19]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think so	
[20]	Then the last thing that you could		[20]	MR. SAX: No, Your Honor Just the	
[21]	appeal, Mr. Rigney, is if you wanted to argue		(54)	recitation of the facts.	
[22]	that your sentence was not your sentence,		[22]	THE COURT: Okay Then if you would	
[23]	but your guilty plea was not entered into	*	[23]	please go shead and read in a brief summary of	
[24]	knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily. But		{24}	the facts.	
[25]	that's the reason we've been having this	e i	[25]	MR. SAX: I'm going to try to be as	
[E o]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	,	1001	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	Manager Council and Council an		,	and the same of th	
	1 C. Carlotte and Jane 1915 to Enter	Page 51	!		Page 52
[1]	brief as possible, and it will be brief		[1]	of evidence, including the fact that	
[2]	If the Commonwealth proceeded to trial		[2]	immediately after this happened, the vehicle	
[3]	today, we would prove the following. On		[3]	that was used to take those two individuals to	
{4}	December the 8th of the year 2010, at the location 3001 Redner Street, R-E-D-N-E-R, in a		[4]	the location and wait for them to do this job and leave from that location, a white Cadillac	
[5]			[5]	that was traded for just before this happened	
[6]	robbery/murder, two individuals, I think both of Jamaican descent, Petrella I actually		[6] [7]	for purposes of going to this location, was	
[7] for	spelled it wrong the first time		[8]	seen leaving the scene, seen by its make, model	
(B)	P-E-T-R-E-L-L-A, Petrella London and Jemark			and its license plate.	
(e)			[9]	Within moments, literally in the time	
[10]	Glen Miller Daniel, both in their 20s, were		[10]	it takes to go from 3001 Redner Street to 1820	
{! 1}	shot and killed in a robbery of approximately		[11]	North Judson Street, a couple blocks away,	
[12]	11 pounds of manjuana and other items of value, including their passports		[12]	within moments — and this is broad daylight	
{13}	They each were shot a dozen times		[13] [14]	This is, I think, 2:30, 2:35 in the afternoon.	
[14]	Actually, one victim was shot 13, the other 12.		[15]	The defendant, who is the driver, and the two	
[15]	They were essentially executed in their bed, as		[16]	individuals, Rashon James and Montez Bethea,	
[16] [17]	they lay there. Jemark Daniel had brought the		[17]	pull into the 1800 block of North Judson	
11B]	marijuana from New York City And his		{18]	Street, a block under surveillance in an	
	girlfriend, Petrella London, had come to visit		[19]	unrelated surveillance based on complaints of	
[19]	and she was executed by virtue of the fact that		[20]	citizens of high drug activity onto this block.	
[20]	she was a witness to what had happened to		[21]	After they had heard the radio call of	
[21]	Jemark Daniel		[27]	a report of shots fired at 3001 Redner Street	
[23]	The two shooters in this case are		[23]	and the occupants fleeing in a white Cachillac,	
[24]	Rashon James and Montez Bethea, and we would		[24]	they see this very same white Cadillac with	
[25]	prove that. We would prove that by all kinds		[25]	this license plate being driven by the	
1	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	J			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

RR33

Guitty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

Darr	yl Rigney			May 20, 2013
-		Page 49		Page 50
[1]	Court to say do we think that Mr Rigney or	[1]	discussion, because I want you to understand	
[2]	whoever the person is do we think that this	[2]	exactly what you're doing here and that this is	
[3]	person should have a new trial because the	[3]	your own free choice and decision. Is that the	
[4]	mistake was so big?	[4]	case? Is this your own free choice and	
[5]	And so those are usually the kinds of	[5]	decision?	
(6)	things that get appealed, but there's not going	[6]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
[7]	to be a trial here so the only things that you	[7]	THE COURT I recognize that you'd	
[8]	can appeal is whether I had the jurisdiction to	[8]	rather not be making this choice, but that's	
[9]	accept your guilty plea, which I have been a	[9]	not what we're talking about. What we're	
[10]	duly elected judge for the Court of Common	[10]	talking about is whether you've made a knowing	
[11]	Pleas. This crime happened in Philadelphia,	Ţ11]	choice, knowing that you're between a rock and	
[12]	and so I do have jurisdiction or power to make	[12]	a hard place. Is that the case?	
[13]	a ruling in this case	[13]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
[14]	The next thing that you could appeal is	·[14]	THE COURT. Do you have any questions	
[15]	if you got an illegal sentence, but I've	[15]	for me?	
[16]	already told you what the maximum penalties are	[:6]	THE DEFENDANT No	
[17]	for these. And if you got sentenced to more	[17]	THE COURT Anything else anybody need	İs
[18]	than is legal, as the legislature has set	[18]	to add or supplement to the colloquy?	
[19]	forth, then you could always appeal that	. [<u>[1</u> 9]	MR. SANTAGUIDA: I don't think so	
(20)	Then the last thing that you could	· [20]	MR. SAX: No, Your Honor Just the	
[21]	appeal, Mr Rigney, is if you wanted to argue	:(51)	recitation of the facts.	
[22]	that your sentence was - not your sentence	- [22]	THE COURT: Okay Then if you would	
[23]	but your guilty plea was not entered into	[23].	please go about and read in a brief summary of	
[24]	knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily But	(24)	the facts.	
[25]	that's the reason we've been having this of an are	[25]	MR SAX: I'm going to try to be as	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		Megan Soule RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
-	, von militario in transfer una servicio de la constante una servicio della constante una servicio della constante una servicio della constante una servicio dell	Page 51	A remarked definition of the Control	Page 52
[1]	brief as possible, and it will be brief	- m	of evidence, including the fact that	
[2]	If the Commonwealth proceeded to trial	- निय	inimediately after this happened, the vehicle	
[3]	today, we would prove the following. On	· [3]	that was used to take those two individuals to	
(4)	December the 8th of the year 2010, at the	[4]	the location and wait for them to do this job	
[5]	location 3001 Redner Street, R-E-D-N-E-R, in a	[5]	and leave from that location, a white Cadillac	
(6)	robbery/murder, two individuals, I think both	(6)	that was traded for just before this happened	
[7]	of Jamaican descent, Petrella I actually	[7]	for purposes of going to this location, was	
[8]	spelled it wrong the first time	[8]	seen leaving the scene, seen by its make, model	
[9]	P-E-T-R-E-L-L-A, Petrella London and Jemark	[9]	and its license plate.	
[10]	Glen Miller Daniel, both in their 20s, were	:[10]	Within moments, literally in the time	
[11]	shot and killed in a robbery of approximately	[11]	it takes to go from 3001 Redner Street to 1820	
[12]	11 pounds of marijuana and other items of	[12]	North Judson Street, a couple blocks away,	
[13]	value, including their passports.	,[13]	within moments and this is broad daylight.	
114]	They each were shot a dozen times.	[14]	This is, I think, 2:30, 2.35 in the afternoon.	
[15]	Actually, one victim was shot 13, the other 12.	[15]	The defendant, who is the driver, and the two	
[16]	They were essentially executed in their bed, as	'[16]	individuals, Rashon James and Montez Bethea,	
[17]	they lay there. Jemark Daniel had brought the	[17]	pull into the 1800 block of North Judson	
[18]	marijuana from New York City And his	[18]	Street, a block under surveillance in an	
[19]	girlfriend, Petrella London, had come to visit	[19]	unrelated surveillance based on complaints of	
[20]	and she was executed by virtue of the fact that	[20]	citizens of high drug activity onto this block	
(21)	she was a witness to what had happened to	[21]	After they had heard the radio call of	
[22]	Jemark Daniel	[22]	a report of shots fired at 3001 Redner Street	
[23]	The two shooters in this case are	[23]	and the occupants fleeing in a white Cadillac,	
[24]	Rashon James and Montez Bethea, and we would	[24]	they see this very same white Cadillac with	

13 (page 49 - 52)

[25]

prove that. We would prove that by all kinds

Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029

[25]

this license plate being driven by the

Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029

		Page 53			Page 54
[1]	defendant with James and Bethea in the car		[*]	statement. What he says is this We would	-
[2]	One of those two, James or Bethea,		121	present the testimony of detective Mikah	
[3]	actually take a bag out of a grant a large		[3]	Spotwood, in court now -	
[4]	trash bag out of the car, although someone		[4]	THE COURT So he gave the statement.	
(5)	inside of 1820 North Judson Street, according		[5]	I'm going to cover that in a few moments. What	
[6]	to the discovery and from the testimony, would		[6]	else?	
[7]	indicate that Mr Rigney actually took a bag		[7]	MR. SAX And also the testimony of an	
[8]	into the house, a question of fact		[8]	individual who was a cellmate of the defendant	
(9)	And based on all the information, the		[9]	who, in essence, admitted to everything that	
[10]	circumstance, the hot pursuit, everything else,		[10]	the defendant admitted to in addition to	
[11]	to make a long story short, at that point all		[11]	knowing about what was going to happen ahead of	
[12]	proceeds from the robbery, all of the weed,		[12]	time. Not with respect to the murder, but with	
[13]	passports for the victim, passports and other		[13]	respect to the robbery	
[14]	identifying information of the victim, U.S.	•	[14]	We understand the defendant's position	
[15]	currency and three weapons not two, three		[15]	on that, but I think for purposes of this	
[16]	the two murder weapons, which were both		[16]	guilty plea and my recitation of the facts,	
[17]	semi-automatic pistols, and a third weapon, a		[17]	it's important to note that we would call that	
[18]	.357 revolver, were recovered either maide		[18]	person to the witness stand and he would	
[19]	1820 North Judson or from individuals who had		[19]	testify, if he testified consistent with his	
[20]	immediately gone to the property 1820 North		[20]	statement recently taken, that the defendant	
[21]	Judson and left with some of the proceeds, but		[21]	made these admissions relative to what the plan	
[22]	stopped within a block, based on all the		[22]	was relative to robbery when this happened.	
[23]	observations.		[23]	. That, in essence, would be the	
[24]	And from - so the last two most		[24]	Commonwealth's case.	
[25]	important parts would be the defendant's own	(2. m)	[25]	THE COURT: And is that the statement	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Mcgan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	. 				
	*	Page 55			Page 56
[1]	that you turned over today?		[11]	the first two pages. It might be the third	Page 56
[1] [2]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken		[11] F12)	the first two pages. It might be the third page, It's got a box at the top and it has	Page 56
	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday.			the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it.	Page 56
[2]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of		[3] [4]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes	Page 56
[2]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I		[3] [4] [5]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand	Page 56
[2] [3] [4]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr.		[3] [4] [5] [6]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida.		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am?	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it.		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it?		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison.		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT - You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT Okay. So the statement		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had		[3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct?		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge.		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes.	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge. THE COURT: All right: If you want to		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT You were asked if you had	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge. THE COURT: All right: If you want to pick it up and read along with me		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes THE COURT You were asked if you had any questions about your rights, and you said	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge. THE COURT: All right: If you want to pick it up and read along with me THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT You were asked if you had any questions about your rights, and you said no. You were asked if you were wown by any	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [20] [21] [22] [23]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge. THE COURT: All right: If you want to pick it up and read along with me THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: You were asked if you could		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT You were asked if you had any questions about your rights, and you said no You were asked if you were known by any other names or nicknames and you said Yodel; is	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [20] [21] [22] [23] [24]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge. THE COURT: All right If you want to pick it up and read along with me THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: You were asked if you could read, write and understand the English		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT You were asked if you had any questions about your rights, and you said no. You were asked if you were wown by any	Page 56
[2] [3] [4] [6] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	MR. SAX: It is and it was taken Saturday. I'm sorry It was taken Friday. And as soon as Detective Spotwood told me of its existence I think Thursday night I had him fax it on Friday morning to Mr. Santaguida. MR. SANTAGUIDA: I didn't get it. THE COURT: You didn't get it? MR. SANTAGUIDA: I wasn't in Friday. I went to the prison. THE COURT: Okay. So the statement that I have that you said earlier that you had given to the detective; is that correct? THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: I'm going read it. If there's anything that's incorrect MR. SANTAGUIDA: That's in front of him, Judge. THE COURT: All right: If you want to pick it up and read along with me THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: You were asked if you could		[12] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [23]	the first two pages. It might be the third page. It's got a box at the top and it has your name on it. THE DEFENDANT: Yes THE COURT: At the top right-hand corner it says Spotwood, slash, Hesser Do you see where I am? THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT. All right It asks you said you went as far as the 11th grade THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT. You were asked if you were under the influence of drugs or alcohol at that time, and you said no. You were asked if you understood your constitutional rights as they had been explained to you by the two detectives, and you said you did understand them THE DEFENDANT. Yes. THE COURT You were asked if you had any questions about your rights, and you said no You were asked if you were known by any other names or nicknames and you said Yodel; is that correct?	Page 56

		Page 57			Page 58
{1}	THE COURT. You said you did understand	, ago or	[1]	was trying to score two ounces of marijuana.	1 age 50
[2]	that you were under arrest at that time. They		[2]	He wanted me to drive because he knows I have "	
[3]	told you, "We are investigating the shooting		[3]	driver's license When he arrived, I was at -	
[4]	death of two individuals, Petrella London and		[4]	the door of my mother's house. I got in the	
(5)	Jemark Daniel, which occurred on Wednesday,		[5]	champagne colored Marquis he pulled up in	
[6]	December 8th, 2010, inside 3001 West Redner		[6]	drove the car straight to Rashon's house.	
[7]	Street." Do you understand this?		[7]	Rashon supposedly knew the guy that Montez was	
[8]	THE DEFENDANT Yes		[8]	going to score off of. While at Rashon's -	
[9]	THE COURT And you said yes They		[9:	house, him and Montez went in Rashon's house	
[10]	asked if you were present when they were		[10]	while I waited in the car.	ے نو
[11]	killed, and you said, No, I was outside a block		[11]	"About five minutes later they came out	•
12]	away, sitting in white Cadillac waiting for		[12]	and got back in the car. Rashon sat in the	•
[13]	Montez for Rashon. Is that what you said?		[13]	back." It says "sat in he back." I guess the	
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		[14]	detective has a typo there "Rashon sat in the	
l .	THE COURT: And was that true?		(15)	back and Montez sat in the front passenger	
15)	THE DEFENDANT Yes		[16]	seat. Rashon called the guy and the guy never	
16)	THE COURT You were asked, "Please go		[17]	answered. In the meantime, the first guy	· -{r
[17]	_				6
[8]	on in your own words and tell us who Montez and		[18]	called back I heard Rashon telling the guy	
[19]	Rashon are and what you know about the death of		[19]	that his cousin wanted to buy two ounces.	
[20]	the two victims		[20]	Rashon called the guy and told hun that he	١
[21]	And you can read along with me. If		[21]	needed his car, so Rashon told me to drive to	1 .
[22]	there's anything that's incorrect, please let		,[55]	16th and Fairmount Street.	
[23]	me know.		[23]	"We got to 16th and Fairmount and	
[24]	"Montez called me in the morning, about		[24]	swapped cars, a white Caddy for the Marquis A	
[25]	11 something in the morning. Montez told me be Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215)-683-8029	F	[25]	dark-skinned short guy was with the Caddy. Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	•	Page 59			Page 60
[1]	Montez and Rashon talked to the short guy and		, M	"I drove to 30th and Jefferson and sat	
[2]	we switched cars		[2]	right there, parked on the corner Rashon and	
[3]	"The short guy took the Marquis and I		: [3]	Montez got out and walked up the block and I	
[4]	drove the Caddy Rashon moved to the front		. [4]	saw a black guy open a gate and let them in."	•
[5]	passenger seat and Montez moved to the back.		[5]	They was in there from anywhere from three to	
[6]	Rashon called the first guy again, talked to		[6]	seven minutes When they came out of the	
[7]	him again, and then Rashon told me to drive to		[7]	place, Rashon had a large, dark green trash	
[8]	30th and Oxford Street."		[8]	bag. They got in the car. Montez got in the	
[9]	So far, have I read everything		[9]	back. Rashon got in the front passenger seat	
[10]	correctly?		[10]	with the bag and tossed it into the rear of the	
[11]	THE DEFENDANT, Yes.		[11]	Car,	•
[12]	THE COURT: So far, is that exactly		[12]	"Rashon and Montez were tolling me to	
[13]	what happened?		[13]	go, go, go Rashon was yelling it more	
[14]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes		[14]	realized that something wasn't right 1	
1145 [15]	THE COURT: Is there anything		{15}	thought they robbed him because they went in	
[16]	different?		116	for two ounces and came out with a trash bag.	
-	THE DEFENDANT. No.		[17]	I sped off to 1820 Judson Street and went into	
[17]			•	Montez's aunt's house."	
[18]	THE COURT. How did you know it was the		[18] [19]	So far, did I continue reading	
[19]	same first guy?			·	
[20]	THE COURT. How did you be one it was the		[20]	correctly?	
[21]	THE COURT: How did you know it was the		[21]	THE COURT. Now did you know that was	
(22)	first guy that he called back? THE DEFENDANT Because he start		[22]	THE COURT. How did you know that was Montez's aunt's house?	
[23]			(23)	THE DEFENDANT Because he said we	
[24]	talking about marijuana THE COURT. Okay		[24] [26]	going to my cousin's house.	
[25]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		Isol	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	

•		Page 61		Page 62
[1]	THE COURT. Okay Had you been there	[1]	Is that what you told the detectives?	_
[2]	before?	[2]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
[3]	THE DEFENDANT No, I never been to	[3]	THE COURT Is that what happened?	
[4]	that house before.	[4]	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
[5]	THE COURT "Rashon was carrying the	(5)	THE COURT: Is there anything you want	
[6]	trash bag in the house After entering the	[6]	to change or add?	
[7]	house, all three of us went upstairs. They	[7]	THE DEFENDANT. No	
	started dumping everything out of the bag I	[8]	THE COURT Then the statement goes on	
[8]	saw three guns, two black and one silver.	[9]	"Do you know Montez's full name?	
[9]	saw a large quantity of weed		"No	
[10]	"I went back downstairs. I went	[10]	"Do you know Rashon's full name?	
[11]		[11]	"No."	
[12]	downstairs and sat on the chair with the girl	[12]		
[.3]	and the baby. Then two other guys knocked on	[13]	And I don't know if those are crossed	
[14]	the door. The girl let them in. One went	[14]	out on your form or not, but there's one line	
[15]	upstarts and the other sat down. Rashon comes	[15]	through those two names in my form in my	
[16]	back down stairs and leaves out of the house	[16]	statement.	
[17]	with a duffle bag. The other two guys leave	[17]	"Did Montez call you from his cell	
[18]	out and the bigger guy, my height and size, the	[18]	phone?	
[19]	one who went upstairs, left out the house with	(19)	"Yes	
[20]	a large white bag. Then Montez came downstairs	[50]	"What is his cell phone number?	
[21]	with another duffle bag and sits it in the	(21)	"I don't know it by heart	
{22}	dining room and then he took a seat	[[22]	"What is your cell phone number?" And	
[23]	"Five or ten minutes later the cops	[23]	then you gave that to them. "215-284-41429."	
[24]	came in the house and put the cuffs on	(24)	Was that your cell phone at the time?	
[25]	everybody and restrained us."	[25]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		Megan Sonle, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
		Page 63		Page 64
[1]	THE COURT: And then after that, "Were	Page 63	Street, did you hear anything that sounded like	Page 64
[1] [2]	THE COURT: And then after that, "Were any of the calls to the guys with weed made	-	gunfire?	Page 64
		ម្រ		Page 64
[2]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made	[1] [2]	gunfire?	Page 64
[2] [3]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short	[1] [2] [3]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No.	Page 64
[2] [3] [4]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac?	[1] [2] [3] [4]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside?	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] (5)	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac?	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside?	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] (5) [6]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon,	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmoed guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER: Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back.	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to	[1] [2] [3] 	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon?	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here?' Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No. He went his own way	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION" When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon, "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, "Wow." Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the	[1] [2] [3] 	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION" When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you?	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14]	"ANSWER: No. "QUESTION" When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon, "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER. No.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION. When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] (15] [16]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION. When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here? Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] (15] [16] [17]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No. He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here?' Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION: Did they tell you that they	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmoed guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No. He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the house at 30th and Jefferson Street?	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here? Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION: Did they tell you that they robbed the guy?	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the house at 30th and Jefferson Street? "ANSWER" No.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	"ANSWER: No. "QUESTION" When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, "Wow." Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION" Did they tell you that they robbed the guy? "ANSWER" Yeah. That's what hit him up	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the house at 30th and Jefferson Street? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Have you ever been to that	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	"ANSWER: No. "QUESTION" When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER. Yeah. I asked Rashon," What's this shit right here? Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION" Did they tell you that they robbed the guy? "ANSWER" Yeah. That's what hit him up and take their shit means. That means robbing	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skmned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the house at 30th and Jefferson Street? "ANSWER No. "QUESTION Have you ever been to that location near 30th Street, either alone or with	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION: Did they tell you that they robbed the guy? "ANSWER: Yeah. That's what hit him up and take their shit means. That means robbing somebody. "QUESTION What does tree mean?"	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the house at 30th and Jefferson Street? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Have you ever been to that location near 30th Street, either alone or with Rashon or Montez? "ANSWER. No. That's the first time I've been there.	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION" When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION" Did they tell you that they robbed the guy? "ANSWER" Yeah. That's what hit him up and take their shit means. That means robbing somebody. "QUESTION What does tree mean?	Page 64
[2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22]	any of the calls to the guys with weed made from your phone? "ANSWER No "Do you know the name of the short dark-skinned guy with the Cadillac? "No. But I know that he is friends with Montez and Rashon "QUESTION. Did the short guy with the Cadillac, who changed into the Marquis, go to 30th and Jefferson with you, Montez and Rashon? "No He went his own way "QUESTION: Was there anybody with the boy who switched cars with you? "ANSWER No. "QUESTION: Did you see Rashon and Montez with any guns before they went in the house at 30th and Jefferson Street? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION Have you ever been to that location near 30th Street, either alone or with Rashon or Montez? "ANSWER. No. That's the first time	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22' [23]	gunfire? "ANSWER: No. "QUESTION: When Rashon and Montez got in the car and yelled for you to go, did they tell you what happened inside? "ANSWER Yeah. I asked Rashon," "What's this shit right here?" Rashon said it was tree and guns, as he threw it in the back. I said, 'Wow.' Then Rashon said to me, 'Hit him up and took their shit.' Then I took the red light. Rashon told me, 'Just go We got ya.' Montez told me where to go. I asked Montez where he wanted me to go since I was taking the light. He said go to his cousin's house on 1800 Judson Street "QUESTION: Did they tell you that they robbed the guy? "ANSWER: Yeah. That's what hit him up and take their shit means. That means robbing somebody. "QUESTION What does tree mean?"	Page 64



Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 20, 2013

	yt kigney	Page 65			Page 66
[1]	"ANSWER. The second floor, middle	· ugu uu	[1]	MR. SAX I'll get an extra copy for	•
2]	bedroom		[2]	Mr Rigney	
3]	"OUESTION What conversation was		[3]	THE COURT Okay Hold on one second.	
4]	taking place inside the second floor bedroom?		[4]	We'll get you a copy	
5]	"ANSWER: Rashon asked Montez did he		[5]	So far, is everything that I said what	
6]	finish her, and Montez said guarantee. Then		[6]	you told to the detective?	
כ, דן	they talked about the different types of weed		[7]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes	
8 <u>}</u>	that was in the bag. I left the room and went		[8]	THE COURT Why did you go downstairs	
9}	downstairs.		[9]	when they were it says that you left the	
[0]	"QUESTION: Describe the guns you saw		[10]	room and went downstairs. Why did you leave?	
11]	"ANSWER: Two blacks and one silver		(11)	THE DEFENDANT They started talking	
[2]	The silver gun was the revolver and the black		[12]	crazy	
13}	was an automatic		[13]	THE COURT: Talking crazy?	
4}	"QUESTION: Were both the automatics		[14]	THE DEFENDANT Yeah.	
15]	the same size?		[15]	THE COURT: What kind of crazy?	
1 6]	"ANSWER: One was bigger and the other		[16]	THE DEFENDANT Meaning like they said	
7]	was smaller.		[17]	did he finish her He said guaranteed. I	
18]	"QUESTION: Had you ever saw those guns		[18]	didn't want parts of none of that. I went	
19]	before?		[19]	downstairs	
20]	"ANSWER: No "		[20]	THE COURT: Okay. It's the one that	
21}	So you're looking up Is there a		[21]	says Page 4 at the top	
22]	reason?		[22]	MR. SAX: Just to keep a full one,	
23]	THE DEFENDANT I don't have Page 9.		[23]	that's a full one and it has four and five on	
24]	THE COURT: You don't have it.		[24]	il. 🖟 🐃	
. •] ?5j	THE DEFENDANT: The last one I don't	21	[25]	THE COURT: Okay. If you could turn to	
ړن.	Mcgan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		(20)	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	-	Page 67		The state of the s	Page 68
1)	Page 4 of the actual statement, Mr Brechemin.		[1]	"ANSWER: No	
2]	It says four at the top.		· [2]	"QUESTION: Did you know the two guys	
3]	THE COURT CRIER: Yes, Your Honor.		[3]	that came in the house after you, Rashon and	
4]	THE COURT: Continue, dot, dot, dot,		. [4]	Montez?	
5]					
e3	Page 4.		[5]	"ANSWER' No.	
O)	Page 4. See where I am? "Were both the		[5] [6]	"ANSWER' No. "QUESTION: Describe Montez.	
	_				
7]	See where I am? "Were both the		[6]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez.	
7 <u>]</u> (8)	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and		[6] [7]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet	
[7] [8] [9]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller."		[6] [7] [8]	"QUESTION. Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut.	
[7] [8] [9] 10]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		[6] [7] [8] [9]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon.	
[7] [8] [9] 10]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches,	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before?		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No.		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, hight-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon?	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rashon call anybody while inside the house?		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez?	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 15] 16] 17]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs"		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER All my life	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16] 17] 18]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs" Did you write that in there or who wrote that in there? Can you see where it says		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER. All my life "QUESTION Do you know Rashon's cell phone number?	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16] 17] 18] 19]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rashon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs" Did you write that in there or who		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER All my life "QUESTION Do you know Rashon's cell phone number? ANSWER. No, but it should be in my	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16] 17] 18] 19] 20]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs" Did you write that in there or who wrote that in there? Can you see where it says in pen "know?"		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER. All my life "QUESTION Do you know Rashon's cell phone number?	
[7] [8] [9] 10] 11] 12] 13] 14] 15] 16] 17] 18] 19] 20] 21]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rashon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs" Did you write that in there or who wrote that in there? Can you see where it says in pen "know?" THE DEFENDANT Yeah.		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER All my life "QUESTION Do you know Rashon's cell phone number? ANSWER. No, but it should be in my cell phone book.	
[7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] (22] (22) (23)	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rashon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs" Did you write that in there or who wrote that in there? Can you see where it says in pen "know?" THE DEFENDANT Yeah. THE COURT: You wrote that?		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [20] [21] [22]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER. All my life "QUESTION Do you know Rashon's cell phone number? ANSWER. No, but it should be in my cell phone book. "QUESTION: Did you take or receive	
[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [19] [20] [21] [22] [22] [23] [24] [25]	See where I am? "Were both the automatics the same size? One was bigger and the other was smaller." THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: "QUESTION. Had you ever saw those guns before? "ANSWER. No. "QUESTION Did either Montez or Rasbon call anybody while inside the house? "ANSWER: No, not while I was with them upstairs, but I don't know" well, somebody wrote know "about when I went downstairs" Did you write that in there or who wrote that in there? Can you see where it says in pen "know?" THE DEFENDANT Yeah. THE COURT: You wrote that? THE DEFENDANT Yeah		[6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [12] [13] [14] [15] [16] [17] [18] [20] [21] [22] [22]	"QUESTION: Describe Montez. "ANSWER: Dark-skinned, about five feet eight inches, beard, low cut. "QUESTION: Describe Rashon. "Tall. About six-feet three-inches, light-skinned, facial hair and beard "QUESTION: How long have you known Rashon? "ANSWER: About ten years "QUESTION How long have you known Montez? "ANSWER. All my life "QUESTION Do you know Rashon's cell phone number? ANSWER. No, but it should be in my cell phone book. "QUESTION: Did you take or receive anything from the trash bag?	

17 (page 65 - 68)

Darr	yl Rigney			12	12, 20, 2015
		Page 69			Page 70
; ::	from the second floor bedroom, why didn't you		1 1	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
[2]	just leave after hearing the conversation in		10	THE COURT And did you sign each page'	
¥3;	the bedroom?		131	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
141	"ANSWER I was waiting because they		14	THE COURT And at the end you wrote	
:5]	told me that they was going to look out for me		15,	5 30 p.m. on December the 9th?	
[6]	when they told me they got me		:6	THE DEFENDANT Yes	
ş ¹	"QUESTION What did they incan by		£2.	THE COURT: Is there anything else that	
14,	telling you they got you?		18	needs to be added, Mr. Sax? Anything else you	
19:	"ANSWER. That they was going to give		163	want to ask at this time?	
, ۱,	me some merchandise. That's why I stayed. I		['0]	MR. SAX: Your Honor, thank you very	
-11:	was waiting for my part of what they said they		\$ 5 1 2	kindly for that opportunity. Not a single	
٠.	was giving me		[12]	thing	
,•	"QUESTION: Is there anything else that		[13	THE COURT. Okay Then could we please	
:	have we not (sic) asked you that you know about		[14,	arraign Mr. Rigney?	
. 71	or may assist us in this" - it should say in		[15]	THE COURT CRIER Yes, Your Honor	
£.	this investigation		[16]	Darryl Rigney, on Common Pleas Court	
. •	"ANSWER. No		[17	docket number CP-51-CR-0009462-2011, to the	
18,	"QUESTION Please read" it should		118:	charge of murder in the third degree, how do	
1191	say this five-page statement "over		[19	you plead?	
120	completely Make any corrections or additions		(20)	THE DEFENDANT. Guilty	
,2*1	as necessary. Then initial any corrections or		(21)	THE COURT CRIER. To the charge of	
1/2	additions that was needed. Afterwards, sign		[22]	murder in the third degree, how do you plead?	
(23)	each page. Do you understand this?		[23]	THE DEFENDANT. Guilty	
24	"ANSWER Yes"		[24]	THE COURT CRIER To the charge of	
(25,	And did you understand that?		[25]	robbery, how do you plead"	
	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	<u> </u>	Page 71			Page 72
[:]	THE DEFENDANT Guilty		[1]		. 190 . 2
(2)	THE COURT CRIER. To the charge of		[2]		
:31	robbery, how do you plead?		[3]		
[4]	THE DEFENDANT: Guilty		[4]	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.	
(%)	THE COURT CRIER. To the charge of		[5]	THE COURT. Do you have any questions	
115	criminal conspiracy, how do you plead?		[6]	for me at this time?	
; ?	THE DEFENDANT Guilty		[7]	THE DEFENDANT No	
٠,	THE COURT CRIER Your Honor, the		[8]	THE COURT I'm not going to give you a	
3.	defendant at the bar of the court pleads guilty		[9]	copy of this Memorandum of Agreement 1 am	
164	to all charges; Bills of Information have been		1.0	sure that you would rather not have it with you	
į t ti	signed		[:1]	in the prison. Am I correct or incorrect?	
1.2:	THE COURTS AND		1121	THE DEFENDANT. Correct.	
[13]			[13]	THE COURT: Are you presently in the	
; 14]			[*4]	prison with either of these two individuals	
3;	diensie Z. de Espliit		í*5,	against whom you would be testifying?	
1.5	Tabe I guess you will be		1163	THE DEFENDANT No	
[* 7	waiting to be questioned in other detail by Mr.		117;	THE COURT. If there should be any	
118:	Sax and/or the detections reporting your		118:	issue with any threats to your safety, you	
[19]	testimony that		[19]	should either call your attorney and let him	
[20]			[20]	know that immediately or call and let Mr Sax	
(21)			[21]	know And I don't know that you have his phone	
122]			(22)	number	
.23	THE DEFENDANT Yes		123	MR. SAX He will right now	
· z 4 ·	THE COURT. As you know, or as I've		[24]	THE COURT Or that you would want his	
` .	told ye		[25]	card, but I would say to call Mr Santaguida	
	Megan Soulc, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029			Mcgan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	

Guilty Plea Volume 1 May 28, 2013

		Page 73		P	age 74
(:)	right away and he will contact Mr Sax And		[1]	MR SANTAGUIDA What happened, I guess	
[2]	you could also call my chambers if you wanted		[2]	when Bethea and the other guy got their	
[3]	to and let us know if there are any threats or		[3]	discovery, they got the statement. They passed	
[4]	any other such things that occur based on your		[4]	that statement around the prison, which is how	
5]	agreement here. Do you understand that?		[5]	that clown probably knows some of the facts of	
6]	THE DEFENDANT Yes		[6]	the case. But, you know, he'll deal with it	
7]	MR. SAX. Your Honor		[7]	He's a big guy.	
3)	THE COURT. Do you have any questions		(8)	THE COURT: Well, if there's anybody at	
2) 2)	at all?		[9]	all that is saying anything to you that you	
ci	THE DEFENDANT No, I don't		[10]	feel that your safety is possibly at issue,	
1]	MR. SAX: In the regard of Mr. Rigney's		[11]	call and let Mr Santaguida know and	
-; 2]	safety, so I have as big of a manilla envelope		[12]	appropriate measures will be taken to the	
	as I could find and with thick Magic Marker		[13]	extent possible.	
3] 4]	indicated Mr Rigney's photo number, or PID		[14]	THE DEFENDANT: Okay	
	number I guess they call them now, to be		[15]	THE COURT. Okay	
5)	separated from both Mr Bethea, and his PID		[16]	MR. SANTAGUIDA. Thank you, Judge.	
6] 71	number, and Mr. James, and his PID number, that		[17]	THE COURT. Thank you.	
7]	they should remain separate at all times		[18]	MR. SAX: CFN?	
8}	-			THE COURT: I guess that you are you	
9]	THE COURT. Okay And if there's any		[19] [20]	going to have Miss Selber sign this?	
0]	other individuals that those two people know.		[21]	MR. SAX: I will and I'll bring it back	
1]	And what about the person who - is there ==		•	here. Also, can I have a copy of the most	
21	anybody else that you have any concerns about?	-	[22]	fully edited and amended that I think you're	
3]	THE DEFENDANT. No.		[23]	holding?	
4]	THE COURT: If you do, you should let	* *	1[24]	•	
5]	Mr. Santaguida know. Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029		[25]	THE COURT: Yes. I'm going to give Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
	*** **********************************	Page 75			Page 7
1	this to you.		[1]	CERTIFICATE	
2}	MR. SANTAGUIDA. Thank you.		[2]	. >	
3]	THE COURT: Do you have a second, Mr.		[3] [4]	I hereby certify that the proceedings	
4]	Santaguida?		[5]	and evidence are contained fully and accurately	
5]	MR. SANTAGUIDA 1 do.		[6]	in the notes taken by me on the trial of the	
5]	THE COURT: Mr Brechemin, can you give		[7]	above cause, and that this copy is a correct	
7]	this to Mr Sax, please? That's the one that's		[8]	transcript of the same.	
B]	the most up to date, and if you would make		[9]		
9]	copies of that after Miss Selber signs it. And		[10]		
0)	I'd like that today, Mr. Sax.		[11]	Megan M. Soule, RMR, CRR	
1}	MR. SAX: It will be here today		[12]	magain in wasia, thin it at it.	
2]	(Hearing concluded at this time.)			The foregoing certification of this transcript	
3;	,			does not apply to any reproduction of the same by	
4]				any means unless under the direct control and/or	
15]				direction of the certifying court reporter	
-,			[17] [18]		
161					
-			1191		
17]			[19] [20]		
17] 18]			,		
17] 18]			[20]		
17] 18] 19] 20]			[20] [21] [22] [23]		
17] 18] 19] 20]			[20] [21] [22] [23] [24]		
16; 17] 18] 19] 20] 21] 22]			[20] [21] [22] [23]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029	
17] 18] 19] 20]			[20] .[21] .[22] [23] [24] [26]	Megan Soule, RMR, CRR (215) 683-8029 Reporting System (Cemerated 2013/05/06 18 19:31)	

19 (page 73 - 76)

Afficiavit

6-18-17

I did in fact armed at 1621 goods. That, after the fact, I tame to the house because rigney send he had some manyuana.

I received mumerous letters from claryl ligney beginny is 2013 ordinating that he had to the poten and in court.

I had no pre: crumer folsi consider that would prevented me from textyying, no chet il make any prior inconsistent statements.

Had my atterny advise me to tedify, I would of testified that their was no screen door and the deer was decked and shut, when the police kicked the door in

Also had I testified I would of teld the gudge that I was not one of the must enside the cadulate that committed or was employed in the muders.

actually, I was on the phone will me ligary, at the time these

I also would of techfood that the punk tag belong to south Reese who was their tely sitting, I also would of textified that I was managed

the contents monde the penh bay. Before tried I suffermed my atternay that it would like to testify about smith his king the penh bay.

When the same about the server shore came up, I told my attorney I wanted to be lety because they become they are the are they are the are they are the are they are the are they are t

Then was nowing I could of there on the phone with rigney and at redness their shorting people at the exact same time. I also told my atterny that rigney called me in the morning of the crime

The undersogned does hereby state that the facts in the attached statement are true and correct to me true and correct to the best of my knewledge, information and belief and that it impact to be able to prove the same of a hearing held in this smaller it understand that the statements herein are nock subject to the penalties of 18 14. U.S 3 4904 (relating to unswiren fillation to cuthorities.

618.17

Menter Bether

		PHILAI	ELPHIA	CASE NO. MIC)-285
INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW RE	CORD PO	LICE DE	PARTMENT	MTERVIEWER Det Hesser	
INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW RE	10010		E DIVISION		
NAME	AGE	011110111	RACE	DOB	
Robert Williams	24		B/M	4 24-86	
ADDRESS	APAR	THENT NO.		PHONE NO	
4315 Pennsgrove St Phila 19104				215-847-160	3
NAME OF EMPLOYMENT/SCHOOL	1			SOC. SEC NO.	
Partnership for Success				179-66-1152	
ADDRESS OF EMPLOYMENT/SCHOOL	DEPA	RIMENT		PHONE NO	
901 E. Pleasant Ave	Cust	odian		267-584-285	2
DATES OF PLANNED VACATIONS			-	.1.,	
DATES OF PLANNED BUSINESS TRIPS NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE					
DATES OF PLANNED BUSINESS TRIPS NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADORESS				PHONE NO. 215-426-810	10
DATES OF PLANNED BUSINESS TRIPS NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother)				PHONE NO. 215-426-810	IO TIME
NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADDRESS 1515 Jessup Way PLACE OF INTERVIEW		10)4	215-426-810	
DATES OF PLANNED BUSINESS TRIPS NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADDRESS 1515 Jessup Way		10)4	215-426-810 DATE	TIME
NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADDRESS 1515 Jessup Way PLACE OF INTERVIEW Police Headquarters, Homicide Unit		10)4	215-426-810 DATE 12-8-10	10:50PM
NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADDRESS 1515 Jessup Way PLACE OF INTERVIEW Police Headquarters, Homicide Unit BROUGHT IN BY		10)4	215-426-810 DAYE 12-8-10 DATE	10:50PM
NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADDRESS 1515 Jessup Way PLACE OF INTERVIEW Police Headquarters, Homicide Unit BROUGHT IN BY Police WE ARE QUESTIONING YOU CONCERNING	plack female inside			215-426-810 DATE 12-8-10 DATE 12-8-10	10:50PM
NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE Patricia Williams (Mother) ADDRESS 1515 Jessup Way PLACE OF INTERVIEW Police Headquarters, Homicide Unit BROUGHT IN BY Police	black female inside			215-426-810 DATE 12-8-10 DATE 12-8-10	10:50PM

M10-285/286

- Q. Mr. Williams, my name is Detective Hesser, are you known by any other names?
- A. My friends call me Block.
- Q. Are you under the influence of any drugs or alcohol at this time?
- A. No.
- Q. Do you read, write and understand the English language?
- A. Yes.
- Q. How far did you go in school?
- A. 11th Grade
- Q. Mr. Williams, are you the owner of a white 2002 Cadillac PA tag # HPG2737 VIN#1G6KD54Y42U186781?
- A. Yes, but not legally. I bought the car around the beginning of November of this year from Leonard York, a friend of mine. I paid him \$4500. Dollars for the car but it's still in his name. I never transferred it over to my name yet.
- Q. When was the last time that you saw the car?
- A. When the cops had it at Montgomery and Judson.
- Q. Why did the Police have the car?

+ Robert Mothers

A. I didn't really know, but the cops told me that it might have something to do with a Homicide.

RP42

INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW RECORD

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

CONTINUATION SHEET

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Robert Williams M10-285/286 Page #2

Q. Did you park the car where the Police had it stopped?

A. No.

Q. How did the car get to that location?

A. Earlier today around 11:30 maybe 12:00PM I traded cars with a friend of mine, his name is TEZ. I let him hold my car and he let me hold his car. That was the last time I saw my car until I saw the cops with it.

Q. What kind of car did TEZ give you to use today?

A. It was a 2002 Gran Marquis, it's gold. I think he said that the car was in his aunt's name. I don't know her name but he told me that paperwork was in the glove compartment.

O. When was the last time that you spoke to TEZ?

A. I called him around 12:30PM and told him where my paperwork was in the car. That was the last time I talked to him. When we traded cars was the last time I saw him until I got here. I saw him down here tonight.

Q. How did you know where to find the car?

A. My girlfriend, Timia Tribble, called me because she said she got a call and someone told her that I was pulled over at Judson and Montgomery. I told her that I wasn't pulled over in my car, I told her that I didn't have my car, that I traded my car for the day with TEZ. After I talked with her I called Leonard and told him what happened and that the car was pulled over and I was gonna meet him at his mom's house that I needed him to come with me to try to get the car back. I went to my girlfriend's house at 2517 N 25th Street and got the title and then I got Leonard at his mom's house and we went to Judson and Montgomery and I saw that the cops had the car.

Q. Where were you at when you got the call from your girlfriend?

A. On my way back from South Street. I got a parking ticket down there today on TEZ's car at like 4th or 5th and South Street. The time on the ticket was 1:36PM.

Q. What happened when you and Leonard got to Judson and Montgomery?

A. I went to one of the Police officers and asked to talk to him. I told him that the white Cadillac was my car and that it was in Leonard's name. He told me to wait and he talked to another cop. The other cop asked us who's car it was and we told him the same thing then he told us that we had to go to Homicide because the car is under investigation. I told the cops that I traded cars today and showed him the car we pulled up in but he said we still had to go to Homicide. They put us in the back seat and brought us here.

Q. Was anyone else with TEZ when you gave him the car?

A. No.

Q Was anyone else with TEZ when you called him?

A. Not that I know.

Q. How long have you known TEZ?

i

A. Like 6 months, I see him almost every day.

Q I am showing you a single color photograph of a black male, Do you know this person?

A. That's TEZ (Identifying a photograph of Montez Bethea PPN 761764)

RR43

 INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW RECORD	CTITY OF PHILADELPHIA
CONTINUATION SHEET	POLICE DEPARTMENT

Robert Williams M10-285/286 Page #3

Q. Is this the person that you have been referring to in this statement as the person that had possession of your Cadillac?

A. Yes.

Q. Has anyone told you anything about a murder that occurred today?

A. No.

Q. Did you try to call TEZ after you found out that the car had been stopped by the Police?

A Yea, I got no answer.

Q. Did you call him from your cell phone?

A. Yea.

Q What number did you call him at?

A I called him at his cell phone, I don't know the number from the top of my head, but it's in my phone. (Witness checks his phone) I called him at 3:26PM at 215-526-1798.

Q. Did you try any of IEZ's friends?

A. No, I don't know his friends.

Q. Whose idea was it to trade cars today?

A. TEZ's, he asked me if he could hold my car and I told him OK, but I would need his because I had to do things today. He's asked me before but we never did it before. I have traded my car with other people before though.

O. Did TEZ say why he wanted to use your car today?

A. No.

Q. Is there anything that you can add to what you have told me?

A. No.

Q. As the person who is claiming ownership of the Cadillac would you be willing to sign a consent to a search of the vehicle?

A. Yes.

Q. Please read this 2 page statement. Make any corrections or additions that are necessary and then sign the bottom of each page when this statement is complete and correct. Do you understand this?

A. Yes.

× Rolf Welling

RR44



Philadelphia Police Department

TEZZ

EVENT#:

270197031

PID#:

761764

NAME:

MONTEZ

BETHEA

ARREST DATE:

Jul 9 2010 8:54AM

AGE AT ARREST:

31

HEIGHT:

508

WEIGHT:

160

HAIR COLOR:

BLACK

EYE COLOR:

BROWN

Phil

Arrestee DATABASE







FOR INVESTIGATION ONLY NOT FOR IDENTIFICATION DESTROY AFTER 90 DAYS

Printed Philadelphia PD: 12/8/2018 6:17 F.M.

			PHILA	ADFLPHIA	CASE NO MIC	3 285
NVESTIC	GATION I	NTERVIEW RECORD	POLICED	EPARTMENT	INTERVIEWER	riu, nu matarinigina ji qejirin etinganyaya metrobobo adazi as
			ROMICI	DE DIVISION	Det Serrano #	8141
NAME		The second secon	AGE	RACE	BOG	Control of the Control of the Control
P/O Alvin C	Jutlaw #712	1 PR#258598				
ADDRESS			APARTMENT NO		PHONE NO.	
22 [™] district			1	-		
NAME OF EMPL	OYMENT/SCHO	DOL .			SOC SEC NO.	
ADDRESS OF E	MPLOYMENTA	SCHOOL	DEPARTMENT	ى دەخىرىيىنى يېزىنىيىنى ئىندىنىيىنىنىڭ ئىندىنىنىڭ ئىندىنىنىڭ ئۇرۇپىلى ئىندۇپىدى ئارىۋىيى بىرىرىيەر. ««	PHONE NO	
DATES OF PLAN	NNED VACATIO	NS			. L	
DATES OF PLAN	NNED BUSINES	S TRIPS		11 to p = 10 to 10		titelite (titelite) jäälilija ayaantiine siiraa ayaa ayaa aasaa aasaa aasaa aasaa aasaa aasaa aasaa aasaa aasa
DATES OF PLAN		S TA:PS	grandinanan grandin grandin saman si untan	n er		
NAME OF CLOS		S TA:PS		n ne	PHÔNE NO	
NAME OF CLOS	E RELATIVE	STRIPS			PHONE NO	TIME
NAME OF CLOS ADDRESS PLACE OF INTE	RYIEW				DATE 12-08-10	TIME 6:45PM
NAME OF CLOS ADDRESS PLACE OF INTE HOMICIDE BROUGHT IN B	RYIEW				DATE	1
NAME OF CLOS ADDRESS PLACE OF INTE HOMICIDE BROUGHT IN B	RVIEW 750 Race	Street			DATE 12-08-10	6:45PM
NAME OF CLOS ADDRESS PLACE OF INTE HOMICIDE BROUGHT IN 81 SCII WE ARE QUEST	RVIEW 750 Race	ONCERNING			DATE 12-08-10	6:45PM
NAME OF CLOS ADDRESS PLACE OF INTE HOMICIDE BROUGHT IN B Self WE ARE QUEST () Ouble Hon	RVIEW 750 Race Proving you'c	Street			DATE 12-08-10 DATE	6:45PM TIME
NAME OF CLOS ADDRESS PLACE OF INTE HOMICIDE BROUGHT IN 81 SCII WE ARE QUEST	RVIEW 750 Race Proving you'c	ONCERNING			DATE 12-08-10	6:45PM

- () Other, what is your tour of duty and assignment for today?
- A. Working 9am to SPM as 22school beat 7 using RPC 22 T2.
- Q Did your tour take you to the area of 3001 Redner Street?

A Yes, I was responding to a R/C Gunshots in the area of 30th and Oxford Ave. Upon my arrival there were other units on location. I observed several officers coming out of another apartment after they cleared it. At that time, I noticed a female walk up to P/O Forrest. She told P/O Forrest that police were not at the right location. She then pointed at 3001 Rednor and stated to us, "That's where the gun shot came from" I along with other officers went to this location and observed the door open. The door to the upstairs was also opened. We went in and upon checking the location, located the bodies of an unknown male and unknown female. I helped secured the scene and I left the building attempting to located the female who spoke to P/O Forrest. I saw her go into the corner house on the 3000 Redner I knocked on the door and she did answer. I asked her if it was okay that I come in and she said yes. I asked her what exactly did she see. She then stated, I didn't say anything, it was my aunt. Then she pointed to an older lady sitting in the living room. I asked this lady what she saw, and she then became refuctant to talk to us answering questions with questions. She eventually said she heard the gunshots and saw a couple guys leaving and didn't see anything else. We asked her if she can come to Homicide and she stated to say "I'm not saying anything else". She started crying after I told her that there were two bodies found. But still she still refused to talk to the detectives and she went upstairs. I asked the tirst lemale it we changed out of our uniform would her aunt talk to us. She replied it might work. So t left and me and P/O Forcest put on plain clothes and returned to the home. However, now she was telling us I didn't see anything. She was obviously scared

Q. Ind you identify the female that pointed out the right location?

A No she refused to give me her name.



•	- A/	rate 7	
INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW RECORD	POLICE	ADELPHIA DEPARTMENT DE DIVISION	CASE NO. MIO 285/286 INTERVENIEN DIE STALLOCK YOLG
Mizaster Johnson J.	AGE	RACE	000
AODRESS	APARTMENT NO.		SHONE NO
NAME OF EMPLOYMENT/SCHOOL			SOC SEC NO.
ADDRESS OF EMPLOYMENT/SCHOOL	DEPARTMENT	The Property September of the Parket of the	PHONE NO
DATES OF PLANNED VACATIONS		erich gastiff die voorden de sond die voordings soon en voorde	
DATES OF PLANNED BUSINESS TRIPS			
NAME OF CLOSE RELATIVE	بياب ماسين جاني و الماس		
ADDRESS	an Maan kaale kaantii aakeenaan ay ka		PHONE NO
PLACE OF INTERVIEW			DATE 12/10/10 TIME 40 (AM)
BROUGHT IN BY			DATE TIME AM PM
WE ARE QUESTIONING YOU CONCERNING	3.61	1 0 1	M- St.
WARNINGS GIVEN BY		Live Cot (1	DATE TIME AM
ANSWERS			PM
(1) (2) (3)	(4)	(5)	(6) (7)
Calli Schwer were	- /AU	present	inside vour
home on livedires dos	las	1	2616 m/4.1
	(~	e Redon 142
A shorting accuracy	<u> </u>	. 3020	C) (CE(1,4,7 -3)
Ca Did you here	wayth	ain un	usual that
afternoon at	200	fail.	2.50 gra?
it head I hea	rd a	unshot	s II was
over nine que	hots 1		
After hearing th	e gu	nshots e	did you HAPPEN
too see anyth	urg ?		77
COND CHECKED BY	ful	4/2.	QQ47 10
WEWED BY	7	1	T. H.

INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW RECORD	CITY OF PHILADELPHIA
CONTINUATION SHEET	POLICE DEPARTMENT
Lester Johnson	Z M/0-582/588
A. Thappened to peep	at the window and
I saw a white	Cadillac sped of
that went north	from the intersection
.	st. I was able to
H	se ter number of the
Gor which I wo	\
down HP7-27	<i>i</i>
	s in between that
It looked like a fo	irly new Cadillac.
	1
note that you war	la Mi a La La I
numbros the cud	16.2
A. Yes Chilness prese	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
curiting of the part	ial tay number observed)
Di Could you see the	drive or occupants
A of the Cadillace	
t: No	
- $ -$	
X Listes Johnson fee	
<i>C</i>	
	K K48